How grand visions failed the US poor, Page 4

No. 30,320

EUROPE'S BUSINESS NEWSPAPER Tuesday August 25 1987

D 8523 A

World News

MX missile tests halted 'because of faults'

The MX missile, front-line strategic nuclear weapon of the US. has serious problems with its guidance system and as a result one third of MXs already de-ployed are not operational, a congressional report said. The faults have led to a temporary suspension of MX test flights and an internal Penta-

gon investigation to resolve the problems with the missile's ac-curacy - supposedly its chief strength. Page 14 Superchip pact sought Japan called for more co-operarien, not competition, in the worldwide race to find a com-mercially viable superconduc-tor - a blend of materials that would conduct electricity with

negligible power loss at room temperature.

Brokers arrested Japanese police arrested five officials of an Osaka brokerage house on suspicion of masterminding a Y23bn (\$16m) fraud involving the London heating

oil futures market. Explanation sought

Spain asked Portugal to explain an incident last week when a Portuguese naval vessel fired on a Spanish trawler after an argument over whether it was fishing in Spanish or Portuguese waters.

Greenpeace protest

Greenneace protesters were re-Greenpeace protesters were re-pelled with high-pressure hoses from a chemical waste ship owned by a Belgian subsidiary of the Chicago-based Chemical Waste Management company-as they tried to chain them-selves to the vessel in the North Sea.

Punjab killings

Sikh gunnen killed a leader of Prime Minister Rajiv Gandhi's Congress (I) Party and police shot dead three extremists in

Canadian rall strike

Canadian railway workers went on strike over wages and job se-curity, halting all passenger and freight trains in Canada and commuter trains in Toronto Page 30

Manila murder charges Two men were charged with the murder on August 2 of Philippines Local Government Secre-tary Jaime Ferrer. Police were nunting four other suspects.

Democracy call

Pravda called for officials' terms in office to be limited as one of several reforms to promote democracy and public ac-countability in the Soviet

Haiti priests stoned

An anti-government priest and four other clergymen went into hiding after their vehicles were stoned north of Port-au-Prince,

Celibacy attacked

More than 100 married Roman Catholic priests, some with their wives and children, began a week-long congress in a town near Rome to press demands that the Vatican modify regulations insisting on clerical celi-

Airport chaos

About 10,000 stranded tourists camped overnight at Palma de Majorca airport, Spain, as char-ter companies worked to clear a flights backlog caused by an air traffic controllers' strike.

Plea for hostages The wives of four foreigners abducted in Moslem west Beirut seven months ago issued a joint appeal in Beirut for the release of their husbands at the start of

Wrestier crushed King Kong Kirk, a 350lb wres-

the Moslem New Year.

Big Daddy, his super-heavy-weight opponent, in front of 2,000 spectators in Great Yar-ics retail chain for \$67.3m. Page mouth, eastern England.

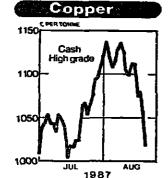
Business Summary

Daf seeks production increases at **UK** plants

DAF of the Netherlands is negotiating about a boost in produc-tion at the UK assembly plants it acquired in April when it took over the Leyland Trucks and Freight Rover van business. The group believes it might be able to increase its US sales of medium weight trucks. Page 5

NOMURA, the world's largest securities firm, began making markets in London in 10 leading UK equities. It expects at least 50 per cent of its business to ome from Japanese investment clients. Page 34

COPPER PRICES on the London Metals Exchange extended last week's sharp fall to reach the lowest levels for more than five weeks and the cash grade A fell



£39.0 to £1,018.50. As weakness sin the New York market en-couraged sellers, London prices were pushed below chart sup-port levels, traders said. Page 22

TOKYO: Investors turned cautious after last week's sharp rises and prices slipped in very thin trading. The Nikkei average dipped 10.66 to 25,754.33. The largest declines were in recently strong large-capitals and steels. Page 34

figures the dollar's exchange rate index fell 0.2 to 101.1. Page 23

STERLING rose in London to close at \$1.6310 (\$1.6290); it also rose to DM2.9625 (DM2.96); to FFr9.9050 (FFr9.90); but fell to FF19.9650 (FF19.96) but left to SF12.44 (SFr2.45); and to Y231.50 (Y232.50). The pound's exchange rate index closed at 146.6. Page 23

BELL RESOURCES, resources arm of Robert Holmes a Court's Bell Group which has recently built up a significant stake it the US oil group Texaco, reported a sharply improved afatertax operating profit of A\$100.3m(US\$71.6m). Page 16

SCHNEIDER, West German television and electronics group, is to buy a 50 per cent stake in Dual, the record player manufacturer, in a complicated transaction indirectly involving Thomson-Brandt, the French electronics group. Page 17

TRANSAMERICAN Natural Gas. second largest natural gas pro-ducer in Texas, has had its reor uncer in rexas, has had its reorganisation plan tentatively approved by a Houston bankruptcy judge, ending more than four years of Chapter 11 proceedings.

NORSK DATA, Norwegian mini-computer group, plans to file a registration statement with the US Securities and Exchange Commission for a public share offering in the US and other countries including Nor-

ATARI Corporation, US persong Riff, a 300th wrest crushed to death by al computer and video game dv. his super-heavy- manufacturer, is to acquire a ics retail chain for \$67.3m. Page

RUDOLF HESS, Adolf Hitler's old Nazi leader may have killed asked if the family, by questionformer deputy, was hurriedly himself.

But the British authorities in ent had tried to commit suicide, buried by his family in a secret

But the British authorities in ent had tried to commit suicide, ent had tried to commit suicide, the may
Taker in Wunsiedel, the mayceremony yesterday to stop ex-tremists turning the planned fu-neral at the family grave tomor-row into a neo-Nazi pilgrimage, writes Peter Bruce in Wunsie-del.

The move ended 24 hours of of death was asphyxiation.
high drama for the Hess family and stunned authorities in this as spokesman for the countries. small, prosperous Franconian town. With the help of hundreds of extra policemen, they had been preparing for an "inva-sion" of neo-fascists on Wednes-

day. Mr Wolf-Ruediger Hess, 49, Mr Wolf-Ruediger Hess, 49, the former Nazi leader's son, collapsed at home on Sunday night after apparently suffering a stroke. He is in intensive care in a Munich hospital. Since his father died in West Berlin last Monday, after more than 40 years as an Allied pris-oner, Mr Hess had questioned

Hasty secret burial for Hess ends day of high drama
RUDOLF HESS, Adolf Hitler's old Nazi leader may have killed asked if the family, by question.

He said the results of a sec- although he had earlier refused asked in the family, by question.

He said the results of a sec- although he had earlier refused asked in the family, by question.

But the British authorities in West Berlin yesterday hardened their earlier hints about suicide by saying "all our evidence...indicates that Hess used an electric extension cord to hang himself and that the cause of death was asphyxiation".

Previously the British, acting as spokesman for the countries

as spokesman for the countries that occupy West Berlin - the US, UK, France and the Soviet Union - had said merely that Hess had been found with an electrical cord around his neck.

Required the solution of the countries are the solution in 1941 on a missipal cord around his neck. Becuase of his illness Mr Wolf-Ruediger Hess was unable woll-Ruediger Hess was unable to attend a press conference he had called for yesterday morning in a Munich hotel. Instead, the family lawyer, Mr Alfred Seidl, who defended Rudolf Hess at the Nuremberg Trials in 1948, arrived to insist that the hurial would take place in Wun-

burial would take place in Wun-

He particularly criticised Bri-

tian, where Hess was first interned when he flew to Scotland in 1941 on a mission to try and persuade London to make peace with Berlin. Hess had undergone "medical torture" in Britain, Mr Seidl said, in reference to the alleged use of truth

drugs.
The British were still refusing to make documents about Hess's imprisonment there public and, he said, they had also played an important role in frustrating efforts to get him resiedel tomorrow at 2pm. frustrating efforts to get him He became agitated when leased from Spandau prison.

were not yet ready, but claimed he had been present at the pribeing vate post mortem and that he nalists that Mr Wieland Hess, a ht-wing had seen signs of pressure on nephew of the former Nazi lead

Hess's neck.

them the room he was found in last week and to let them see the wire discovered around his the spirit of Rudolf Hess's wish.

Arabs struggle

to bridge policy

dispute on Gulf

ARAB LEAGUE foreign ministers were last night labouring to bridge their deep disagreesments over how to deal with threats from Iran and to prevent the Gulf war from spreading.

As the ministers haggled over the fine print of a declaration and Iran.

Iranian Foreign Minister, told Tehran Radio that he hoped Syria would not abandon its support for Iran and criticised threats from Iran and criticised world for trying to drive a wedge between Syria, Libya and Iran.

drawn up yesterday by a seven-man committee, there was in-tense pressure from Iraq and its Gulf allies for a strong condem-

nation of the Tehran Govern- be extremely unlikely to aban-

ment and apparently equal re-luctance on the part of Syria to the war, which stems from offend Iran, which it has sup-ported throughout the seven-year conflict.

Syrian President Hasez al-As-sad and his Irani counterpart,

the fine print of a declaration and Iran.

Later, in Wunsiedel, the may or, Mr Karl Walters, told jour

He said he would not rule out burial had already taken place. the possibilty that someone in Spandau had helped Hess kill Wieland Hess said: It was the himself. If he did it himself or last will of Rudolf Hess that his whether someone helped him I burial be performed with dignicannot say."

Mr Seidl said the family had asked the Allies, who now plan

the wire discovered around his the spirit of Rudolf Hess's wish. He was buried quietly".

The lawyer refused to answer questions about an alleged contract between the Hess family and the Axel Springer publishing group, which is understood to have bought the "rights" to the Hess story. He claimed he knew feared strong right-wing reaction.

Saddam Hussein.
Any suggestion from Iraq or
Saudi Arabia that Arab states
should consider breaking diplo-

matic relations with Iran is likely to be particularly strongly re-

Failure to agree on a toughly-worded joint declaration will be a significant setback for Sau-di Arabia in particular, which has staked a lot of prestige this week on trying to end the Arab countries' vacilitation over Iran. Prince Saud al-Faisal, the Saudi Foreign Minister, has

which an attack on one Arab

country would be regarded as an attack on them all.

been formally raised yesterday by Somalia, a Saudi ally, Saudi Arabia and Kuwait

The idea was reported to have

Continued on Page 14

English breakfast post haste

By David Thomas in London

GLASNOST, the spirit of open-ness which is stirring up the Soviet Union, has been turned towards the humble British

Mr Anatoly Rubinov, a correspondent for the respected So-viet journal Literaturmaya Gaz-etz. was recently sent to London to study, in his words, 'the much vaunted English postal service " Mr Rubinov's despatch bas

just been published and makes bleak reading for the commis-sars of the Soviet postal sys-

Before getting down to business, however, Mr Rubinov had to cope with culture shock. First came the discovery that the fat red cast-iron pillars along the pavements really were letter-boxes. Then he ran up against Lon-

don's courier services: Inso-lent youngsters dash backwards and forwards across London overtaking limousines. weaving dangerously, fitted out as if they were cosmo-Yet, despite these English

phemonena, the British letter service emerged with high marks from the scrutiny of My Rubinov, who has a reputation for uncovering deficiencies in the Soviet way of doing things.

On arriving in Britain, Mr Rubinov carried out a test: he posted three first class letters from different parts of central London addressed to himself at his botel.

Each carried a different message, the first reminding him: 'Don't forget to have your breakfast, old mate, don't try and save money by going with-out your food." He was impressed to be awo-

ken at eight the next n by a man of African extrac-tion carrying two trays: one with his breakfast and the other with the three letters. Back in Moscow. Mr Rubinov carried out a similar test, send-

ing out 100 letters to addresses around the capital: 'not one ar-rived the following morning, 17 arrived in the evening, 46 Continued on Page 14

Hopes rise for start to negotiations on South African strike

BY JIM JONES IN JOHANNESBURG

HOPES EMERGED yesterday for a resumption of talks to end for a resumption of talks to end the two week strike by black South African gold and coal miners following continued violence which has claimed three lives during the past few days.

Mr Bobby Godsell, the chief labour adviser of Anglo America, one of the leading mine houses, yesterday called on the National Union of Mineworkers (NUM) to return to the negotiating table. By late afternoon the union was preparing its response.

Minister quits

Government

South Africa's only coloured cabinet minister, the Rev Allian Hendrickse, said he was quitting the Government, accusing President P.W. Botha of insensitivity.

The departure of Mr Hendrickse, a minister without portfolio, would leave only one non-within the cabinet.

President Botha frequently at-

age dipped 10.66 to 25,754.33. The largest declines were in recently strong large-capitals and steels. Page 34

WALL STREET: By 2pm the Dow Jones industrial average was up 3.19 at 2,712.69. Page 34

LONDON: The UK securities markets continued their recovery although caution prevailed. A slow start on Wall Street halved the early gains and the market steadied towards the close. The FT-SE index showed a net rise of 19.3 to 2,225.1 and the FT Ordinary index advanced 24.9 to 1,752.1. Details, Page 30

GOLD rose \$3.75 on the London bullion market to close at \$459.75. In Zurich it also rose to \$460.75 (\$454.65). Page 22

Ing table. By tate attermoon the union was preparing its response.

Ing table. By late attermoon the union was preparing its response, in the cabinet. President Botha frequently attacked Mr Hendrickse for critical aparthetid laws and government crackdowns on black union would not go into talks unless they include discussion of the discussion

DOLLAR fell in London to Y141.95 (Y142.70); to DML.8160 (DML.8180); to FFr6.0725 (FFr6.0735); and to SFr1.4965 (SFrL5045). On Bank of England (Surges the Adlers and the increases, ranging from 17 to 23.4 per cent, implemented unitaterally by the employers on July 1, were generous. The over 300,000 workers had left union is demanding increases (FFr6.0735); and to SFr1.4965 (SFrL5045). On Bank of England (Surges the Adlers and the NTIM about how them. had been 'expensive for us,' ad- workers have returned.

Minister quits

Mr Godsell said that "the majority of employees had begun reporting for work at Anglo American's gold mines and some of its collieries. About 14,000 miners in the Orange Free State had been given a deadline of yesterday to return to work or free the presence of to work or face the prospect of dismissal One man was killed and nine

injured as large numbers began reporting for work at the Presireporting for work at the Fresi-dent Steyn mine in the Orange Free State early yesterday morning. Two men were killed at the Western Areas mine on Saturday night in what the com-pany said was fighting between workers and a strike committee.

The NUM said that the vio-lence at President Steyn began after men had refused to return to work and mine security forces had fired rubber bullets at strikers. It added that vio-lence which left an undisclosed number of men injured at Gen-cor's Kinross gold mine had followed the teargassing of men who had refused to work

strike." He declined to say how Mines reported that Teba, its much production had been lost or specify which of Anglo's sent more than 1,000 Basotho men to the mines from Lesotho. Mr James Coetzer, Teba's Maseru office manager, said that thousands of unemployed Basothos were thronging his office seeking work on the South Afri-

year conflict. In New York, Mr Mohammad Jawad Larijani, the Iranian Deputy Foreign Minister, held talks with Mr Javier Perez de Cuellar, the United Nations Secretary General, about Iran's attitude towards the Security Council ceasefire resolution passed in July. Iran has so far neither accepted nor rejected the ceasefire demand. A UN spokesman said the talks had been friendly and useful and would continue tomorrow. morrow. Mr Tariq Aziz, the Iraqi Foreign Minister, told journalists gone further than ever before in in Tunis during a break in the emergency session: There is a strong desire among the majority of Arsh delegations to take a Yesterday the Chamber of emergency session: There is a strong desire among the majori-ty of Arab delegations to take a strong attitude against Iranian

aggression and expansionist policy vis-a-vis Iraq, Kuwait and Saudi Arabia." But the Iranians - clearly irked by the hostile tone of the Tunis meeting - appeared to be exerting direct pressure on Syria not to go along with any hardline statement. Mr Ali Akbar Velayati, the

Western creditors declare N Korea in formal default

BY STEPHEN FIDLER, EUROMARKETS CORRESPONDENT, IN LONDON

formal default on a major part and Banking Group.
of its commercial debt. The two bank groups, com-

The declaration clears the prising about 140 lenders, are markets, trade which they cou way for the banks to seek writs working closely together in an jeopardise with court action. in the London High Court to al-low the seizure of North Korean banks come from most western assets in the UK, including gold countries except the US, where the Government is thought to banks are forbidden by law to hold in the vaults of London have dealings with North Ko-

Court action would then be likely to follow in other coun-tries where North Korea is be-

Formal default is rarely declared against a sovereign bor-rower and has, in fact, never been called against any country since the Third World debt crisis was triggered in 1982.

sis was triggered in 1902.
Strictly speaking, it can be called if any repayment of principal or interest is late, but bankers usually prefer to negotiate some kind of settlement. been called into formal default reflects the banks frustration in dealing with the borrower. The loans in default total some DM1.4bn (\$2.57bn) lent by two bank syndicates in the mid-

NORTH KOREA'S Western 1970s, one led by Morgan Gren-commercial bank creditors fell of the UK and the other by have declared the country in the Australian and New Zeal-

After several reschedulings. the last in 1984, North Korea's last repayment on either loan was in March 1984. Before that, lieved to hold assets, such as was in March 1984. Before that, Switzerland, France and Ausinterest payments were irregular. lar and banks have never received any repayment of princi-

North Korea's only other major commercial debts are thought to be to Japanese creditors, thought to be owed DM1-2bn. It is not clear what will be the Japanese reaction to the default declaration.

North Korea does not have assets.

tonnes, worth about \$30m. may be exported monthly to Western markets, trade which they could

Bankers close to the issue, who asked not to be identified, said it had become clear in recent talks that North Korea had wanted new funds from the banks. In view of the North Korean payments record, they were unwilling to go along with

The action is being taken in London because English law governs the loan agreements. There is an advantage to the banks in that writs do not have to be served in person to be effective, as in some other jurisdictions.

The bankers said they had been advised that obtaining the writs was unlikely to be a lengthy procedure. There would, for example, probably er of all the country's foreign

ate some kind of settlement. Under the default proce-would, for example, probably The fact that North Korea has dures, the banks called last be little difficulty in establish month for all overdue payments ing questions of ownership be-to be made. If this is not done cause the Communist Governwithin a specified time, usually ment would presumably be 30 days, then a default declara- deemed the borrower and own-

> Australia: Hawke confronts Labor policy on privatisation . World Trade: Latin Americans woo the

> Management: Ticino's climate of enter-UK motor trade: A better hand but for fewer dealers Editorial comment: Diversion at Brit-

Caribbean states.

Technology: Cutting the cord liberates

Arab fears grow, Page 3; oil prices slide, Page 14 **Futures. Options.** How to know if your company

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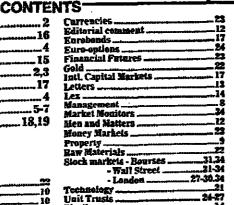
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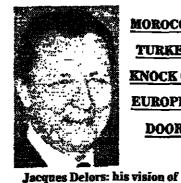
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Agriculture Arts - Reviews

Companies.





appeals to outsiders, Page 14

MOROCCO,

TURKEY DOOR

KNOCK ON **EUROPE'S**

a more cohesive Community

ish Coal; Italy's summer manoeuvres ... Foreign Affairs: The race for the US presidency ... Lex: Dollar; Harris Queensway; Pleacoupon,

Tel: Phillips & Drew Futures Limited.

Big fall forecast in cost of N-reprocessing

THE COST of reprocessing cycling plants was written off.
used nuclear fuel will fall by
30-40 per cent by the end of
the century, according to
Cogena, the French stateowned company which is currently the world's main reprocessor.

The following plants was written off.
account for around 80 per cent
of the FFr 3bn-FFr 4bn world
tonnes a year, following the
entry into service of reprocessing plants in Japan, West
cogena, the French stateprice differential between reprocessing and storing spent
said.

Cogena's La Hague reprocessor.

The fall should persuade more
of the FFr 3bn-FFr 4bn world
tonnes a year, following the
entry into service of reprocessing plants in Japan, West
Cogena officials said that a
Germany, the UK and France.
Mr Jean-Pierre Capron, director of France's Atomic
in favour of the former, he told cessing plant, which is being
in favour of the former, he told cessing plant, which is being
a countries of the FFr 3bn-FFr 4bn world
tonnes a year, following the
entry into service of reprocessing plants in Japan, West
Germany, the UK and France.

Mr Jean-Pierre Capron, director of France's Atomic
Energy Commission, added that
were considering doing so. A
were considering doing so. A
reprocessing narket. "Our
reprocessing capacity of 4,000
ciose to 125,000 tonnes by the
entry into service of reprocessing plants in Japan, West
Cogena officials said that a
countries
of the FFr 3bn-FFr 4bn world
control tonnes a year, following the
entry into service of reprocessing plants in Japan, West
Cogena officials said that a
cogena, the fall should persuade more
company which is currently the world's main reprocessor.

The fall should persuade more
company which is currently the world's main reprocessor.

level of FFr 6.000 (£60) a kilogram to between FFr 3,600 and FFr 4,200 as the investments

Croupiers

strike for

better odds

THE ROULETTE wheels have spun to a halt at the third most important casino on the French Riviera just two weeks after it was taken over by an

Anglo-French consortium. All 130 crouplers and gambling staff at the Palm Beach Casino

staff at the Palm Beach Casino in Cannes have gone on strike, claiming that the wheel of fortune is coming to rest too often in management's favour. Ostenathly, the dispute is about the introduction of fruit machines and a miniature version of roulette known as "roulette anglaise."

The croupiers, who are un-salaried and make their

money from tips, say that the innovations are lowering the tene of the establishment by attracting "a different sort of clientele."

Perhaps more to the point is their claim that the new games will increase profitability for the casino to the detriment of their pockets.

They rue the day, three years age, they signed an agreement giving management a 10 per cent kick-back on their

allowed for the first time in France after much public debate. The fad for mini-roulette, involving a small table for only seven players, with just one croupler, is coincidental.

coincidental.

Normally at this time of year the casino is packed with high-spending tourists and Gulf Arabs dispensing

and caur Arass dispensing their petro-wealth in the traditional way at the hig tables. But so far, it has been a poor season, with most Middle Eastern visitors keeping an uncharacteristic

ences in the common pursuit of profits, wealth and happi-

The resort's problems have been exacerbated by the deci-sion of King Fahd to call

nom of Ring raind to can home all the helidaying Sandi royalty, whose depar-ture last week from their hillside palaces here caused an immediate downturn in

an immediate downturn in the resort's economy. Palm Beach Casino is one

of seven throughout France

now owned and managed by the Societe des Hotels et

easino in France, at Divonne, group formed as the result of

a deal between British and Commonwealth holdings and

leading French industrialist

Lucien Barriere. Its port-folio includes the premier casino in France, at Divonne,

as well as one each at Trouville and Enghein. Combined

turnover is more than half the

nation's annual £85m gaming

All that a spokesman for

the management would say yesterday was that installa-

tion of the new games was

Portuguese trade gap

Portugal's trade gap widened by 48.6 per cent in the first haif of this year, reaching a total deficit of Es 273.7bm

(£1.16bn), writes Diana Smith Imports grew by 26.9 per cent to a total of

Es 889.4bn, while exports went up 18.9 per cent to

processing and storing spent fuel would move substantially in favour of the former, he told a conference in Paris on nuclear fuel reprocessing and waste management.

Mr Aycoberry said that other reprocessing plants coming on stream did not represent a competitive threat for Cogema, which currently claims to said.

Said.

Cazema's La Hague reprocessor of France's Atomic Energy Commission, added that eccor of France's Atomic Energy Commission, added that reprocessing plant could not be reprocessing was "the only reprocessing plant could not be run economically for less than found from the point of view of end of this decade, according to this decade, according to the end of the end

year 2000.
Cogems officials said that a good half dozen countries which at the moment do not reprocess their spent nuclear fuel were considering doing so. A reproposation of the considering doing so. A

place shares in a wide range of public sector industries and ser-vices on the market. These will include five state-owned cement

The first step in the privati-sation operation should come this week when the Government is expected to sell its stake in six blue chip private sector com-panies, including Arcelik, a white goods concern belonging to the Koc Group, the Eregli Iron and Steelworks, and Cuku-rova Elektrik, Turkey's main

private sector power producer. Though prices of other shares dipped on Monday in anticipation of the self-off, the Government's privatisation chief, Mr Cengos Israfit, told reporters that the first sale of stock had been delayed, apparently to prevent any disruption of the market

The sale of equity in the public computes will proceed in several stages, with shares being offered to employees. Turkish workers abroad, and foreign investors. Our saim is to make ordinary people the to secure a reversal of Labor real masters of the Turkish policy, which not only rejects economy, Mr Gazi Said.

There seems little doubt that some of the enterprises—the cement plants and the Tourism Bank hotels for instance—will gulckly find buyers. But there is doubt about the larger and more cumbersome public comporations, such as Petkin.

porations, such as Petkini.

However, the Government's announcement has come at a time of aniprecedented public interest in the Istanbul Stock Exchange on which the shares will be sold. The value of mest of the shares of the shares of the shares of the the companies traded there have been rising so sharply in secent weeks that dealers have been publicly expressing fears of a craft.

lar story.

have believed a year ago.

Gorbachev to visit the US when the two leaders first met in Geneva in November 1985. But Moscow sait a US semmit would be possible only if an arms accord were virtually ready for signing, and, as the superpower arms talks in Geneva dragged on, the second Reagan-Gorbachev meeting was held in Reykjävik last October. After nearing agreement on eliminating all US and Soviet

Ozal pledge on Turkish privatisation programme

By David Barchard in Ankara THE TURKISH Prime Minister Mr Turgut Oral, has promised that full scale privatisation operations will get under way this autumn.

vices on the market. These will include five state-owned cement plants, hotels operated by the Tourism Bank, ground services at Turkish airports, Bogazici Air Freight, a subsidiary of Turkish Airlines, and two large corporations: Sumerbank, the country's largest textiles producer, and Petkim, a petrischemicals corporation with plants outside Istanbul and Izmir.

before the market closed for the weekend.

The rise in the values of The rise in the values of shares of the major companies has proved dizzying for many of them. Anadom Cam. The country's main glass-maker, has seen its shares go up by 957 per cent since the start of the year, while those of Nasas, the main private aluminium producer in Turkey, have gone up by 656 per cent. Most other large concerns can tell a similarge concerns can tell a simi-

If the new-found enthusiasm of Turkish savers for stocks and shares continues, the chances of series of successful privatisa tion operations this autumn will be much greater than most Islamber businessmen would

Hawke confronts Labor policy on privatisation

ANOTHER VINTAGE row is Council of Trade Unions next hreaking out in Australia's month, ruling Labor party, this time over privatisation of govern-negative, and emerged most clearly at the meeting of the prises. It has been definerately victorian branch, which firstarted by Mr Bob Hawke, relected as Prime Minister last

Two tests had to be applied month, and he seems to be revelling in it. "That's the first stanza," he said yesterday in the wake of

a unanimous rejection of privathsation by the Victorian branch of the Labor party over the weekend. "It's early days yet."
Mr Hawke's apparent aim is

privatisation but also calls for "democratic socialisation of industry, production, distribu-tion and exchange." The debate is scheduled to culminate in a decision next June at Labor's biennial conference.

That a reversal is sought

reflects the tightening con-straints on government finances caused by the country's unsac-tainably high current account descit. Put simply, the govern-ment first make its speading noire efficient, and privatisation offers one way of doing it. The process has already been set in motion with the controfroversial announcement that

publicly expressing fears of a dispose of 5thm in assets in the dispose of 5thm in assets in the current financial year.

The market revived strongly on Friday after failing heavily in the finding of the week. Crowds of spectators formed in the street around the Islandial Stock Market huilding, waiting to see how shares performed the company of the most compelling because the government has committed the street around the Islandial Stock Market huilding, waiting to see how shares performed government offices in Sydney Australian Airlines and the the Canberra government will

and Melbourne.

Ten days ago, however, Mr Hawke gave an undertaking that the sale of federal government enterprises and assets would be fully debated within the party before any decision was made. It was apparent that much larger disposals were being contemplated.

being contemplated.
Among the most important
are Quitas, the international
airline, Australian Airlines, one
of two domestic airlines, the
Commonwealth Bank, Telecom
Australia and the Overseas
Telecommunications Commis-

Separately, privatisation moves by Australia's state governments are also on the governments are also on the cards.

Predictably, merchant bankers and brokers are jostling for position as they seek a share in the fees bonanza which would accommon a print of the print of the common of the cards of the cards

pany a substantial privatisation programme. But among Labor activists, reaction has been negative. Some trade union officials have warned that the plan would split the party and say they will work against if. A suggestion has surfaced that funds from a

conference of the Australian can carry it through.

Victorian branch, which Mr Hawke himself addressed.
Two tests had to be applied in determining public ownership, he said. Were significant functions undertaken which the private sector would not perform? If not, what were the dissipantages of retaining disadvantages of retaining public ownership? The question, he insisted, was not whether a given enter-prise should be sold, but

The question. Mr Hawke insists, is not whether an enterprise should be sold, but whether the Government's resources should be tied up in it.

whether the government's re-sources should be tied up in it. Despite his arguments, the conference passed motions against privatisation, including one backed by the Prime Minis-ter's own centre-right party

privately-owned Ansett fly on main trunk routes.

Indeed, there is even some suspicion that Mr Hawke may

decide not to push for the privatisation of other entities in order to be sure of selling off Australian Airlines. Either way, he has been leading from the front on the basic issue, and Mr Paul Reating, the powerful Treasurer who is now preparing next month's budget, has a much lower profile.

For Mr Hawke, this is unusual—normally his preference for "consensus" politics means he steps in at a later stage of a controversy, and as Prime Minister he has rarely initiated what amounts to a tenmouth internal party wrangle.
But Mr Hawke is clearly
bnoyed by the historic third
successive term and the
increased parliamentary
majority which Australian
voters gave labor at the elec-

He quickly followed this victory with a restructuring of the civil service and a highly visible intervention in the con plex exchanges among Labor's entrenched parliamentary fac-tions to secure a Cabinet near national superamuation scheme
be directed into any privatised
entities.

More formal union consideration of the idea will come at a
strong of the idea will come at a
further economic reform if he

Sri Lankan monks to carry identity cards

SRI LANKA'S Buckhist monks make up 70 per cent of the

SRI LANKA'S Buddhist monks will have to carry identity cards issued to shem by the commissioner of buddhist affairs. The the Venerable Chandananda Government will give top priority in the parliamentary time-table to a bill that has in the traditional saffron robe and scores of such "monks" already been drafted, said Mr and scores of such "monks"

E. I. B. Hurulle, Minister of had been involved in the riots.

Culture, speaking from his hospital bed. He was one of the ministers

injured in the grenade attack in parliament on August 18, following an attempt to gun down President Jayewardene. Hundreds of young monks participated in the riots that marked Mr Rajiv Gandhi's visit to Colombo to sign the Inde-Sri Lanks peace accord.

of the "joint operations com-ized" visited the Mahanayake of Asgiriya, Venerable Palipane Chandahanda. the most influential of the islands prelates, in the sacred city of Kandy. Asgiriya and Malwatte, the two main buddhist "chapters," based in Randy, oversee the

Mr Claude Aycoberry, director of reprocessing at Cogema, said yesterday that the price could fall from its current

EC anti-trust rules may blunt red-tape cuts

EUROPEAN Commission competition and abuses," says the gence between anti-trust politic policy and the Commission considers that the framework and technology development.

That warning is a main theme of an independent critique of EC competition policy over the past year by Belmont, a Brussels-based law firm. It the know-how regulation is competition policy over the past year by Belmont, a fears that the Commission deliver in the EC and the US, one of the few areas where the Commission is becompetition policy over the competition policy over the past year by Belmont, a fears that the Commission deliver in the EC and the US. The commendation restrictions for know-how licensing agreements and franchising deals.

The report says that some the scope of competition policy to an industrialists doubt whether to are slike airline and insufference of the know-how regulation is rance, while the federal enforce. The commission are the commission that the franchising reposal is "unnecessarily bad so long as the Commission to restrictions for small businesses and to encourage research collaboration between European enterprises.

"The Commission must be careful to avoid inconsistency"

Another important feature in the sase of for the difference careful to avoid inconsistency and inconsistency.

Another important feature in the server and distributors.

The reson for the difference in anti-trust politic design the Use in the EC and the US, one of the few reas where the Commission is becoming far more active in the scope of competition policy to create a commission is becoming far more active in the scope of competition policy to the sevent on the scope of competition policy to the know-how regulation is respect form in the scope of competition policy to the few reas where the Commission is becoming far more active in the scope of competition policy to the sevent of its campaign to create a coming for more active in the scope of competition policy to the know-how regulation is respect form. The commission is a process and in tr

Bonn row

brews over

Pravda calls for limited terms in office for Soviet officials

paper Pravda yesterday called for choice of candidates for elections the term in office of Soviet officials and a say in decisions about removand a say in decisions about removes the from public organisa-tions for introducing more de-mocracy and public accountability in the country. Reuter reports from public accounts and a say in decisions about removes sentiaries from public organisa-tions, the arts, industry and inde-pendent groups of working people. in the country, Reuter reports from

Prayda also advocated a nationwide public opinion polling system, live television coverage of meetings of government bodies and greater tolerance of minority views. The article, signed by Mr Eduard Kuzmin, an official attached to the

Presidium of the Supreme Soviet, the highest state body, said ex-panded democracy was the essence of the reform drive by Mr Mikhail Gorbachev, the Kremlin leader. "Either democratisation or social mertia, stagnation and conserva-

keeping an low profile.
East: not only meets West across the green baize here.
More than Monte Carlo and Nice, Cames is where tism - this is how the party puts the question today," the newspaper Pravda sharply criticised the So-Iranians, as well as Iraqis, Saudis, Bahrainis, Kuwaitis and Omanis may be seen con-gregating to bury their diferby unanimous vote at meetings of lected assemblies.

scription in the West of the Su- be better assess ubber-stamp body.

The practice has led to the dereme Soviet, or parliament, as a tion of a unified opinion polling sys-

YUGOSLAVIA'S new bankruptcy

law will leave over 4,000 workers in

the republic of Montenegro without jobs, AP reports from Belgrade.

Some 2,100 workers have already

been made unemployed after two

major enterprises, the Titograd con-

BY GEORGE GRAHAM IN PARIS

struction company and the Supija lated losses of more than 19hn di-Stijena lead and zinc mine, shut wars, it said. Union officials have

THE FRENCH economy expanded sharply in the second insee recently forecast growth), panded sharply in the second insee recently forecast growth quarter after stagnating in the of 1.2 per cent for the whole of first three months of the year.

France's gross domestic product

The figures suggest that

lated losses, according to the offi- workers are loss-making.

Second quarter growth

up strongly in France

n last week because of accumu- said that 7,000 firms with 1.5m

It said the public must have a real

Moscow-based officials to other regions and "a procedure through which the stay of officials in their posts would be limited to a term fixed in advance" to improve the workings of government

Mr Gorbachev has quietly pushed for the tenure in office of Commun-ist Party officials to be limited but fixed terms for these jobs have yet to be introduced

Analysis said the Prayda article was a signal that the subject was nn being discussed at a high levagain being discussed at a mighter el. But they said it suggested the problem was being approached in-directly as the newspaper's propesal for limited job terms applied only

to non-party officials.

Many members of the policy-setcause they risked losing their posts.

Pravda said public feeling could ed through the crea-

cial Tanjug news agency.

Tanjug said two more enterprises

in the poor Montenegro region, the

Celuloza paper factory, employing 1,600 people, and the Brakovo mine, with 650 workers, were due to close

The four enterprises had accumu-

The figures suggest that growth for the whole of 1987 may be better than expected.

tween the Government and repre-

Pravda proposed live television broadcasts of meetings of the Sopreme Soviet, ministries and local government bodies - including question-and-answer sessions between the public and government leaders - as a means of enhancing "direct democracy."

It said democracy required a more ethical, just and decent approach to minority opinions.

It added: "In this respect it is important that the state and people as-sociated through their work show patience toward differing, at times even erroneous, points of view and

ting Central Committee are be-lieved to oppose such a move be-themes in Vladimir Lénin's State and Revolution," written by the future founder of the Soviet state in August 1917 and published after the Bolshevik revolution which brought him to power two months later.

Belgrade reform causes job losses

Prime Minister Branko Mikulic, struggling with 105 per cent infla-tion and \$20bn foreign debt, warned in February that unprofitable firms could no longer be bailed out and would have to be shut down.

Tanjug said the unemploye workers would be guaranteed monthly compensation of 41,000 dinars, subsidies for electricity and priority for employment.

The Social Democrats executive

stance on the missiles. "An agreement between the United States and the Soviet Union over the scrapping of land-based medi-uni and short-range missiles must

The Soviet Union has said it would not sign an accord at the su-

Moscow negotiators say becau the nuclear warheads for the short-ranging Pershing rockets are UScontrolled, they are a US weapons

Geneva talks. West Germany has insisted it

Pershings WEST GERMANY's opposition Social Democratic Party said yester-day it would call a special parlia-mentary session to debate the Gov-

mentary session to densus the covernment's insistence on holding on to its ageing Pershing IA missiles.

AF reports from Bonn.

The Social Democrats have claimed Bonn's stance on the rock-

ets is hindering an East-West disarmament agreement at the Geneva arms talks.

board called for the parliamentary debate on the issue in the hope of forcing the Government to after its

that they guarantee the protection of people who appear _ to be in the minority."

uni and short range missiles must not be allowed to be delayed or blocked by (the Bonn Governblocked by (the Bonn Govern-ment's) stance on the Pershing 1A's" the Social Den their petition for a special parlia-

perpowers' Geneva arms talks unless the Pershing IA system was

But the US, backing West Germany and its other Nato partners, has said the missile system is German, and therefore not a part of the

would hold on to the ageing Pershing IAs, and retain the right to

modernise them when they are taken out of service in the early 1990s. Moscow denial over Gorbachev

THE Soviet Union has denied a report that Mr Mikhail Gorbaa report that Mr Mikhail Gorba-chev will visit the US next ranch near Santa Barbara, Cati-month for talks with President forms, and that US efficials had Ronald Reagan in Washington agreed to a Soviet request for on a missile accord, writes Our Mr Gorbachiev to visit Silicon on a missile accord, writes Our Moscow Cerrespondent. Mr Gennedy Gerasimov, the Foreign Ministry spokesman, described the report in Sunday's edition of the Los Angeles Times as "completely unfounded." The newspaper had quoted informed sources as siving that Mr Corphaber. France's gross domestic product grew by 0.8 per cent in the second quarter, the state statistical organisation Insee announced yesterday, after quarter of the year was due to the improvement in manufacturing output, up 1.9 per cent in the economy grew at an annualised rate of 1.4 per cent, Insee in the whole of 1986 (revised doction of intermediate goods downwards from earlier esti. saying that Mr Gorbachev would attend the United Nations General Assembly ses-sion in New York in late Sep-

It said the Soviet leader also Valley.
"Mr Gorbachev has no imme-

diste plans to ride horses in the hills of Santa Barbara," said Mr Gerasinov who, since taking over as Soviet information chief over as Soviet information chief last year, has frequently exercised his off-best sense of humour. "He's not going to the United States, at least not immediately." The newspaper's report was also denied earlier by the US State Department and the White House.

intermediate-range nuclear mis-siles, the two sides are now stalled on the question of 72 West German Pershing-IA missiles armed with US-owned

in the whole of 1986 (revised duction of intermediate goods downwards from earlier esti-grew by 2.9 per cent tember and go on to Washing-ton to meet Mr Reagan. Baltic demonstrators discover the limits of glasnost

NATIONALIST demonstrations of Mr Mikhail Gorbschev's in the Soviet Union's three campaign for glasnot (open-Baltic republics over the week-ness)—they were allowed to end have underlined that the proceed without police inter-Kremlin's new policy of open-ness can have unpredictable and undesirable consequences for said a diplomat who follows the authorities, Reuter reports Baltic affairs closely. Moscow

more than 100 nationalities in tions, which Moscow does not the Soviet Union, the three like." larly strong national feelings. Hundreds of Lithuanians, Latvians and Estonians gathered on Sunday in their Soviet pact that led to the incorporation of the republics have also reported nationalist into the Soviet Union. The tensions in the Central Asian Soviet media denounced the republics of Tadzhikistan and protests as Western-inspired Kirgizia and in Moldavia, which provocations but—in the spirit borders Romania.

vention.
"It is a paradox of glasnost," from Moscow.

The protests in Lithuania, about their problems. So the Latvia and Estonia also served Balts do exactly that, and

Other Soviet nationalities have used the new freedom under Mr Gorbachev to air Kazakhs demonstrated in their capital, Alma-Ata, last December, and Crimean Tartars last month capitals—Vilnius, Riga and Ata, last December, and Tallinn—to mark the 48th Crimean Tartars last month anniversary of the 1939 Nazi-staged protests in central Moscow. Official Soviet newspapers

Nationalist dissent has continued in the Baltic area since the 1950s, when Moscow finally crushed armed resistance to Soviet rule imposed during the war by secret agreement with Nazi Germany

The three Baltic nations, however, are a special case. Geographically and in terms of history, culture and religion, they are the most Western of the 15 Soviet republics, and their standard of living is the highest in the Soviet Union. They were independent states between the two world wars between the two world wars would have been untinskable. His remark spotlighted a delibut were incorporated into the in the tighter political climate case problem for Mr Gorbachev.

Soviet Union in 1940 after the Soviet Union and Nazi Germany signed secret protocols on August 29 1939, assigning them to the Soviet sphere of influence.
The Soviet authorities are

adamant that the Baltic states joined the Soviet Union of their own free will. But the United States, as well as the Vatican, does not officially recognise Soviet rule in the three republics. Nationalist dissent has continued in the Baltic area since the 1950s, when Moscow finally crushed armed resistance to Soviet rule. Some Balts say they want national indepen-dence, although they are vague as to how this could be

In Vilnius, where Western reporters witnessed Sunday's his father, like many local profest, several Lithuanians people, had been sent to a made the point that their action labour camp under Stalin protest, several Lithuanians made the point that their action

that preceded Mr Gorbachev's He has won enthusiastic support

One middle-aged woman, who said she was a Communist Party member: and fully supported Mr Gorbachev, remarked: "Of course, Lithuania should be in-Baltic republics have detected anti-Russian feelings among the

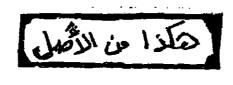
local people but, out of about 15 demonstrators interviewed in Vilnius, not one said he viewed the protest as directed against Russians. Indeed, one Russian who addressed the crowd spontaneously in Vilnius drew applause when he said he sympathised with Lithuanians because

from Soviet intellectuals for urging that the truth be told about dark periods in the counhas encouraged nationalities who suffered under Stalin dependent. But I do not want like the Crimesa Tartars, de a bloody struggle. That is a ported from their homeland in terrible idea." Some Western visitors to the to press for change in the hope that they will not be punished. One Lithuanian demonstrator in Vilnius said: "I came here because I thought that now it added with a wry smile: "At least, I hope it is not dangerous." The comment underlined that, in the chang-ing times under Mr Gorbachev, many Soviet people are unclear where the authorities have drawn the line between what is permissible independent public activity and what is unaccept-

Last weekend, Licutenant-general Cyril Ranatunge, head largest number of temples in Sri Lanka where Buddhists

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FINANCIAL TIMES



BY DAYED DODWELL IN HONG KONG

A BONG KONG High Court British Government succeeded judge yesterday lifted an injunc-tion restricting the Territory's against publication of extracts. leading English language First extracts had appeared in Sinday newspaper from publishing extracts from the book in July. Soon after the injunction. controversy was fuelled

Spycatcher:

Referring to Hong Kong's when at least two leading book unique political situation, and extreme public sensitivity over anything that "fettered the Mr Justice Barnett said yes. free flow of information," Mr terday that the balance of Justice Barnett said the reasons evidence fell in favour of the

In a nine-point judgment say whether irreparable harm that took one hour to deliver, would be done by publication Mr Justice Barnett said the in Hong Kong.

He said the issue of freedom until tomorrow, allowing time for Mr Robert Ribeiro, counsel Hong Kong's court of sppeal, Hong Kong's court of sppeal would sit introdiately, siming to present a final judgment before the weekend — in time

Controversy over Peter ence in the local judiciary that Wright's book erupted at the provided "a vote of confidence beginning of August when the in Hong Kong."

relied upon by Britain's Law
Lords to prevent newspapers
from publishing extracts from able case on the grounds of
the book "could not be applied to Hong Kong."

Lords to prevent newspapers
attorney-General had an arguthe book "could not be applied to Hong Kong."

He said the issue of freedom of speech had been a "power-ful determinant" in his ruling. for the British Government, to Press freedom was not consult with London on whether asbsolute in the British Terriit wanted to appeal the ruling tory, but its unique political
in the event of an appeal, situation — with sovereignty being returned to China in less than 10 years—made press freedom a more than usually sensitive issue.

before the weekend—in time for the Sunday Morning Post to go ahead with plans to Sunday Post, said he was publish extracts in its forth—delighted by the ruling, saying it was evidence of independ—in the local judiciary that

Andrew Gowers in Tunis reports a mood of alarm at the meeting of the Arab League states

Arab fears grow over escalation in Gulf war

AN UNMISTAKABLE atmosphere of alarm spread through the meeting of Arab League Foreign Ministers, continuing in Tunis last night, at the prospect of an escalation and extension of the Gulf war and at the deep disarray which the seven-year-old conflict exposed in Arab ranks.

ministers at the emergency session, the most conservative of Arab states felt emboldened to make pronouncements of a quite surprising ferocity against There were also suggestions

that Saudi Arabia was leading an effort to revive a joint Arah defence pact signed in 1950, which would enable the Arab world to rally firmly behind Iraq while implicitly warning Iran against spreading the war. Prince Saud al-Faisal delivered a strong attack on Iran. He said Arab states should "adopt a unified Arab position because

it is clear that Iran does not it is clear that I an does not want to stop its war and wants to expose the whole region to the danger of foreign intervention." He accused Tehran of laying mines in the waters of the Gulf, of intervening in internal Lebanese affairs, and of adopting terrorist practices which were against the nature of Islam. He said it was inevitable that the Arab world's relations with Iran would be affected.

Perhaps most seathingly, he declared: "It maintains links with Israel while hiding behind

US warships warned off an approaching Iranian frigate in the southern Gulf yesterday. It was the first brush between the two navies since the US began escorting Kuwaiti tankers through the Gulf in July, Tony Walker

writes from Bahrain.
The incident occurred just north of the Strait of Hornauz as a US-escorted convoy—the fourth since the reflagging

Mr Chedli Klibi, secretary general of the Arab League, said: "Iran engaged in raising

the temperature of hostilities and jeopardising the stability of our states, closing the region

and others, creating new com-plications and multiplying

The Arab League has been fruitlessly debating the Gulf war ever since the bloody conflict began. But there was a

new edge to the debate. In short, the fact that Iran has broadened its threats from Iraq to include other Guif states—

principally Kuwait and Saudi

Arabia—has provoked a closing of ranks and a hardening of

"With the brother state of

Kuwait facing such threats, this meeting is aimed at showing

without ambiguity that the security of this country is the responsibility of all our states together," declared Mr Klibi.

counterpart from the Sephardi

operation began - prepared broad daylight. The Iranian frigate at first ignored US warnings to stay away, insisting it was in international waters, but when two belicopter gunshins took off from Guadal Canal, the small

vessel veered away. convoy passed without inci-

reasons for fearing current developments. Tunisia, which

called the meeting, is currently

facing a serious challenge from

what it believes to be Iranian-

inspired Islamic fundamen-talists. The Tunislan Foreign

Minister, Mr Hedi Mabrouk, did not waste the opportunity of linking the threat in the Gulf with his country's domestic

stability and growing extremism

afflict just about every Arab state. In spite of their disarray, they all cling to the belief that, historically and culturally they believe to con-

turally, they belong to one nation. They are all acutely aware that a serious upset to the fragile established order in

one of their number could prove infectious.

There is also widespread and genuine outrage at Iran's role in the Mecca riot a few weeks ago, in which 402 people died

troubles, Worries

Even countries far from the in clashes between pilgrims and

dent through the Strait of Hormuz. The convoy included the 401,382-tonne supertanker Bridgeton holed by a mine in the northern Gulf on July 24. and three smaller Kuwaiti vessels flying the Stars and Stripes. The 600-ft Guadacanal, which is providing a platform for mine-hunting helicopters, remained in the

southern Gulf. It may be awaiting a fresh

Consistent

pass through the Strait of Hormuz on its way up the Gulf. Yesterday's close encounter occurred in an area ducts regular patrols in an attempt to deter the shipment of arms to Iraq by way of Kuwait. Iranian warships regularly stop vessels in the southern Gulf in search of

appears to have achieved fairly time when a majority of League solid backing on this issue. members desperately want to olid backing on this issue. members desperately want to Yet amid the outward display display a united position in

the Damascus regime—perhaps the Arab League's most influensuspension of Egypt—has been the biggest single source of disarray in the Arab world for years. It has enabled the

Iranians to claim that the conflict is not, as Arabs sometimes say it is, a modern version of the age old battle between Arabs and Persians. There was every chance yesterday that Syrian reluct-ance to alienate Iran — supported to some extent by Libya should not allow itself to be and Algeria—would water down the Arab consensus. This would the arab world."

Gulf claim to have their own Saudi police. Saudi Arabia be particularly damaging at a of unity and anger, there remained one big obstacle to fashioning a really decisive common stand; the position of Syria, which is still allied with

Mr Farouk al-Sharaa, Syria's Foreign Minister, was the object of a tug-of-war in Tunis. The Arab Gulf states have offered his boss, President Hafez al-Assad, enormous inducements-financial and otherwise — to mend fences with President Saddam Hussein of

strong psychological pressure— and offered economic incentives of its own, such as free oil—to keep the Syrians on board, most recently with a direct appeal from Mr Ali Akbar Velayati, Iranian Foreign Minister, on Sunday night. Syria, he said,

13 73 353

secretary-general

"secret" meeting between the two leaders in the Jordanian desert last April, all the Arab blandishments have been to doubt that the close relationship with Tehran has become some-thing of an embarrassment for

It is probable that, although Syria may go along with limited condemnations of Iran for occupying Arab territory, the roots of its rivalry with Irag run too deep for it to disengage completely from its ally.

So long as that remains the find itself in disarray in con-

Suharto rejects claims over charitable funds

has ordered the publication of a full financial report.

leader shrugged off allegations about 'the so-called Mutual Halp Foundation" administered by Mrs Tien Subarto and several

PRESIDENT SURARTO of Infunds raised have been spent on donesia has rejected charges of personal and family interests."

The Foundation is one of funds controlled by his wife and several charities set up to raise several charities set up to raise money for the victims of natural full financial report.

In his first public statement students, Moslems, the disabled on the subject, delivered over and retired soldiers. Hitherto the weekend, the Indonesian no figures on the amounts leader shrugged off allegations raised by such organisations about the so-called "Mutual have been publicly available. about the so-called Mutual have been publicly available.

Hath Foundation and several but on Sunday President Subarto and several of the president saintly.

But on Sunday President Subarto and several of the president saintly.

But on Sunday President Subarto and several of the president saintly.

But on Sunday President Subarto said the charity had received Rs 12.70m in the last feeting from getting out of hand.

At the Waiting Wall, the facing the Jewish people, the partly enclosed square and its subarto said: "This also confirmed that only Rs 30m had so far been distributed."

Police reinforcements were casts by the event's organisers. One members of a yeshiva, a Jewish religious law on all theological school, said the comers is the rapidly growing prayer meeting from getting out of hand.

At the Waiting Wall, the facing the Jewish people, the partly enclosed square and its surrounding pedestrian areas were a sea of black, as the work of a small minority, 470,000 inhabitants,

Battle for Jerusalem's soul

wailing Wall, the most holy of crisis.

site in Judaism, yesterday evelusing to protest against the leaders, Mr Avraham Shapira, alleged "desecration" of the the Ashkenazi Chief Rabbi, and Jerusalem has been waged on Jewish Sabbath by secular Mr Mordechai Elyabu, his and off between secular and transling to the secular and the secul **Israelis**

Violent classes have erupted in Jerusalem and elsewhere on successive Friday nights and Saturdays in recent weeks, as observation throughout the ultra-orthodox militants fought country. But the total numbers to close down restaurants and present were considerably less cinemas open on the Sabbath. The country is organisers. One casts by the event's organisers.

THOUSANDS of ultra-Orthodox devout packed in to participate he said the ultra-orthodox Jews gathered at Jerusalem's in special prayers said at times would continue the fight Wailing Wall, the most holy of crisis.

religious Jews ever since the founding of the state, nearly 40 years ago. But it has steadily intensified over the past two decades, after the regulification of the city under Jewish control. Spearheading the drive to

enforce stricter observation of Jewish religious law on all-comers is the rapidly growing

Philippines crime wave swells

THE DETERIORATION in law by the government to combat Communist guerrillas, known and order in the Philippines is political and organised crime it locally as "sparrow gangs," had reaching alarming proportions, according to members of Con-gress. Mr Ramon Mitra, the Speaker of the House of Representatives, said yesterday that he would shortly be issuing statistics on killings and unsolved crimes "which will shock the nation."

Mr Mitra, who for the past fortnight has been gathering

fortnight has been gathering figures on the mounting crime rate, also urged the special congressional committee looking into lawlessness to approach the governments of Britain,

France and Israel for help.
There is growing apprenhension among some Filipino politicians and the foreign diplomatic community that unless

democracy.

It may also hinder the governThe ill-equipped military and police forces are achieving only

maintain the modest recovery in economic activity over the past nine months.

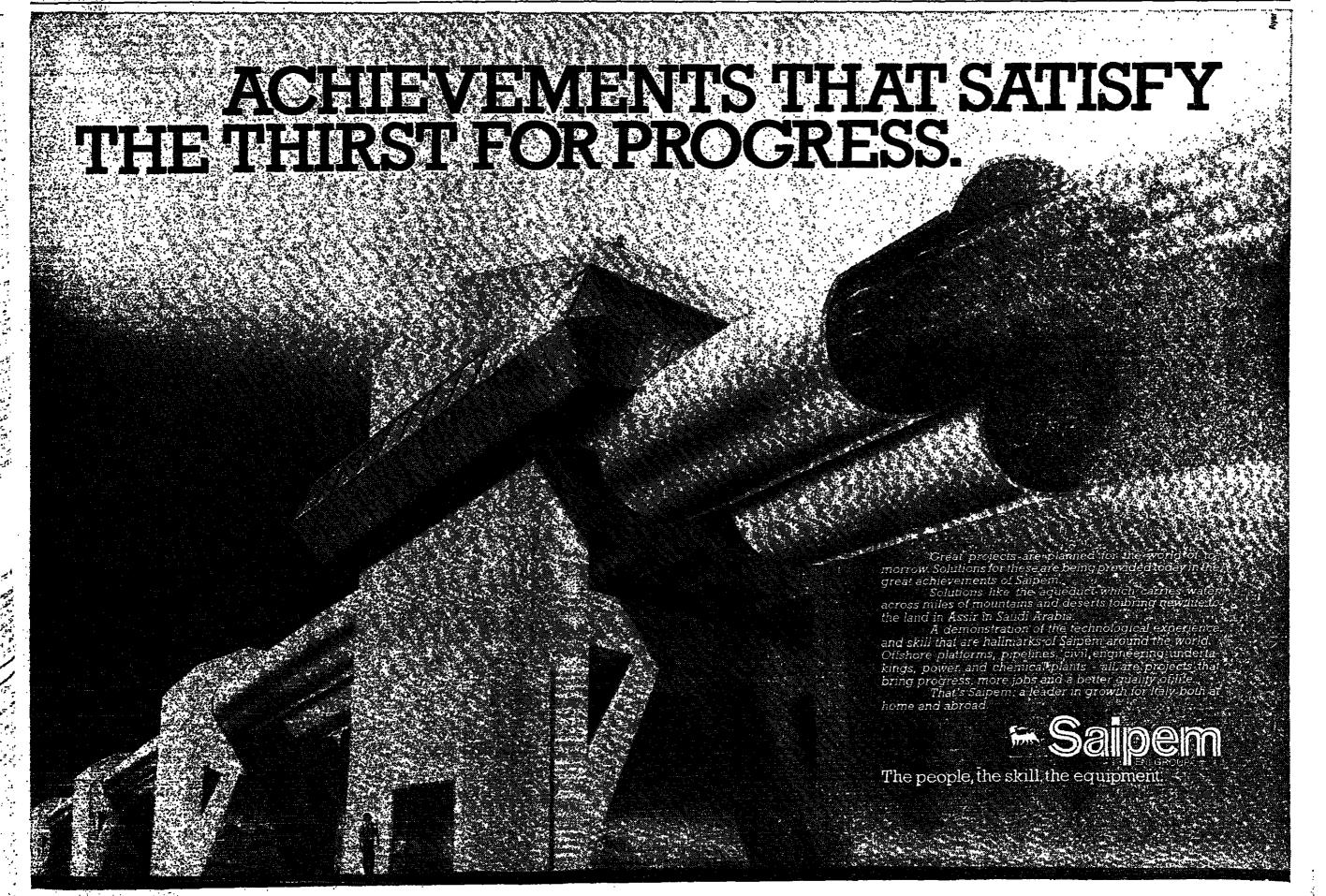
efforts to frustrate the govern- ments.

could eventually threaten the decided to target leading country's newly re-established political personalities

ment's efforts to attract new very limited success in attempt-foreign investment needed to ing to contain the violence. Figures yet to be released show that the increased frequency of bank robberies in the first half are the most optimistic about much cash as was stolen in the future growth prospects admit to fears that violence will increase over the coming for part of the total, a far months as the Communist New larger percentage is probably Peoples Army steps up its used to finance political movements.

ment's agrarian reform

The assassination in Manila Manila have also played a part earlier this month of Mr Jose Ferrer, the Minister for Local crime rate by 24 per cent during



Chubu signs 3-year LNG deal with

Indonesia

By John Murray Brown in Jakarta INDONESIA will this week onclude a sales contract for liquefied patural gas (LNG) Company of Japan, Mr A. Ramly, President of Pertamina, the state-run oil company, confirmed.

The deal, due to be signed on Friday, will run over three years for a total sales volume of 2.12m tonnes of gas, worth revenues at current prices.

The shipments, which will start in October, will be in addition to the 3.65m tonnes currently taken by Chubu under a 20-year contract signed by Japanese gas companies in 1973. Japan was untii last year Indonesia's sole buyer of LNG, taking annual deliveries of around 15m tonnes—worth \$3.4bn in

However after long negoti-ations Pertamina began sales to South Korea last November, under an agreement signed in 1983, to take annual shipments of 2m tonnes. As the number of gas cargoes to Seoul increases—reaching 29 this year and a full delivery of 35 in 1988—Indonesian gas production is projected to rise

Taiwan also signed a simi lar LNG contract last March to take 1.5m tonnes annually over 20 years, with the first delivery expected in 1990. Pertamina recently convith Chivoda and Mitsubishi with Chyoda and missions of Japan for construction of the fifth gas train at the Bontang facility in Kalimantan, which will be used to supply processed raw gas to the China Petroleum Corparation

While Malaysia looks set to win LNG orders from Singawin LNG orders from Singa-pore, Indonesia is looking at the possibility of gas sales to India. According to pro-visional figures published last week by the Central Bank, LNG sales in the first five months of 1937 were down to \$1m from \$1.44m in the same period last year.

Canute James reports increased interest by Mexico and Venezuela in island economies

Latin Americans strengthen ties with Caribbean

VENEZUELA AND Mexico bave launched an effort to expand their political and economic influence in the Caribbean basin. Recent visits to several islands by President Jaime Lusinchi of Venezuela and President Miguel de la Madrid of Mexico were not co-

A previous effort about six years ago was abruptly ended by a collapse in their earnings from oil, and by political offensives launched by the US and Cuba to win the favour of several island governments.

This latest effort by Venezuela and Mexico coincides with concern in several Caribbean countries that the United States has not been able to deliver what it promised in terms of special trade facilities for the region. Washington seems preoccupied with political developments in central America.

Moreover, Mexico City are said to have concluded that Cuba has tempo-rarily reduced interest in the Caribbean islands following the

America.

overthrow of a leftist govern-ment in Grenada by a United States military invasion in 1984. The presence in office of either centrist or social demoseveral islands by President
Jaime Lusinchi of Venezuela
and President Miguel de la
Madrid of Mexico were not coordinated, diplomats say, but
the visits indicated a new effort
by both countries to raise their
profile in the region.

A previous effort about six
years ago was abruptly ended

several of the small eastern Caribbean islands, while Presi-Caribbean islands, while President de la Madrid, visiting Jamaica a few days later, spoke repeatedly of his country's "Caribbean destiny," and the need for the Caribbean and Mexico to move towards higher levels of political and economic cooperation.

Since the earlier effort to make better friends of the make better friends of the Caribbean islands, both Veneruela and Mexico have been
providing various forms of
economic assistance to the
region. Under an oil rebate
facility both countries are
supplying some of the Caribbean countries with their crude
oil, allowing the purchasers to

ever, who appear more active. Caracas is keen on helping to maintain political stability in countries just over 100 miles off its 1,300 mile Carabbean coastline, and pays out develop-ment aid averaging \$100m per year to the region.

Assistance has also been pro-

vided for low-income bousing in videt for low-income housing in several eastern Caribbean islands, and Venezuela was among the first to help Granada's former socialist gov-Granada's former socialist government to plan an international airport. There have traditionally been strong links between Venezuela and Trinidad and Tobago: students from several islands in the region have been given scholarships to

Caribbean, there is a growing belief that the count 1 must be considered politically and economically as a part of the region. Venezuelan officials say there are opportunities not only to strengthen trade ties, but also for Venezuelan business and industry to exploit the preferential trading arrangements which many islands enjoy with the United States and the European Community by investing in ventures in the region.

"We prefer a programme of "We prefer a programme of multilateral co-operation and assistance with all Caribbean countries, without conditions," said Mr Simon Alberto Consalvi, Venezuela's foreign minister. The slighting reference is to the conditionality applied by the United States to its economic programmes.

its economic programmes. In several speeches in Jamaica, Mr de la Madrid made much of his desire to pay more attention to the islands in the Caribbean basin and to increase study in Venezuela, and on his visit, Mr Lusinchi signed agree-

ments waiving visa requirements towards the economic and for Barbadians.

With more than 80 per cent region," the president said. "We are part of the region, and it is the destiny of the region, and it is the destiny of the region to be more united." region to be more united."
One immediate result of Mexico's new efforts is an agreement with Jamaics for co-operation in the production of aluminium, using bauxite refined in the island in Mexican smelters. Both governments are also to example the ments are also to examine the establishment of reciprocal lines of credit to encourage trade, and are to study joint ventures in tourism.

venting tentions in and are to singly form yentures in tourism.

Although the economically hard-pressed Caribbean islands are understandably happy at the prospect of increased assistance from both countries, it could be some time before the efforts of the Latin American states bear significant fruit. Historically the Caribbean islands, all former British colonles, have looked northward, with the patterns of trade and economic relations shifting y more in the past two decades from in the past two decades from Europe to North America. Shifting their gaze to look southwards and westwards will not be easy.

The deal, expected to be

These vessels will be deli-vered from the Helsinki ship-yard in 1989, and the other two

The latest order consolidates

Nevertheless the company,

autumn is expected to be fol-lowed by a second, and possibly a third power plant contract in 1988. Carnival Cruise Lines, which wiff place the vessels in traffic in the Caribbean, is one of the world's largest cruise liner

convert 20 per cent of the oil bill into long term loans at

N Guinea-Japan copper deal

OK-TEDI MINING has signed a \$1.5bn copper supply contract with a consortium of Japanes trading and smelting com-panies, Mr John Kaputin, Papua New Guinea's Minister for Minerals and Energy, said, Renter reports.

The Ok Tedi mine in the remote Star Mountains of Papua New Guinea will supply 60,000 onnes of copper concentrate this year and shipments to the seven-smelter consortium led by Nippon Mining and Mitsubishi Metal will increase to 230,000 tonnes of concentrate annually over the next seven

The project has moved into

its copper production phase after generating cash flow from mining the rich gold cap overlying the copper-gold deposit on Mount Fubilan. Partners in Ok Tedi are the Papua New Guinea government with 20 per cent, Broken Hill Pty Co 30 per cent, Standard Oil 30 per cent, Metallgasell-schaft and Degussa with 7.5 per cent each and the stateowned West German Development Company with 5 per cent.

Turkey close to awarding power station contract

THE TURKISH government is about to decide on a contract to build and operate a giant to build and operate a giant of the next decade.

Power station in Turkey, using imported steam coal.

Five international consorptions are prices narrowly lower than those the prices narrowly lower than those

tiums, which have offered rival schemes to the Turkish government for nower paragraphs. ment for power generation, have sent representatives to Ankara as an adjudication committee appointed earlier this month prepares to make a recommendation to Mr Turgut
Ozal, the Prime Minister.

Mr Ozal said at the weekend
that the award of a contract
twould be made within the next
few weeks.

The contest, which has major

implications both for the inter-national coal industry and for national coal industry and for power plant construction through the developing countries, now seems to be between Seapac of Australia, EPDC of Japan and Bechtel of the US, Each consortium has submitted proposals to build and operate power stations of between 90 megawatts and 1,400 megawatts on a franchise basis. The plants are intended to help

The Japanese entities, including the Industrial Bank of Japan, Mitsul Bank and Bank of Tokyo, will finance 85 per cent of the loan, to the value

US group WARTSILA MARINE, the Finnish shipbuilding company, is to build two cruise liners, worth a total of \$400m, for the The 70,000-gross-tonne vessels

Wartsila to

build two

liners for

passenger ships in the world. The vessels, which will be 262 metres long, will be able to carry 2,600 passengers in 1,025 cabins, and will have a maximum speed of 31 knots.

signed in Miami in mid-September, follows an order for a similar vessel placed by Carnival Cruise Lines with Wartsila earlier this year.

dentical liners are to be completed at the company's Turku shipyard in 1990 and 1991

Wartsila Marine's position as the world's leading builder of cruise vessels. It has seven cruise ferries and luxury liners

Nevertheless the company, which comprises the former shipbuilding activities of Wartsite and Valmet, Finland's leading shipbuilders, will make a substantial loss in its first financial year ending December 31 1987.

 Hapag Lloyd, West Germany's biggest shipping company, has ordered two container ships at Howaldtswerke-Deutsche Werft AG shipyards in Kiel, Reuter reports from Hamburg.

Hapag Lleyd said the cost of each vessel including containers, was DM 85m.

The two ships of \$5,000 deadweight tonnes each are to be delivered in March and April The everwhelming number of the Japanese participants are banking institutions, though the World Bank is also reported to service. Each will have a capacity of 2,000 containers.

Chemie Linz will produce textiles in new US plant

CHEMIE LINZ, the state-run but financially troubled Austrian chemicals and fertilisers

rian chemicals and fertilisers group, will supply the United States market with a non-woven fibre called Polyfelt, which forms part of its geotextile production line. This is the first time the group has established a production plant for geotextiles in the United States.

Chemie Linz recently built the plant at Evergreen, Alabama, at a cost of \$15m. The group, which announced losses of over Sch 500m (\$41m) last year, is one of the world's leading producers of geotextiles. Geotextiles are used in constructing dams, roads and

constructing dams, roads and tunnels, primarily to prevent filling material from sinking into the ground, as well as pre-venting erosion and protecting sealing surfaces.

Chemie Linz chose the United States because of its large textile market, which can absorb
up to 150m square metres a
year. The US affiliate of Chemie
Linz, Polyfelt Inc. will employ
65 people. It is expected that

• A section of the Chinese railway network will be fitted with a new radio communica-tions system which will be supplied by Elin Union, the state-run Austrian electrical and electronics company. and electronics company.

The deal, which is worth
Sch 60m (5m), is Ella's first
entry into the Chinese market
for radio communication equip-

ment.

Over the next year, over 600 kilometres of the railway track running south-west of Peking will be fitted with radio equipment, which will allow engine drivers and guards to communicate with officials at control points along the line. The trains will be fitted with radio-phonic equipment, and Elin will also supply the radio sets to drivers, guards and to the

full production capacity will be reached by 1989, when the plant will be producing 4,000 tonnes a year.

• A section of the Chinese railway network will be fitted

Voest-Alpine has already been involved in the construction of pylons for Egypt's communications network. In 1981 it supplied material to build 34 pylons worth Sch 40m (\$3.3m). The contract is timely for Voest-Alpine. Not only did the state-run company record losses of over Sch Sbn last year but the small but increasingly influential Green movement in Austria has successfully Austria opposed the construction of masts and towers over a certain height, for environmental reasons.

The masts to be built by Voest-Alpine in Egypt will reach a height of 300 metres. A spokesman for Voest-Alpine said it would be difficult to construct masts at such heights

AMERICAN NEWS

Rail workers strike in Canada after job security deadlock

BY DAYED OWEN IN TORONTO

ABOUT 48,000 Canadian rail workers walked out on strike yesterday after talks between union negotiators and repre-

the heavily-populated metropoli-tan areas of Toronto and

main between the respective main between the respective positions of the two sides on a number of key issues. The main stumbling block appeared to be the matter of job security. The nine unions that make up the Associated Railway The biggest impact will be Unions are seeking to expand in western Canada, which is

BY ANATOLE KALETSKY IN NEW YORK

BOEING, the world's leading civil

aircraft manufacturer is postponing the introduction of its proplan 150-pessenger aircraft, having failed to

passenger arrivals, having salled to line up any firm commitments to its revolutionary tachnology from air-lines in Europe or the US.

Boeing said yesterday that the company had moved back the 737's delivery date from 1992 to 1993, and

that the official launch of the 7J7

programme would have to await a

"clearer consensus" among poten-tial customers on the specifications

The main uncertainty relates to

the aircraft's size. US airlines are

pressing for an aircraft with at least 165 seats, while SAS, the European

company which has expressed the

strongest interest in the 7J7, is demanding a smaller aircraft with on-

More important uncertainties re-

late to the cost of the new aircraft

both to the airlines and to Boeing it-

self. The low price of oil has re-

for the new aircraft.

ly 140 seats.

guarantees against job lay-offs, to include anyone with four ars service or more as against sentatives of the country's two national railways broke down in deadlock.

This means a complete shutdown of both the Canadian National Railways and CP Rail systems, which together handle about 30 per cent of Canade's regulation of management, under pressure to trim costs the most performance of Canade's transport for the continuous to economic suicide." Deregulation will was due to review the situation suicide." Deregulation will specificate the most frequently used means.

The Canadian government was due to review the situation suicide." Deregulation will specific the more heavily populated central region, intermodal shipments—and rail—are the most frequently used means.

The Canadian government was due to review the situation specific to the most combination of truck and rail—are the most frequently used means.

The Canadian government was due to review the situation specific to the most frequently used means.

The Canadian government was due to review the situation specific to the most frequently used means. eight at present Management.

> The strike, which follows a spate of wildcat stoppages last week, will have a profound and almost immediate effect on Canada's vital resource sector because a high proportion of grain, minerals and forest products are moved by train.

delay Boeing propfan project

duced the attractiveness of fuel economy, the biggest potential ben-efit of the propfan technology.

Meanwhile, Boeing is under in-tense pressure from shareholders

to boost its profitability and cut

costs. While it has denied any con-

nection between the postponement of the 7J7 and the stockmarket for-

the company, Wall Street analysts

pointed out yesterday that slowing down the 7J7 programme could im-

prove Boeing's cash flow by as much as \$500m over the next 18

months. This money could help to bolster the company's defences through a share boy-back or special

The 7J7 delay will put Boeing two

years behind McDonnell Douglas,

which is promising customers a

propfan aircraft by 1991. Unlike the 7J7, however, the MD-92 will not be

an entirely new aircraft but an

adapted version of the MD-80.

Doubts over cost and size

easily be transferred to trucks. In the more heavily populated

systems, which together handle suicide." Deregulation will shout 30 per cent of Canada's prompt fierce competition from freight. It will also bring to a truck companies for up to half standstill commuter trains in of the railways' current busifor the parties immediately the heavily-populated metropoliness, they maintain. said Mr John Crosbie, Transport Minister, in a statement. The last two Canadian rail strikes, in 1966 and 1973, were

ended by Parliament — the lat-ter after only 10 days.

If union members again were ordered back to work by Parlisment, an arbitrator would probably be appointed to impose a

Boeing's decision could also provide a boost for Airbus Industrie

which has thus far rejected the propfan technology and concentrated instead on rapid development of its A-329, a conventional 150-seat

airliner which will be available for

service next year.

Airbus believes that airlines re-

placing their fleets of 150-seater aircraft are less concerned about fuel economy than delivery date and

Boeing, which is developing the

7J7 in partnership with four Japa-nese companies - Japan Aircraft Development, Kawasaki Heavy In-

dustries, Mitsubishi Heavy Industries and Fuji Heavy Industries and Fuji Heavy Industries—said that its partners, which hold a 35 per cent equity stake in the project, agreed with the postponement.

General Electric, which is deve

oping the propfan engines for both the 7J7 and the MD-92 said that its

plans would not be affected by Boe-

FDIC head proposes banking deregulation

MR WILLIAM SEIDMAN, the ms whitelam serimans, the outspoken free-marketeer who heads the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, has put forward a plan to deregulate the US banking industry. This would diminish the supervisory powers of the the supervisory powers of the Federal Reserve Board and other bank regulators, and allow US banks to compete without restrictions in all areas of commerce, finance and even industry.

Mr Seidman's proposals,

Mr Seidman's proposals, presented in a paper to a sympasium sportored by the Federal Reserve Bank of Ransas City, were generally dismissed as over-ambitious by other regulators and even by commercial bankers them-

Under his plan, not only would there be a repeat of while the reparation between com-mercial banking and securities underwriting, but banks would also be allowed to own, and be owned by companies engaged in non-financial busiengages in non-mancial usar-messes. The semidness of the banking system would be ensured by prudential regula-tion of bank subsidiaries. However, the non-banking subsidiaries of bank holding companies would be entirely

Such radical propuls are most unlikely to be enacted by Congress, which so far hat banked even at the anuch more limited reforms backed by the Federal Reserve Board and the banking industry itself.

Even so, Mr Seidman's sug-gestions point to the range of changes which might be contemplated one day if the contemplated one day if the US Congress were to seriously address bank deregulation. At present, bank regulation is subject to a one-year moratorium imposed by Congress in the now hanking law. This moratorium, initially opposed by the Reagan administration, prevents bank holding communication being granted our new anies being granted any new treedoms until March next

firmly blocked in Congress by the powerful lobbies repre-senting small banks, securi-ties houses, insurance com-

Strikers disrupt Argentine oil and gas

call off a two-day strike, set to 1982, during the former military start yesterday, in return for regime. By the weekend, a a partial settlement of outstanding pay claims. Many of the company was paralysed and 25,000 Supe members, however, numerous other industries were

union, Supe, on Friday.

The union leaders agreed to 25,000 Supe members, however, refused to recognise the agreement and continued to block petrol and fuel oil deliveries at the wekend, creating queues at the superior of the capital. Gas the construction of a major gas pipelines have been working at pipeline has produced a finance of the capital. Gas the construction of a major gas pipelines have been working at pipelines have been working at pipelines have been working at pipeline has produced a finance of the capital. Gas the construction of a major gas pipelines have been working at pipeline has produced a finance of the capital. Gas deleter the peak capacity to meet the peak capa

The stoppages began last week, to back a demand for 500m australs (\$235m) in pay-ments dating from 1981, and

members to continue stoppages. The strikes have followed a cold spell, winds from the south having brought unusual sub-zero

WILDCAT strikes at Argentina's petrol pumps, industrial disstate oil company, YPF, are ruption and a furore of comcontinuing to disrupt oil and plaints from householders sufgas supplies throughout the fering cold showers and halfcountry, despite an agreement reached between management and the petroleum workers'

The stoppages began last many local Supe branches the long legal dispute between management workers'

Winter gas short;— have ments and agreed to establish become a perennial problem in payments agreed to establish become a perennial problem in payments agreed to establish become a perennial problem. conditions of the pact, though, projects, financing problems and many local Supe branches rejected it and instructed their the Argentine government and the Dutch consortium Cogasco, which was resolved this year in the latter's favour.

Johanna Eigen reports Congress' attempts to reform the welfare system

Grand visions fail the US poor

TWENTY YEARS after President Lyndon B. Johnson declared "war on poverty" through his Great Society programme, the US welfare system has failed in its primary objective—to prevent the emergence of a dependent class. Some \$2m people live below the poverty line, 11m people are on the welfare rolls, and the country will spend \$16m this year on public assistance.

This year, Congress is returning to the task of refaming the weifare system. All three of the proposals under consideration have a central theme: the need to make welfare recipients more independent and hence to channel them into the main-stream of the national aconomy.

But the divisions that have emerged over how to implement this goal represent more than just partisan squabbling there is a marked lack of concessus

cit. The necessity of reining back the growth of federal spending imposes strict fiscal limits on what can be achieved.



Thirty-two million Americans live below the poverty line

is a marked tack of concessus over just what the scope of the welfare system ahould be. The urgency of the problem has not the sixtles have dimmed in the passage of time and after the failure of past welfare programmes.

Moreover, advocates of welfare reform come up against a major obsticies the budget defining only \$1.4000 over five years. Its ambituary and Means of the more controversial and expensive provisions of the which is estimated to cost expensive provisions of the more controversial and the sixtles have dimmed in the alling welfare system are siling welfare system are strongly opposed by Republicans and the Administration.

Republicans have presented to cost one central problem is the Reagan Administration's opposition to nationally enforced day are insist that adequate child are which tightens welfare regula—iooking after the children of

which tightens welfare regula- -looking after the children of

sure equality of opportunity across the country. But the Administration wants to give the states flexibility in designing their own welfare systems. This has become a major bone of contention: the Democrats see the federal government not only as a regulating body but as the financial backbone of a national welfare
system; however, the
Republicans want to devolve
both the organisational and both the organisational and financial responsibilities to the

Mr Stuart Butler of the con-servative Washington - based Heritage Foundation says: "There is no such thing as a one-size-fits-all welfare plan that would equally serve the Bronx and rural Alabama." Senator Moynihan, having learnt from the mistakes of the ambitious Great Society pro-gramme, agrees: "It is the states—not the federal govern-ment—that seem to have the energy and creativity necessary to develop new, more produc-tive approaches to public assist-

Squeezing a consensus out of rival factions on Capitol Hill will be difficult. But whatever will be diment, but whatever emerges, there will be little of the broad vision of the Great Society. "Experience of the seventies shows that the nation has no stomach for real reform" said Robert Reischauer, cit. The necessity of reining back the growth of federal spending imposes strict fiscal limits on what can be achieved. While no one argues the \$160n welfare bill should be stasked, everyone agrees that the system must become far more cost-efficient.

The nost expensive of the proposals under consideration on Capitol Hilf is a bill put for a gain werking for the federal government to entering a middle ground a working parent — is a preseventies shows that the nation requisite for taking welfare seventies shows that the nation requisite for taking welfare bas no stomach for real resolutions of the recipients off the rolls. Most proposal working parent — is a preseventies shows that the nation welfare between the two is a \$2.3bn proposal working parent — is a preseventies shows that the nation welfare between the two is a \$2.3bn proposal working parent — is a preseventies shows that the nation welfare recipients off the rolls. Most proposal working parent — is a preseventies shows that the nation welfare recipients off the rolls. Most proposal working parent — is a preseventies shows that the nation welfare recipients off the rolls. Most proposal working parent — is a preseventies shows that the nation welfare recipients off the rolls. Most proposal working parent — is a preseventies shows that the nation requisite for taking welfare bas no stomach for real recipients off the rolls. Most proposal working parent — is a preseventies shows that the nation requisite for taking welfare bas no stomach for real recipients off the rolls. Most proposal working the form a working welfare bas no stomach for real recipients off the rolls. Most proposal working the form a working welfare the children of the seventies shows that the nation are prepared to be flexible, but on this issue they stand firm.

There is a further question of the result is something like the welfare proposals working the form a working parent — is a prepared to be flexible, but on the follow of the Brookings in the result is something in the follow of

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135

Harris in

approach

to Allied

£100m bid

HARRIS QUEENSWAY, the electri-

carpet chain which Asda-MFI has

put up for sale as part of the break-

up of the retail group.

The bid, believed to be worth about £100m, is likely to be opposed

by the British Carpet Manufactur-

ers Association, which is disturbed

by the potential concentration of

It is only one of several ap

proaches received by Kleinwort Benson, the merchant bank han-

dling the Allied sale and the sepa-

rate disposal of 146 MFI furniture

The combined group would account for about 20 per cent of the

British market for carpets and oth-

er flooring, according to Verdict Re-

vey body. In some local markets, the share would be considerably

Harris has a 11.9 per cent national market share, followed by Allied with 8 per cent, according to Ver-

dict. No other retailer accounts for

more than 2 per cent.

buying power.

higher.

Miners vote to fight discipline rules

BY CHARLES LEADBEATER, LABOUR STAFF

MINERS HAVE voted overwhelmingly for industrial action over British Coal's revised disciplinary code, the National Union of Mine-

workers announced yesterday. But in spite of a three-to-one vote in favour of industrial action, the decision over whether to go ahead with action will be delayed to allow time for negotiations.

In a pit head bailot which ran throughout August, 51,682 miners. 77.5 per cent of those voting, sup-ported industrial action, with 14,980 against. About 64 per cent of the NUM's 104,000 members voted.

It is the first time miners have voted for national industrial action since 1974, and the first time Mr Arthur Scargill, the NUM president, has been supported in a national in-dustrial action ballot. The year-long strike over pit closures which ended in 1985, was called without holding

The union's first move will be to use the ballot result to strengthen its hand in negotiations. NUM leaders will meet Acas, the governmentsupported conciliation service, on Thursday to discuss its objections to the code. British Coal will meet Acas officials the week after.

Mr Scargill said no one in the union wanted to take industrial action. The union would accept either the reinstatement of the old code. which was introduced in 1948, or an amended version of the revised code which was introduced in March, he said.

But he gave a warning that withthe union and the corporation would be on a collision course

BY OUR LABOUR EDITOR

A version of the code is at the

centre of the National Union of

Mineworkers' dispute.

At the beginning of the year,

Lord Young, then Employment Secretary, asked Aras to revise its code

because the Government found it.

NEW ISSUE



Arthur Scargill: first backing in ballot

said that industrial action could lead to the closure of several margi-

Mr Kevan Hunt, British Coal's director of industrial relations, said the vote had no significance or validity, as the code has been grossly misrepresented on the ballot paper.

He said the dispute was a diver-sion from the need to introduce flexible working practices to boost productivity, lower unit costs and raise the industry's competitive-

Mr Des Dutfield, the leader of the But he gave a warning that with-out renegotiation of the procedures be against implementing the ballot result while there was a chance of discussions to get a code that was

ACAS, is not moving quickly to re- too complex and too long, particu- were unconvinced by the argu-draw its draft code of practice on larly for use by small businesses ments in favour of rejecting the

service's governing body, has held a meeting with ministers to express

its strong disappointment at the

Government's decision, little work

is understood to have been carried out within Acas on the preparation

Acas slow to reform code

disciplinary action despite its rejection and ordinary employees. code which we have earlier this year by the Govern-Although the Acas council, the Government.

of a revised code. Some Acas council on the union's national executive which will decide whether to go ahead with action at a meeting on the eve of the TUC's annual meet-

ing at Blackpool on September 8.

Most members of the executive were heartened by talks with British Coal two weeks ago, after which Sir Robert Haslam, the corporation's chairman, said there was only one difference of principle between

That centres on the abolition of the system of pit umpires which could make a binding recommendation that an unfairly dismi er should be reinstated.

This system has been replaced by referral to an Industrial Tribunal. But employers do not have to implement a tribunal's recommendation that most of the other differences over the code could be cleared up through negotiation.

If the union does not implement the decision within 28 days from last Friday, the last day of voting, it would lose its mandate for action and have to hold another ballot.

Should the union go ahead with industrial action, it is likely it would be some form of overtime ban. A second ballot would be needed to call strike action.

however, that the Harris-Allied About 900 NUM members at Hatcombined market share could be as field Main colliery in Yorkshire have started an overtime ban in protest as disciplinary measures taken against Mr Ted Scott, an NUM official in North Yorkshire.

Branch officials from Yorkshire pits will meet tomorrow to decide whether to impose an overtime ban, which would result in a major infair to everyone.

or start a programme of rolling dustrial upheaval. British Coal has

That view is shared by a majority.

strikes in support of Mr Scott.

code which were put forward by the

The council believes that its origi-

nal draft code, which tried to reflect

both current industrial relations

practice and case law, would have made a positive contribution to re-

ducing the growing trend of greater

JULY 1987

Bank Hapoalim BM

Lex Page 14

Daf aims at substantial rise in British vehicle output

BY KENNETH GOODING, MOTOR INDUSTRY CORRESPONDENT, IN EINDHOVEN

DAF OF the Netherlands is involved in negotiations which could substantially boost production at the UK vehicle assembly plants it acquired in April this year when it took over Leyland Trucks and the Freight Rover van business Mr cal and furnishing retailer, has Aart van der Padt, the president, made a cash offer for Allied, the

said yesterday. First, Daf has promised to present proposals to Paccar, of the US, based on the assumption that the American group could sell each year in the US 3,000 mediumweight Roadrunner trucks built at Leyland.

At the same time Daf is talking with several potential partners about the possibility of sharing the £75m cost of replacing "Freight Rover's" Sherpa van which are assembled in Birmingham, in the

British operation would be profit to increase production from last year's 10,000 to 12,000 trucks in 1987 table right from the start."

The financial results for the compared with its two-shift capaciwhole enlarged Daf company for ty of 40,000. A deal with Paccar, the first six months this year were higher than those for the comparable period in 1986 and Dai would have a significant impact. certainly beat the full-year FI 33.8m net (£10.2m) profit achieved in 1987. Padt, Daf expected its truck sales to

land Trucks was said to be losing £!m a week, but the UK Government covered the cost of paying off its debts and further redundancies and reorganisation to the tune of 6300m so that the company could be acquired without financial burden. Mr Van der Padt said the UK subsidiary Leyland Daf was making

better progress than forecast at the time of the merger. In particular productivity had imwest Midlands.

Daf is now 60-per-cent owned by
Dutch interests and 40 per cent by
the UK state-owned Rover group.

Manual proved by 10 per cent at the Leyland Lancashire assembly plant.

since the takeover because of more
flexible working practices and an

pany of Spain.

At the time of the takeover Levgrow at an annual 4 to 5 per cent from about 30,000 this year and nearly all the growth would have to be reflected in Leyland's output because the Netherlands factory had no more capacity.

Mr van der Padt said Daf hoped

In any case, said Mr van der

ultimately to lift Sherpa van output to 40,000 to 50,000 a year compared with about 20,000 in 1987 after the introduction of the new model which is being developed. Among the companies approached about a potential partnership was Enasa, the state owned Pegaso Truck Com-

He was speaking at the introduc Mr van der Padt said: "We have increase in output.

The Leyland factory is expected truck range, the Daf 95.

Mr John Jenkins, a divisional or-

ganiser of the AEU engineering

union and lead negotiator for all

Reed's engineers, said yesterday

that the company had indicated

willingness to discuss the unions

12-month pay claims alongside the

Sogat '82, the print union repre-

senting the process workers, is

thought to be particularly resistant

proposals in its 25-year plan.

to a long-term settlement.

TUC urged to avoid pay policy diversion

By Our Labour Staff

LEADERS of the GMB general union fear that discussion of incomes policy could deflect attention at next month's conference of the Trades Union Congress (TUC) from the problem of falling union mem-bership which they believe is now the central issue for the trade union

The GMB has tabled a motion for debate at the Congress in Blackpool in the north-west of England in two weeks calling for the TUC to reorganise its acuvities to place less emphasis on preparing detailed economic policies which the Government ignores, and to concentrate on economic issues of more direct relevance to trade union recruitment.

However, the manufacturing union Tass has tabled an amendment to the GMB motion rejecting incomes policy - not mentioned by the GMB - as "unacceptable, ineffective and unjust" and the GMB fears this will divert discussion into a straight left-right argument on

Another amendment from the NGA craft print union to the GMB radically change the working of one of the TUC's central departments, is seen by the GMB as helpful. It seeks to introduce an education programme to bring macro-economc union thinking closer to union

Union officials are, however, suspicious of the Tass amendment, published yesterday in the final Congress agenda.
Some GNB leaders believe that

the TUC should have ruled it out of order but Tass said yesterday that there were no ulterior motives behind the amendment.

WORKERS AT Reed Corrugated time arrangements - at present a Reed's process workers and in Octo-Cases, a division of Reed Packag- three-shift system with a 37½-hour ber for its engineers. A 2½-year deal ing, have been asked to consider a week - and abolition of an existing would, therefore, carry the compawould, therefore, carry the company through until 1990, when exist-2% year pay settlement involving no productivity scheme. ing pay rates would be up for rene-

Reed seeks basic pay freeze

BY DAVID BRINDLE, LABOUR CORRESPONDENT

high as 30 per cent. Top officials of increase in basic wage rates. Tabling of the proposals has foling pay r.

The company has told union lead-lowed the arrival at Reed Package gotiation. the industry body are to meet on Friday to discuss a submission to ers it wants to cut its costs, relative ing of Mr John Benson as group the Office of Fair Trading if Asda to its competitors, by paying non-enhanceable lump-sum awards ing exponent of long-term pay deals rather than conventional cash or at the Nabisco food group, his foraccepts the Harris offer. The offer was disclosed less than

two weeks after Sir Philip Harris, percentage increases. chairman, said that losses within Unions representing the compa-ny's 2,250 process workers and 250 willing to comment on its proposals the Queensway furniture division would pull pre-tax profits down to engineers seem unlikely to accept at this stage, it is believed the com-the unusual idea. But they may be pany regards its pay rates as supebetween £32m and £38m in the year to next January, against £43.4m in

willing to negotiate on other proposerior to any others in an industry als made by Reed as part of the where price-cutting is squeezing

same package.

These include revision of working profit margins.

Pay review is due next month for

mer employer.

Separately we served with we logerately we'll do you to but.

k**isos oft**en parkied 200**u**

siter your money, but when Prident Life uses it to describe its new Cash Care Account, it means what it boys.

Me morning of reason is not consequently to a consequently to a consequently and the majority of the first of the consequently that the consequently the consequently that the consequently that the consequently that the consequently that the consequently the consequently that the consequently the

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Raising output holds few fears for directors

BY RALPH ATKINS

COMPANY directors are not of directors more optimistic

raw materials or factory capa-

However, 50 per cent said they might experience difficul-ties in recruiting skilled labour. There were particular worries about technical and computer specialists, accountants and en-

The survey supports the National Institute of Economic and Social Research which said in its economic review pub-lished last week that the fears of some City economists that strong growth was leading to the economy overheating were exaggerated.

Mrs Judith Chaplin, head of the institute's policy unit, sald: "This survey backs up other surveys which show that businessmen—the people who are making and selling goods— believe that the growth they have been experiencing recently is sustainable without overheating in the economy." increase wa The survey found 75 per cent of inflation.

worried about industry hitting about their companies pro-capacity bottlenecks, according spects than they were six to a survey. months ago. That is a slight in-The survey by the Institute of crease on the 72 per cent who Directors found that most of said they were more hopeful in 200 directors questioned the last survey in June.

About 80 per cent said they would not be constrained by shortages of unskilled labour, their products increase in the

next year and 75 per cent re-ported that their companies were doing well or very well. However only 52 per cent said they were more optimistic about the prospects for the economy than they were six months before, compared with

66 per cent in June.
Problems in recruiting labour was listed as the main business concern of directors in June but in August there were more worries about cash flow—with 28 per cent of directors saying it may hamper growth in the

next six months. Only 12 per cent felt they would experience raw material shortages during the next year. Fifteen per cent thought shortage of factory capacity a poss-ible constraint on growth.

Of those who said they might

have problems employing skilled labour, 11 per cent said they were not prepared to increase wages beyond the rate

Good maintenance practices studied

BY DAVID THOMAS

A STUDY of maintenance in industry has been commissioned by the Trade and Industry Department and could lead to government action on the subject for the first time.

The decision to launch the study reflects a feeling in the department that improvements in maintenance activities in many companies are lagging behind changes to other parts

It also comes from the recognition that until now, no single section of the department had responsibility for promoting good maintenance practices. March Consulting Group, based in Windsor, has been commissioned to conduct the six-month study. It will try to identify the best practices among 70 companies it will visit. The companies will be spread throughout the manu- to act on.

facturing industry and also among some primary and ser-vice activities, such as offshore oil and gas, air transport, ship-ping primary metals and pos-ably nuclear power.

Among the topics which

March intends to study are the organisation of maintenance departments, management inforantion about maintenance, manpower and skills, the appli-cation of technology and whether value for money is being achieved.

March said the study was needed because too many com-panies, even those which had invested heavily in technology. still falled to grasp the benefit of good maintenance practices. Mr Peter Willmott, who is leading the study team, said the report would contain recom-

Goldcrest board supports offer from joint venture

THE FATE of Goldcrest Films and Television, the Oscarwinning but loss-making film past five years. Box office company, has been decided after months of wrangling.

Goldcrest's board yesterday recommended an offer from Masterman, a foint venture between the Brent Walker Group, the UK leisure and property from Mr Earl Mack, a New York development group, and Ensign Trust, the investment trust control of Goldcrest's man. Trust, the investment trust con-trolled by the Merchant Navy agement.

Coal Board Pension Fund and Electra Investment Trust—have indicated their assent to the offer, which values the company at £6.8m in loan-stock, or £4.86m in cash.

Goldcrest had been for sale informally since the beginning shareholders."

without consulting Masterman, which had made a preliminary offer.

Goldcrest confirmed yesterday that it had received another bid during the two-week period, but turned it down "as it was not in the interests of informally since the beginning shareholders."

rire.
jected by a narrow margin a bid
from Mr Earl Mack, a New York
property developer, which had
the support of Goldcrest's man-

Officers' Pension Fund.

Goldcrest's main shareholders
—including Pearson, which publishes the Financial Times, the without consulting Masterman,

Hanimex plans to expand in Europe by acquisitions

Mr Peter Samwell, newly-

nd Belgium. year by Chase Corporation, a His predecessor, Mr John New Zealand investment group.

HANIMEX, an Australian Cashmore, will take charge of photographic and audio-visual the European business, to be group, is planning to expand run from offices to be opened further in Britain and on the Continent from a base to be established near London.

Cashmore, will take charge of photographic and audio-visual the European business, to be close to Heathrow Airport.

The restructuring also includes rationalisation of UK operations. The Vivitar sub-sidiary will close its Abingdon, Oxfordshire, offices, and move into Hanimex UK's Swindon Mr Peter Samwell, newlyappointed managing director of Oxfordahire, offices, and move Hanimex UK, said yesterday the company was looking for acquisitions to reinforce and extend its existing operations beyond the UK, France, West Germany Pany, in 1985, was bought on the Chase Corporation, as the chase corporation of the chase corporation.

Electronic components maker in link with Seiko

ponents in the most modern development costs, telecommunications transmission equipment, which is based the connectors to domestic and on fibre optic technology. They continental customers. It is were previously made by Seiko seeking annual sales of about in Japan but will now be profilm initially but hopes this duced at Dubilier's plant at figure will increase rapidly if Harlow, Essex.

DUBILIER, an Oxfordshire- Mr Chris Bean, Dubilier based electronics components managing director, said the manufacturer, is to make company had been thinking of fibre optic connectors under making the connectors in licence for Seiko, the Japanese Europe on its own but the electronics group.

The connectors are key comittee could have on research and

Accountancy investment regulation plan set out

By Richard Waters, Accountancy Corres

THREE chartered accountancy bodies yesterday unveiled plans for regulating

business.

Up to 15,000 firms of accountants could fall within the scope of the regulations, required by the Financial Services Act.

vices Act.
Firms relying on investment business for up to 20 per cent of their fees will be permitted to be regulated by the three bodies — the Institute of Chartered Accountants in England and Wales, the Institute of Chartered Accountants of of Chartered Accountants of Scotland, and the Institute of Chartered Accountants in Ire-

Firms earning more than this from advising on invest-ments, arranging deals and investment management will need to seek authorisation from a self-regulatory organisation

(SRO).
The 20 per cent rule means The 20 per cent rule means that large firms can earn more than £20m from investment business and still be regulated by their professional body. This is likely to bring renewed calls for tighter regulation of accounting firms.

"There will be a lot of people foaming at the mouth about

There will be a lot of people foaming at the mouth about that," said the Financial Intermediaries, Managers and Brokers Regulatory Association. Investment businesses have argued in the past that members of recognised professional bodies will set off lightly under the financial services legislation.

The Securities and Investments Board, which has yet to

ments Board, which has yet to receive a formal application for receive a formal application for recognition from the three accountancy bodies, claims that accountants will not slip! through the net. It says: "The act requires RPBs to provide assurance which is at least equivalent to that provided by the SROs. It is not important that 20 per cent is a lot of that 20 per cent is a lot of

Accountancy Sime already "subject to a degree of regulation," says the SIB. The accountancy bodies claim that this makes it easier and cheaper for them to regulate their members. Firms regulated by the RPBs will be sorted into one of four categories, depending on the complexity of investment

business they carry out. The category will determine the level of regulation to which they will be subject. Not all accounting firms will find it cheaper to be regulated by an SRO than an RPB. The cost of regulation to a sole by an SKO man an AFA.

cost of regulation to a sole practitioner at the lowest level of complexity is expected to be figo, compared with Fimbra's food. A firm with just under 100 partners and involved in the least complex level of investment business will pay fa,000 to Fimbra and up to f6,500 to the institutes, depending on its number of offices.

Sign General of Fair Trading, is ruary 1987. The aum was up to take 11 shipowning compared with Fimbra's panies to the Restrictive Practices Court for operating a for supply vessels.

Secret price-fixing agreement in supply vessels for North Sea charter.

The agreement, operated by garticipant as group known as the Coffee gation by the Office of Fair referred to by participants as was declared void since details coffee mornings, was revealed had not been supplied while it

Hotel chains boycott tourist board ratings By David Churchill,

SEVERAL LEADING hotel chains are boycotting the hotel classification scheme intro-duced earlier this year by the tourist boards in England, Scot-land and Wales.

The scheme, which awards crowns to hotels instead of the traditional stars, was intro-duced to give a more objective guide to hotel facilities. It is ndependent of the star rating system used by motoring organisations for their mem-

bers.

However, leading hotel groups, including Trusthouse Forte (THF), which has more than 200 hotels, and Crest, with more than 45 UK hotels, are among the chains still refusing to take part in the crown scheme several months after its introduction.

THE said vectoriar "Its THF said yesterday: "It's confusing and full of anoma-

operating because the scheme did not meet the needs of its hotels or customers. The top hotels are concerned that the crown system does not subjective factors that contri-bute to giving them four or five-star ratings.

The crown classifications are

based on factors such as the provision of dining rooms, room service, trouser presses or hairdryers.

The English Tourist Board said yesterday it regretted that some groups were not partici-pating in the scheme.

Pontin buys restaurant stake By Lise Wood

SIR FRED PONTIN, the 80-year-old former proprietor of the Pontin's holiday camps, is moving into the restaurant business with the acquisition of nearly 15 per cent of Pontis, the London restaurant and some limits.

Amount of the speaking on BBC radio she said: "In my view the attempt of the Pontin's holiday camps, is moving into the restaurant business with the acquisition of nearly 15 per cent of Pontis, the London restaurant and some limits.

However, Dr Owen, who re-fine and some limits are month.

Speaking on BBC radio she said: "In my view the attempt of the suggest that the name of the SDP and part of the ESDP should be taken by the group that lost the ballot is to depth against the whole said: nearly 15 per cent of Ponti's, the London restaurant and fast

Kevin Brown looks at the conflict between spending limits and pleasing rail users Grant cuts sidetrack BR efficiency drive

MAJOR GENERAL Lennox Napier, late of the Royal Regiment of Wales and now the

mittee—the statutory consumer body for rall passengers—it is Gen Napier's job to tell the Government what is wrong with BR from the passengers' point

of view.

The catalogue of complaints The catalogue of complaints in this year's CTCC annual report includes every conceivable irritant from station catering to rolling stock design, from train cancellations to the shortage of station telephones but the issue which stands head and shoulders above the rest is the treatment of commuters pertreatment of commuters, par-ticularly in London, where BR handles 38 per cent of the mar-

ket.
"It is now high time that the quality of service provided for the commuter, both on Network South East and in the provin-vial cities, is given the highest possible priority by British
Rail and the Government Commuters have suffered enough,"
Gan Napier tells the Govern-

sympathetic hearing among many of the 420,000 commuters who use Network SouthEast every day and who often have to stand for long periods at peak hours.
Some of those standing

passengers may not realise that Network SouthEast actually plans to have up to 35 passengers standing at peak times in each sliding-door train, and 10 in the old slamming-door trains. · stock.

Even these limits were exceeded last year — by an average 4.3 per cent — because the number of trains was cut just as passenger numbers were

rising.

BR faces problems in responding to complaints such as those from Gen Napier, largely because of the constraints imposed by the expenditure targets set by the

the last three years and a tough instruction to achieve a further 25 per cent cut by 1990.

Regiment of Wales and now the official British Rail watchdog, is not a man to pull his punches.

As chairman of the Central Transport Consultative Committee—the statutory consumer body for rail passengers—it is Gen Napier's job to tell the sear and a target of £167m in 1983 to £167m in 1983.

\$22m in 1983 to £186m last year, and a target of £187m in three years' time (all at current prices).

How the next stage of this loss-cutting process is to be achieved, while at the same time responding to complaints like those from Gen Napier, is not clear. The broad strategy in the corporation's plan for the next five years is based on contain-

ment of costs through produc-tivity improvements and a boost in receipts from To cut costs, BR is relying on savings from the introduc-tion of driver-only trains, together with reductions in rolling stock maintenance costs—

partly through stock replacement—and a review of staff On the revenue side, Network SouthEast has had a stroke of luck over the last two years because a long-term trend towards decline in commuter numbers has been reversed. The number of passenger luttrens increased of passenger journeys increased by 9 per cent between 1984 and 1986 and a further 4.5 per cent

last year.

last year.

As a result passenger revenue is substantially higher than was predicted in the 1985 corporate plan—it rose 10 per cent last year to £660m and BR is forecasting a further rise of £46m a year by 1991-92.

This trend has been accompanied by a considerable marketing success with the one-day Capitalcard, which combines a return train journey with the freedom of London's Tubes and buses. Capitalcard contributes turnover of £40m to Network turnover of £40m to Network SouthEast.

BR executives recognise, how-

ever, that passengers have to be persuaded that service levels are continually improving if there is to be consistent long-

Network SouthEast QUALITY OF SERVICE PERFORMANCE OBJECTIVE Punctuality trains arriving within 5 mins of 90% 91% right time 98.4% Load factors magamum for eliding door trains maximum for stam door trains 135% average loading 110% meximum standing time on any train Cleaning exterior delly weekly interior four weekly 100% 87% 100% Customer response tim telephone enquiry bureax calls answered within 30 seconds 95% 77% ticket office queues contemers waiting no longer than five minutes at peak times (three minutes off peak) system being set up to monitor waiting

lines out of Charing Cross, Victoria an Liverpool Street stations—a view that may not be shared on some other lines. The network's problems are being attacked through a £952m investment programme planned over the next five years. The principal elements are:

Trains—£383m for rolling stock replacement programme represents only principal elements are:

Trains—£383m for rolling stock replacement programme represents only about 3 per cent of the Network fleet per year, however. It also stock on the Bedford-Moorgate and Waterloo-Bournemouth and which the fleet was severely reduced, though this trend has been reversed.

(May 1989). Plans are also being considered for electrification of Bedford-Kettering-Corby; Cambridge Kings Lynn; Portsmouth-Southampton and Reading/Ton-

bridge.
Among other projects being Anding other projects being planned are:

Reopening closed Victorian tunnels and bridges to provide a north-south service across London to be known as Thames-link. This is due to open next.

year.

• Improvements to sirport services—a fast and frequent link to Stansted is due to open soon. Flans are being considered to upgrade the hourly night service to Luton and eventually to provide a high-tech "peoplemover" link from Luton station to the sirport.

In addition, Network South-Rast has but forward proposals for a £75m high speed electric link between Paddington and Heathrow, with trains running every 15 minutes and a journey time of 16 minutes.

time of 16 minutes. BR says the scheme would be profitable but government approval is not expected until a decision has been reached on the proposed fifth terminal at

Reathrow.

The cross-party Commons transport committee noted in a recent report on the financing of rail services that Network of rail services that Network SouthFast provided a cost-effective and efficient means of moving vast numbers of com-muters but both the transport committee and the central con-sultative committee questioned whether the tight financial con-trol being courted on the system. trol being exerted on the system by the Government was sensible

policy,
The financing of NSE should not be seen purely in the light of a tight public serthe light of a tight public service operating grant target. The complementary role that road and rail can play in London needs to be fully assessed, and funds should be available to enable rail to meet sensible transport objectives," the MPs said

largely because of the constraints imposed by the expenditure targets set by the Government.

The Government's priority, as with other gublic services, as to reduce the level of subsidies as a contribution to the general attempt to cut public. For British Rail as a whole, this has meant a 25 per cent cut in the public services operating grant, which subsidies a passenger services, over sidises passenger services, over sidises passenger services, over sidises passenger services, over sidises passenger services, over sides as a continually improving it term and Paddington suburban services (1989); Waterloo and services (1989); Waterloo and services (1989); Waterloo and services (1989); Waterloo and there are looked, in general paddington suburban services (1989); Waterloo and there are continually improving it termand Paddington suburban services (1989); Waterloo and services (1989); Waterloo and there are continually improving it termand Paddington suburban services are continually improving it termand Paddington suburban services (1989); Waterloo and there are continually improving it termand Paddington suburban services (1989); Waterloo and there gublic services, (1991) and Paddington suburban services (1989); Waterloo and Paddington suburban services on Stations such as those planned services of Hollour Viaduct services of Hollour Viaduct services on Service provided for passenger services on Kent lines in Burbane services on Kent lines in Burbane services on Kent lines in Burbane service on Kent lines in Burbane service on Kent lines in Burbane service on Kent lines said.
Gen Napier went further,

Gun law

review

ordered

By Our Political Staff

AN URGENT review of fire-arms controls was ordered yes-terday by Mr Douglas Hurd, Home Secretary, following the Hungerford shootings. Mr Hurd met senior depart-ment officials vectorday and

kov.
The officials will also look at

whether firearms should be kept in homes rather than locked away in club houses and

how many weapons should be listed on gun licences.

An amnesty on illegal arms which was last held more than 20 cases are will also he

20 years ago, will also be

Mr Hurd will consult the police and shooting organisa-tions about possible changes.

OFT brings case against shipowners

SIR GORDON BORRIE, Direct between March 1986 and Feb. one affected by the operation Lloyd, and Bugge Supply Ships.

referred to by participants as coffee mornings, was revealed in the Financial Times in April.

The Coffee Club operated

up short-term charter grounds for seeking damages against the parties. Supply vessels are used by the oil companies for deliveries and support services to explora-tion and drilling rigs.

The companies named by the

The group is believed to have collapsed because of under-cutting by outsiders. Members were said to have been desperate to halt a decline in charter rates caused by a cut in oil-field exploration activity.

Mr Hurd met senior department officials yesterday and asked them to draw up proposals to put before the Cabinet, probably next month. The officials have been told to look at a wide range of issues arising from last week's killings and these could involve legislative as well as administrative changes.

Among the proposals likely to be considered is a ban on the public ownership of semi-autometic weapons similar to the Kalasnnikov rifie used by Michael Ryan who shot dead 16 people at Hungerford.

Mr Frank Dobson, shadow Leader of the House, on Sunday urged the Government to ban the possession at home of weapons such as the Kalashnikov.

The officials will size look at

restorday pulsowing an investor at the companies named by the office of Fair OFT are: Seaforth Maritime, The Restrictive Practices Frading. But the agreement Stirling Shipping, Ocean Inches and not been supplied while it was in operation.

The companies named by the Court has no powers to punish the operators of a secret price-standard properties. Suffolk Marine, TNT fixing agreement, except in the OFT said yesterday any-Zapata Gulf Marine, Smit to have re-activated it.

Random breathalyser tests Doctors face steep rise in cost of damages cover for drivers rejected

BY HAZEL DUFFY

DOCTORS face another steep nervous sheek to near relatives. increase next year in the cost • Patients' rising expectations increase next year in the cost of their cover against damages

The Medical Protection Soci-The Medical Protection Society announced yesterday that annual subscriptions would rise from £576 to £1,080 from January 1 and the Medical Defence Union announced a similar increase. All doctors must belong to one of these mutual aid societies, or to the equivalent body in Scotland.

The reasons for the increases include: Awards are rising, in some

Awards are rising, in some cases steeply—the recent record £1,032,000 awarded to former student Mr Samir Abul-Hosan in respect of brain damage was £400,000 above the previous high.

People are more aware they can sue the medical profession for damages—relaxation of the advertising rules for solicitors has led to some offering their services on medical negligence.

The judiciary is expanding categories for which damages may be awarded, for instance

from medicine. ● A change in people's atti-

tudes towards doctors and what they can be expected to achieve. Advances in medical science, which means that patients who in the past might have died may survive surgery but suffer cardiac arrest or meningitis and therefore be dependent for the rest of their lives.
Claims sometimes take several years to come to court. The societies are therefore raising their subscriptions in anticipation of higher levels of settlements for claims that are in the ninelime.

settlements for claims that are in the pipeline.
Doctors start paying the full rate subscription after five years but the new rate will fall particularly hard on lower-paid junior hospital doctors. The subscription is tax deductible, so falls less harshly on higher-paid doctors. Anticipation of the rates is taken into account, however, for general practitionars by their pay review body.

SPECULATION that the deaths a year and is linked to Government was considering more than a quarter of all road introducing random breathaly- accidents. SPECULATION

need random tests.

He said the police were any already catching 8,000 people as month driving with more than the legal limit of alcohol in their blood.

drink any alchohol and then to drive.

"We have reduced drinking and driving by two-thirds; But we are still left with 7m people—like you and me—who on some occasion during the year drink and then drive, not necessarily above the limit. We have got to get the 7m of us to cut it out."

Brinking and driving is res-

Drinking and driving is responsible for more than 1,000

ser tests to catch drink-drivers was rebutted yesterday by the Transport Department.
Mr Peter Bottomley, Transport Minister, said on BBC Television that Britain did not

The Transport Department confirmed that the Government

introduce random breath tests. It said the latest reports considered by the Government had indicated there was no case for any immediate change in the However, experiences in

countries such as Australia, where stricter drinking limits A more effective response were being imposed on young would be if everybody watching the interview accepted that it was a menace to society to drink any alchohol and then to drive.

"We have reduced drinking department as been regard. A report involving eight department represented." earlier this year that government road safety campaigns should stop using paid advertisements to get their message The report, Boad Safety; The

The Criminal Justice Bill, which parily deals with firearms, has still to complete its passage through Parliament but separate legislation will probably be required for any significant changes. Next Steps, said money would be better spent on "wider ranging promotional activities

ficant changes. The Home Office said after the meeting that Mr Hurd had discussed with officials a range of issues identified last week by Mr Douglas Hogg, Home Office Minister.

OTC company in pottery move

THE WEYMOUTH CLINIC, an over the counter company which was set up to deal in the treatment of dietary problems, yesterday apnounced it was moving into the pottery indus-Weymouth, a shell company

weymouth, a shell company which has not traded since July, is to acquire James Kent, a wholly-owned subsidiary of Rock, the engineering group, and Berkshire China, a company owned by the incoming management of the combined business which will be called County Patterles. County Potteries. A rights issue, to be fully underwritten by Herva Securities, will raise £1.2m Hervard

Steel to urge Owen not to form own party

MR DAVID STEEL, Liberal Williams, SDP president, releader, plans to make a strong newed her criticism of those in appeal to Dr David Owen at a Dr Owen's camp who were meeting tomorrow not to set up a seking to keep the party's a splinter SDP as a rival to a name and part of its assets for newly-merged Alliance party.

At their first face-to-face lost by 45 per cent to 57 per meeting since the SDP membership voted in favour of a merger earlier this month.

Speaking on BBC radio she sald: "In my view the attempt the metions of the face of history.

He is also expected to go

the London restaurant and fast food company.

Sir Fred paid about £350,000 a secret location in southern it clear that there is a very further plans a listing on the Unlisted Securities Market to a merged party.

Meanwhile, Mrs Shirley negotiations that are now to The question remains

He is also expected to go through the motions of trying

Although Dr Owen will refuse to sign up with the merged party, his office argues that he still wants a good working

whether or not Dr Owen and any SDP MPs who refused to join the new party would face opposition in their sexts at the next election. Mr Steel will be able to point out that a splinter SDP would face opposition in local elections next May from the newly merged Alliance Party.

through the motions of trying The SDP MPs will meet at to persuade Dr Owen to change Westminster on Thursday and his mind and join the new an attempt will be made by Alliance party, but there is those against a merger to stop little optimism that he will Mr Robert Macleman, member for Caithness and Sutherland from going abead with his nomination for the leadership. Dr Owen is expected to speak from the floor of the SDP gon-ference at Portsmouth on

حكذا من الأصل

BY DAYID FISHLOCK, SCIENCE EDITOR

PUBLIC apathy is hampering Rritain in making more effective use of science and technology, scropting to Sir Kenneth Durkam, former chairman of

He told the annual conference of the British Association for the Advancement of Science, in the Anvaricament of Science, in his presidential address last night, that another problem was an educational system which reflected or promoted apathy.

British industry had also been less skilful than its international competitors in harness that the party of the property of the prope

pational competitors in harnessing new technology, while governments simply did not see what their role was in either promoting the importance of science or funding research. He believed that industry should fund what he called "big D", or development — the most expensive part of the science and technology spectrum. Govern and technology spectrum. Government should concentrate on research projects likely to be important to the country but unlikely to be funded by

industry.

Sir Kenneth, asking the question "Who cares about science?" said Britain had got itself into a quite ridiculous situation in which the public did not care much about science and sometimes was even hostile towards science and technology. He accused political parties of paying "only lip service to the crucial impact of science on the world economy."

Their economic advisers had

not fully grasped or understood the rising importance of the new scientific dimension in the sational and world economy. Many who had graduated from British universities this

would be required frequently to respond to changes in tech-nelogy in whatever occupation they chose,
He said: "They will be

required to do this more frequently than ever before and at an increasingly sophisticated

Technology - driven change meant British companies must react positively to maintain, let alone to increase, productivity and competitiveness.

"No acceptable reasons" had

It meant top management had to be committed to science-led change. "I am absolutely clear that the leadership for change must come from the chairmen or the managing directors of our com-panies."

Developments in solid-state physics and the micro-electronics that came from them were great levellers. "No group of personnel or type of business is impune from these develop-

There was a time when new technology came relatively slowly and, although it threatened the shop floor, it did not affect management much. 'But now we are all threatened. from the board downwards and none more so than the middle

Sir Kenneth quoted a US study suggesting that in engineering companies the "half-life" of an engineer, the time for which his training remained adequate. was only about five years, while the Japanese were suggesting it would fall to three years.

The cost of retraining at all levels was high and was theresummer knew little about fore a compelling reason for a genee and were largely company chairman to take a unaware of its impact on their keen interest on the implicatives or on society. Yet they tions for his profitability.

N Sea oil terminal to sell electricity to national grid

141

It will be the first time that the national grid has bought electricity frum a North Sea aperator. The supply will start in the spring and will provide for the purchase of up to 9 Mw of electricity, equivalent to about half the summer consumption of the Orkney Islands.

Since 1983 private companies have been able to sell surplus electricity to the national grid. At present nearly all of this comes from combined heat Island.

OCCIDENTAL PETROLEUM and power generating schemes yesterday amounced plans to sell spare electricity from its oil terminal in the Orkney Islands to the North of Scotland Hydro-Electric Board.

It will be the first time that

efficiency.

Occidental's Flotta terminal has six gas-fired generators with a combined capacity of 18 Mw. more then twice the manufacturer.

September 8, 12 cent from September 8, 12 increase since December 18 Mw. more then twice the increasing production of from the manufacturer. 18 Mw. more then twice the terminal's power requirement. Two of the generators are idle Occidental said the deal would allow it greater flexibility in disposing of its surplus gas, which until now it has intermittently sold to the board's generator on Flotta Island. company said. Some models are not affected,

Swedish rubber group buys Birmingham company

TRELLEBORG, the Swedish it acquired in 1980 and subserubber products group, has quently restructured to concenacquired Technical Polymers of
Birmingham for an undisclosed
sim as part of its plan to
strengthen its position in the
UK market for extruded rubber
products.

Technical Polymers has a
Andersson managing director.

Technical Polymers has a surrover of about £2.5m and employs 60. It manufactures extruded rubber and PVC products which are used for sealings, for example around windows and doors.

The company is to be merged with Trelleborg's subsidiary. Vaernamo Gummifabrik, which

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Gas board opposes **MacGregor** nomination

SIR DENIS ROOKE, chairman of British Gas, has written to am private shareholders urging them not to support the elec-tion of Sir Ian MacGregor, former chairman of the coal and steel industries, to the main board.

The board was already well equipped with members "with wide experience of industry in the public and the private sector " and were " unanimously

"No acceptable reasons" had been given for the move which the hoard believed was " against the interests of the general body of shareholders and customers for a director to be appointed to look after the interests of one section of customers.

"The directors broadly represent the interests of all shareholders, as they do under the present board."

The attempt to appoint Sir Ian is due to be made at Thursday's first annual meeting of British Gas at the National Exhibition Centre, Birmingham. Although Sir Ian is unlikely to be present, he has apparently not objected to the nomination.

His name has been put forward by Mr Philip Wright, managing director of Sheffield Forgemasters, a private steel maker which complained to the director general of fair trading that it is being overcharged by

that it is being overcharged by British Gas.

Rejecting Mr Wright's complaint, Sir Denis wrote: "We think that we supply gas to them at a fair price and are in the course of responding to the Office of Fair Trading. We do not think they should be able to improve their bargalning position by being represented on the board."

His letter accompanies an official circular by the company secretary outlining the proposed election. The corporation's election. The corporation's biographical note about Sir Ian credits him with 14 other current directorships, on such companies as Lazard Freres, Highland Express and Clyde Cablevision. It makes no reference to his previous industrial appointments.

Subaru car prices to rise by 3% SUBARU is to increase prices by an average of 3 per cent from September 8, the first increase since December. The price rises are due to

Nick Bunker looks at a big life company's switch in emphasis Man from the Pru changes policy

He was due to give the housewife a cheque for the proceeds of a life assurance policy. The husband met him at the door with a 12-bore shotgun.

"We handled that case in the end by correspondence," says Mr Len Parsley, district manager for Prudential Corporation in central London.

Mr Parsley trained as a printing compositor but he "saw the writing on the wall," and joined the Pru, Twanty years



in the dialect of Britain's biggest life insurer) to cover an oblong territory hugging the north bank of the Thames from west London to the City.

Once upon a time-though the Pru is different now...their daily round was dominated by one main task called "walking the debit." That was the phrase describing the mouthly job of collecting from working folk the small sums that went to pay for the Pru's old "industrial branch" (IB) policies.

They called it walking the debit because each Pru agent kept his accounts in a ledger called a debit book.

called a debit book.

Sometimes, when Mr Parsley was an agent outside London in the 1970s, policy-holders would leave the premium money in hiscrit tins in the garden shed, or on top of the cistern in the outside toilet.

There are ageing customers in central London who still pay 1,5p a month to keep in force an IB policy taken out before the Second World War.

Mastly they bought them to

Mostly they bought them to Mostly they bought them to sign income, meet the costs of a decent. That would put him among funeral. The premius were the Pru's top 10 national sales-

BY TERRY BYLAND

A MAN from the Pru rang the small and the proceeds were doorbell not long ago of a modest because of the cost of household in Shepherd's Bush, collecting the money door-todoor every four weeks.

Cashed in now, an old pennya-week policy from the 1930s yields about £200. "It should just about buy a bunch of flowers," says one of Mr Parsley's four section managers.

The old IB business has ceased to be the agents' main-stay. The Pru has changed, and faster than the other old industrial life companies, such as the Pearl, Refuge and Britannic. The Pru is selling unit trusts, buying estate agencies and it sends its London field staff to Watford for residential courses

to learn about how to sell personal pensions The Pru's new red and silver logo, symbolising its new image as a dynamic financial services group, features on "for sale" boards in front of Art-Deco villas among the golf courses of south Buckinghamshire.

Mr Parsley keeps a row of management books by Peter Drucker and Robert Heller on the desk in his office above an Yves St Laurent boutique in Sloane Street, Knightsbridge. "Are you a winner disguised as

Mr Jack Gabb, a section man-ager who looks after six agents between Holborn and Pimlico says: "We used to be cash collectors who sold a bit. Now the idea is to be salesmen who collect a bit." Agents used to sell perhaps one with-profits policy a month. Now, they reckon on two a week. The routine can be hard and

the hours unsocial. In central London, the routine includes spaces, frequent wheel-clamp customers who are away, or "Some people crack up.

They have breakdowns," says Mr Parsley, Others, like him, feel they were born for the job.
An agent who sells hard can
make £29,000 or £30,000 a year
plus £720 expenses in central
London, of which £5,900 at most is salary. The rest is commis-

SE confirms substantial inter-market business



Len Parsley: modern outlook faces old image

men and win him a place at the "star dinners" it holds for its best and brightest. Mr Parsley's lowest paid agent is making just under £13,000 in his

The work stretches across weekends and holidays because company policy dictates that each agent must give his home telephone number to all his customers.

Agents have about 600 cus
the Pearl and the Pru have always been the same—dependable, honest and boring."

Out on the street Mr Gabb shakes his head. "It's the old problem," he says. "It takes a long time to change your image." weekends and holidays because company policy dictates that each agent must give his home telephone number to all his

Welsh urban development grants 'successful'

775

By Anthony Moreton Weish Corresponden

dozen calls on a Sunday morn

ing when he was a rank-and-file

The Pru aims to settle a death claim within 24 hours, whatever the agent's plans. "Often, the old lady will still be in tears," says Mr Gabb, a former works:

OB policies cover life and pensions premiums other than

the old IB type and Mr Parsley's 24 agents collected between them £2m of OB premiums last

GB is for fire, theft, motor and liability insurance, and here they took £1.1m.

Administration of all three types, including claims process-

ing, eats up so much time that an agent in central London may

have only one day a week completely free for making

the road, to finish perhaps at 10 pm. Mr Gabb starts one

afternoon by calling on an office

block where he knows a small businessman who may want an executive pension scheme. The

He leaves his car in Bow Street and risks a wheel-clamp-

street and risks a wheel-clamp-ing while he rings a woman in her 20s who has just had a child and may want a life assurance policy as a way of saving for

school fees. She is not there.

He thinks he might strike gold when he calls on a second-

floor office in Covent Garden. The tenant, a small business-

man, is claiming £300 on his contents policy for a stolen video recorder. Mr Gabb tries to interest him in an employers'

to interest nim in an employers liability policy, or a pension scheme for his staff.

"I'm sorry," says the businessman, he already has them with other companies. "I just didn't think of the Pru. To me, the Pearl and the Pru have livery hear the same depart.

manager in a wax factory.

DEVELOPMENT grants in Wales have helped An agent's weekday starts with a morning of paperwork at home, keeping up-to-date three branch" (OB) and "general branch" (GB) policies. regenerate rundown areas by restoring derelict land and buildings, have attracted significant private investment and been undertaken at a relatively low cost per job created.

> These are the main conclusions of a report published for the Weish Office today, which looks at the working of the Government initiative in four since the grants were intro-duced in 1982.

The study, prepared by a team from the University of Wales Institute of Science and Technology under Dr J. Alden, showed that the leverage of At 2 pm, the agent starts on the post, and the capital to public investment was in all cases below the Welsh average but that there are many other benefits. to be considered besides the overall net gain produced by the UDG for each project area has been much greater than that shown by the leverage ratio alone."

The report was welcomed by Mr Ian Grist, Welsh Under-Secretary, "The benefits de-rived from individual projets can make significant contributions to the economic and social wellbeing of an area as well as helping to create better environment," he said.

The cost per job created in the four areas — Aberdare, Rhymney in mid-Glamorgan, outside Llanelli - varies from just under £1,000 to less than £3,000, and in each case nearly local people, many of whom were previously unemployed.

In addition each of the projects on completion "made a useful contribution to rate income as well as to personal

To the end of 1985 the Government had backed 32 projects in Wales to the tune of £18.4m. The private sector had put £90.5m into the scheme. This was a slightly higher ratio than that achieved in England during the same time when £85.4m of public money attracted private sector investment worth £354m.

The university team is also undertaking a related study into the largest undertaken urban development grant in Wales — £2.5m towards the building of a hotel in Cardin.

1985

2,879,030

7,304,659

1,046,163

782,238

410,867

598,856

223,905

14,760,850

1,739,037

esnism that inter-market business—deals between market making firms—makes up a substantial part of daily turnover in Government bonds and domestic \$26.52bm, or 46 per cent, of the month's total of £57.27bm,

Assicurazioni Generali S.p.A.

equities.
Of the \$93.58bn turnover in

Statistics on UK securities

trading for last month, pub-lished by the Stock Exchange.

£48.26hm, or 51 per cent represented inter-market In domestic

was inter-dealer business. The proportion was £903.8m or 7.4 per cent out of £12.11bn

equities and fixed interest stocks — trading originated by institutional or private investors outside the market —was down 7.2 per cent at £92.19bn. Markets reached 1987 peaks and then fell

total, while gilt-edged cus-tomer business fell 20.2 per cent to \$45.32bn. The statistics bear witness to the increase in intermarket trading since Big Bang. The substantial Bang.

increase in the number of market making firms has made the London market The domestic equity portion dipped to £30.76bn, a fall of 17,6 per cent against the June more competitive.

FENERALI

1986 Consolidated Statement

1986 Highlights

(000 US Dollars)	1986	1985
Premiums written	2,641,650	2,519,226
Premiums ceded	- 415,395	- 349,324
Net premiums	2,226,255	2,169,902
Net investment income	545,236	508,019
Technical interest allocated to Life funds	- 272,812	- 249,204
Insurance underwriting result	- 70,606	94,772
Sundry income and expenditure	<u>- 18,365</u>	<u> </u>
Operating profit	183,453	146,595
Profit on sale of properties and securities	67,059	63,117
Unrealized capital losses on securities Allocation to reserve for realized	- 10,788	- 7,833
capital gains to be reinvested	- 16,373	- 22,793
Taxes	- 61,970	- 51,674
Total other items	- 22,072	- 19,183
Profit for the year	161,381	127,412

ASSETS (000 US Dollars)

Profit for the year

Building and farm property Fixed-interest securities Shares (including Associates) Mortage and policy loans Deposits with Ceding Companies Bank deposits Accounts receivable and other assets LIABILITIES (000 US Dollars) Provisions for insurance liabilities Reinsurance deposits Other liabilities Minority shareholders' interest Shareholders' surplus

14,760,850 12,992,032 11,395,193 189,241 179,999 1,504.765 1,381,855 262,039 215,839 1,529,984 1,364,059

All of above-listed figures have been converted at the rate of exchange of Lire 1,351.10 to the US Dollar.

- Gross premiums written by the Company totalled US\$ 2,641.6m of which US\$ 842.9m for Life and US\$ 1,798.7m for Non-Life.
- Total investments reached US\$ 6,072m showing a growth of 17,8%.
- Net investment income totalled US\$ 545.2m showing a growth of 16.8% at homogeneous conditions. The average yield has been 9.7%, Realized capital gains generated from the sale of securities amounted to US\$ 50.7m and from the sale for properties to US\$ 16.4m which were allocated to the reserve for realized capital gains to
- The year's profit, showing a growth of 26.7% over the previous year, amounted to US\$ 161.4m of which US\$ 86.4m for Life and US\$ 75m for
- Profit per share (Pollars) 0.922 1.019 Profit Dividend 0.4440.444Pay-nut natio (per cent)
- US\$ 67.7m from the year's profit were allocated to the extraordinary reserve. The shareholders' surplus including the year's profit resched US\$ 1,026.2m showing an increase
- of US\$ 116.5m over the previous year. • The dividend amounts to US\$ 0.444 per share, showing an increase of 40% ever 1985 taking into account the increase of the capital from 250 to 350 billion Lire.
- The General Meeting approved the increase of the capital from 350 to 420 billion Lire through the sue of bonus shares - hearing dividends as from January 1. 1987 - to be assigned to the lders in the proportion of 1 new share for every 5 shares held.
- Head Office in Trieste (Italy)

- This Balance Sheet consolidates 49 insurance companies operating in some forty markets, (including 6 Europ Assistance companies), 17 financial, 20 property and 3 agricultural compa-nies where Generali directly or indirectly holds more than 50% of the shares.
- Gross premiums amounted to US\$ 5,803.5m (+9%), of which US\$ 1,771.6 for Life and US\$ 4,031.9 for Non-Life. The geographical break-down is as follows: Italy 35%; other EEC Countries 41.2%; rest of Europe 19.2%; rest of the world 4.6%.
- Investments total US\$ 14,849.7m (+14%).
- Investment income amounts to US\$ 1,296.9m (+9.5%) of which 65.9% is produced by fixed-interest securities, 16.4% property, 5% shares, 4.3% bank deposits and 8.4% other
- The provisions for insurance liabilities amount to US\$ 12,992m (+14%).

1986

3,005,467

8.482.512

1,392,861

937,140

638,559

1,924,792

296,404

16,774,465

- The shareholders' surplus amounts to US\$ 1,754.5m and 87.2% belongs to the Parent Company, the minority interest being 12.8%.
- The profit for the year increased by 32.4% to US\$ 296.4m and originated from:

(DOO US Dollars)	1986	1985
Parent Company's profit	161,381	127,412
Profit of the other		_
Companies	191,547	130,928
Consolidation		
adjustments	-19,028	-10,939
Consolidated profit	333,900	247,401
Minority interest	-37,496	-23,496
Profit for the year	296,404	223.905

Parent Company: Assicurazioni Generali

TICINO, Switzerland's Italianspeaking canton, is trying to marry competitive industry with quality of life. Its current experiment in regional indus-trial development offers Europe's small businessmen very favourable conditions for testing the opportunities.

The clue to success lies in Ti-cino's climate - in more senses than one. The canion adds to the attraction of living and run-ning a business on the sunny southern slope of the Alps by assidously nurturing an entre-preneurial climate. Official pol-icy is blased in favour of free enterprise and financial sup-port for the right kind of indus-trialist.

Investors, such as Justus Dor-nier of the West German air-craft manufacturing family, find in the cauton a working climate combining Latin inspiration with German discipline which they believe is particularly apt for modern, innovative produc-tion and marketing. Dornier has invested in a plant making advanced equipment for the semi-conductor industry. More mundane mass products

More mundane mass products are also being manufactured successfully. By an innovative adaptation of cast extrusion machines, Exten, which has only 36 employees, is producing 24 hours a day, seven days a week, multi-layered polyethelene for disposable nannies which it disposable napples which it sells (hroughout Europe. Since 1982 Exten has invested

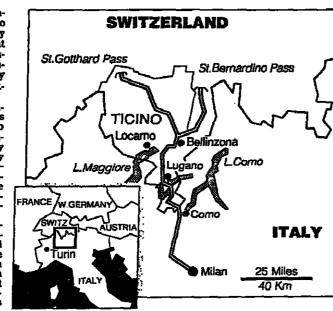
roughly SFr500,000 (£202,000) per job and is winning a return on its investment of about 20 per cent, according to Marco Ca-

sella, its managing director. Ticino is small business country par excellence. With a population of only 275,000 in an area of 2,800 square kilometres, it sports some 470 enterprises. About 10 per cent of the labour

force is self-employed. An arrowhead with its base on the Alps and its point thrust on the Arps and its point mission to Italian Lombardy, Ticino was for centuries one of the poorer regions of Europe, reaping only minor benefits from being on a trans-Alpine route. The St Gotthard pass and, later, the railway tunnel brought most advantage to its German-speaking neighbours to the north.

Many Ticinesi emigrated to North and South America in the 1920s and 1930s but in the postwar period the canton experi-enced a remarkable improvement in living standards. By 1985 per capita income had reached SFr26,300 (£10.690). still some 16 per cent below the Swiss average but Ticino was no longer one of the poorest can-

Expansion of the tourist in-dustry, concentrated round the northern part of Lake Maggiore and Lugano, was one factor. The building of the motorways, one is its proximity to Lom-steel-making, machine tools and bardy, a dynamic industrial the manufacturing of clothing centre, a market for component for the Swiss and German mar-suppliers and a source of both



A climate of endeavour

William Dullforce describes enterprise in Switzerland's Ticino canton

investment and relatively chean

labour. Another is improved communications since Ticinesi

and even international markets.

Switzerland has a free trade agreement with the European

community which opens that market to industrial exports

The north-south motorway has been completed, the new road tunnel under the St Got-

thard has been operating since 1980 (but queues still form at summer holiday peaks) and Crossair, the local Swiss air-line, flies regular services from

Financial advantages are in place or offered to the right in-vestor by the cantonal govern-

ment. With a strong Swiss franc new business is bound to be capital-intensive, but loan capi-

tal is available from local banks

at interest rates down to a third

of those charged in Italy. A sam-ple of seven entrepreneurs said they had no problems raising fi-

Cantonal financial backing

has been refined in the new law to give a more 'dynamic' effect. The basic form is tax exemp-tion, which is accorded for a

maximum of five years and can

Locarno airport.

kets brought industrial develop-

Tourism and services now provide around 60 per cent of the jobs in the canton. Local opinion is uneasy about this one-sided development and a crucial consensus has emerged in favour of not letting industrial activity fall below the current level, at which it provides roughly one-fifth of the jobs.

A new law on industrial promotion, which came into effect last November, sets out two obiectives: to heighten the technological level of the industrial sector and to raise the level of education and skills among its employees.

A further unstated criterion is to give preference to "clean" industry which fits the ecological requirements of a holiday region where tourism is a very important source of income. The canton's strategy is aimed

at exploiting the opportunities that modern technology offer to manufacture outside urban and industrial conglomerations and it plays to the canton's own

One is its proximity to Lom-

cent of investments (or 20 per cent in "economically threat-ened districts). Exemption is divided into

equal annual parts. The refine-ment in the new law is that, if the annual tax payable is less than the exemption accorded, the remainder is made up to the company by a direct grant from

Investments in patents, search or market feasibility studies are eligible. Aid can go not only to new businesses but also to existing enterprises in-troducing innovations or expanding production which has already reached a high techni-

Among large companies important to Tieino's regional development are Zamboin Group, an Italian pharmaceuticals manufacturer whose Ticino subsidiary, Inpharzam, is the helding company for all Zam holding company for all Zam-bon's non-Italian operations, and the Van Roll steel-making plants at Monteforno, and Agie, which makes spark-erosion machines at Losone.

There have been a number of spin-offs from Agie and engi-neers and computer specialists trained at Agie have set up on

One problem, highlighted at a recent business lunch, was the estimate that the salary a post-graduate could command north hand, a laborious and time-conof the Alps was around SFr7.000 a month as compared with SFr5,000 he could be offered in

lower living costs, it was agreed, would reduce the SFr2,000 gap to around SFr800.

For industrialists in Ticino quality of life does not mean an easy life. Survival depends on hard work, flexibility and the readiness to risk a change of product or market almost over-

within 5 minutes of the lakeside towns of Locarno and Ascona to which German tourists flock in summer, set out in 1958 to make diamond and sapphire tips for record players.

In the 1970s it switched just in time to making polycrystalline diamond tools. In the 1980s it utamonu toois. In the 1980s it made a risky jump into connectors for fibre optic lines. It has doubled sales in each of the last six years, reaching SFr21m (£8m) in 1886.

It has just expanded staff and plant, invested in new automatic production equipment, reduced its prices by about 40 per cent and is breaking into new markets. Success like that calls for

both technological imagination and nerve. Ticino's aim is to provide the social and econom-ic climate in which that kind of entrepreneurial nerve

Roken Electronics

Making waves at a trade fair

Dina Medland explains how a UK soldering equipment maker found a Japanese customer

ics equipment to the Japanese is a prospect that could justifiably intimidate any small business in the UK. But Roken Electronics (Europe), tronies manufacturer of wave soldering machines with a workforce of just 10, is undeterred.

Despite its modest resources,

Roken has managed to attract a subsidiary of Japan's giant Mitsubishi group to represent it. Its outlay has been minimal, be-cause the company took advan-tage of UK Government and other subsidies to exhibit its product at a trade fair in Japan. Roken, which is based in Andover, Hampshire, is run by husband and wife team John and Lyn Roberts. It started to manufacture in 1974, when John Roberts, now 53, bought out the wave soldering unit at Jidenco, a company where he was sales director. Wave soldering is the means by which a whole series

hand, a laborious and time-con nand, a laborious and time-consuming process.

In 1979, Lyn - now 33 - joined him in the business, her previous work experience having been as a cashier in a bank. While John Roberts, a mechanical engineer dealt with the

with the technical aspects of manufac-turing wave soldering ma-chines, his wife, as sales direc-tor, concentrated on building up the marketing end of the business. Roken

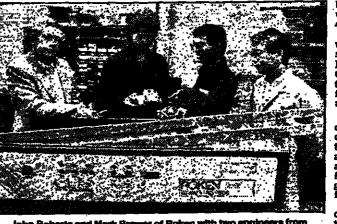
ous customers, including ICL, British Aerospace, AEG (UK), Plessey Avionics and Thorn

We also make surface mount soldering machines which are just coming into the commercial market in the UK, but which we have already been selling for military use to Marconi and Plessey, among others, says Lyn Roberts. In its last financial year (to

February 1987) Roken doubled its turnover to £241,084, showing a profit of £21,798. Some 45 per cent of its sales are directed So far its exports have mainly

been to the Continent and the US, but this year could repre-sent a breakthrough in the Far It was a year ago that "we de-

Once in Tokyo, she sailed into
the exhibition with a keen eye
to assess the competition. The
most obvious thing to me was
that there is nothing in the lowcided we needed to expand our overseas market, says Lyn Rob-erts. "The British market tends to go through large fluctuations



John Roberts and Mark Brewer of Roken with two engineers from Chlyoda who came to Andover to learn how to run the machines

nd you can end up on a to-medium range of these maknife-edge too easily, so we chines those on offer are all thought it would be better to very expensive, and there is spread our wings. I was aware clearly a gap in the market, she spread our wings. I was aware that there was a market for the smaller (wave soldering) machines in Japan and that the Japanese had changed their attitudes about trading more openly with the West," she says.

Roken then contacted Cabanase Experience Capanase Survey in Survey.

ners Exposition Group in Sur-rey, which organises interna-tional exhibitions. Many of these attract the members of apecific trade associations or specific trade associations of chambers of commerce - speci-alising in electronics, or agri-cultural products for example -which may then be eligible for subsidies from the British Over-seas Trade Board, part of the Department of Trade and In-

After contacting Cahners, Lyn After contacting canners, Lyn
Roberts talked to the Westminster Chamber of Commerce which includes electronics
within its range of interests -to find out levels of financial sup-port for the Internepcon Semi-conductor exhibition in Tokyo. We simply would not have gone to Japan if it had not been

Commerce, she says.

The helly subsidies provided by the joint venture scheme between the BOTB and the West-Roberts to fly to Japan at a cost to herself of just £100, with exhibitors' fees substantially reduced and freight costs paid for.

Tokvo, she sailed into

says.

There were only two similar mall machines in the entire exhibition, selling for approximately £10,000 a piece, she adds. Roken sells its wave soldering machines for approximately £5,000. The Japanese market offers a

great deal of scope at two ends. There is the smaller user who wants to move to automated soldering but can't afford it at Jap-anese prices, and there is the larger, high-volume manufac-turer who wants to devote some of his equipment to a dedicated line (a specific product)," she

Looking for an agent during the three-day exhibition in Jan-uary, Roken was approached by several companies, of which it found Chiyoda Trading Corpo-ration both determined and ef-ficient

ficient. Within a week of her return to England, Lyn Roberts received answers to Roken's queries from Chiyoda, In April, Roken appointed Chiyoda as its sole distributor of wave soldering machines in Japan. Then, in June, two Chiyoda engineers for the Westminster Chamber of tween the BOTB and the West-minster Chamber allowed Lyn run the machines and, while Roberts to fly to Japan at a cost to herself of just £100, with ex-hibitors' fees substantially re-machine that was not on display

bition in Osaka in October, which attracts some 300,000-400,000 Japanese visitors -Roken is optimistic that sales nosen is optimistic that sales will be generated as a direct result of the Osaka exhibition. Lyn Roberts quotes an initial Chiyoda sales forecast of orders to the value of £50,000 in the first year on the small machines alone.

Although pleased at the pace of events, Lyn Roberts is not complacent about future orders through Chiyoda. "The Japanese are very precise people. They are happy we've sold them the first machine, but they aren't going to be happy with that one for long," she says.

for long, she says.

"They are at the forefront of development, but we are going to be feeding off them just as they are going to be feeding off us. They can provide us with technological information, and we can provide them with fur-ther developed equipment."

The indigenous competition in Japan does not intimidate Roken. The labour costs there are very high, but we have no idea why the machines they produce are so expensive, or why they look like some of Heath Robinson's creations, says Lyn Roberts.

But with other European and US companies making similar machines, the field remains very competitive

In Japan we like to mass pro-duce to minimise cost, but there are few medium to small range wave soldering machines at a reasonable cost and increasing demand for them," says a Mit-subishi official.

*Our competitors (marketing these machines) have exclusive arrangements to distribute their products. We will lose exclusivity if we are not success ful in marketing Roken ma-chines within our two-year contract.

Mitsubishi gives Roken full credit for being a very aggressive company, but points out that its timing has helped. The sterling/yen exchange rate os very favourable for British exporters_and there is pressure on us to buy British, he adds.

But there is a cautionary note 'After-sales service is extremely important in Japan, and without it we cannot hope to proceed with sales. We are currently setting up after-sales service but we are not yet sure about its success, says the Mit-subishi official.

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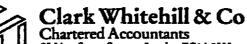
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Company Notice

THE TAIYO KOBE BANK, LTD.

CHANGE OF ADDRESS

Notice is hereby given to the holders of the securities below for which The Taiyo Kobe Bank, Limited, London Branch act as the Principal Paying and Warrant Agent, that from 17 August, 1987 the specified office of The Taiyo Kobe Bank, Limited, London Branch has been moved to:

16-17th Floors, Commercial Union Building, 1 Undershaft, London EC3A 8TB Telephone: 01-621 1430 Telex: 886349

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Legal Notices

CLYDE SHAW

A Petition was presented on 18 August 1987 to the Court of Session by Clyde A Petition was presented on 18 August 1987 to the Court of Session by Cityde Shaw Limited a company incorporated under the Companies Acts 1948-1983 and having its Registered Diffice at Craigneuk Works, PO Box 5, Motherwell, Surathrighde, MLL 2NR for Confirmation of Reduction of Capital. On Thursday 20 August 1987 an Interlocutor was pronounced in the following terms:

"The Vacation Judge appoints the Petition to be intimated on the Walls and in the Minute Book in common form and to be advertised once in each of the Edinburgh Gazette, the Financial Times and Glasgow Nerald Newspapers; appoints all parties claiming an interest to lodge Answers thereto, if so advised, within 21 days after such intimation and advertisement.

W. Douglas Culter" Of all which intimation is hereby given.

DUNDAS & WILSON, C.S., 25 Charlotte Square, Edinburgh Solicitors for Petitioners

THERMOSENIC SERVICES CO LIMITED—(IN RECEIVERSHIP)
NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, pursuant to section 4822 of the Insolvency Act 1986, that a meeting of the statement decellars of the above company will be held at The Griffin Hotel, 10 Church Road, Carestann, Reading at 10.30 an on Theoriaty 18 September 1987 for the purpose of having last before it a copy of the report prepared by the assisting attitude according to a committee. Creditors are notly existed to vote if:

(a) they have delivered to me at the address shown below, no later was 1200 hours on Wedneyday 16 September 1987, written details of the dotts they claim to be due to then from the company, and their claims have been only admitted under the provisions of Rule 3.11 of the Insolvency Rules 1986, and

(b) there has been lodged with one any proxy which the creditor Intends to be used on his behalf. Date: 18th August 1987

July Intends

More than a whiff of the Satanic

up by the Zurich Kunsthaus, toured Europe only in the early 1980s, coming to the Tate in the autumn of 1982, so we might be excused for feeling that this current exercise follows rather hard upon its heels. But is is a truism of art that the put even the self-same work. to put even the selfsame work into another place is to make the exhibition afresh.

Superficially Tinguely's extraordinary contraptions whirr and clatter, potter and tick as they always have, yet to see them in Venice, even in Madame Aulenti's elegant conversion, is to see them in a new light, which casts them in a less playful, more melodramatic and

tableau with what might be a huge substitute for the hidden altar, insistently frontal and uncompromising, thrown across the chancel steps. Most certain tainly there is more than a whist of the Satanic to it all,

whist of the Satanic to it all, though we keep our fingers safely crossed.

These are all fairly recent works, and the high central hall of the Palazzo and the first exhibition floor, which holds the principal gallerles, are also given over to the work more or less of the last 10 years. Though they are presented as quite separate and

and gilded ceiling, we confront in the gloom a true Inferno, a dense maniacal assembly of mechanical beasts and monsters, mechanical beasts and monsters, in which each element works quite distinctly yet makes up the crowd. There is a dreadful intent purpose and resolution to each incident fixed in its immutable, hermetic cycle, slow

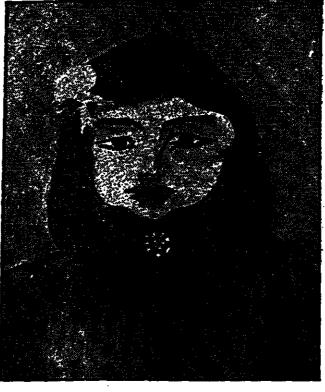
The long-term support being given to the Palazzo Grassi in Venice by the Fiat Corporation, which has already involved the huilding's entire remodelling as major exhibition gallery, now continues (until October 18) with the sponsorship of a coasion. There a dreadful full retrospective study of the work of the Swiss sculptor, Jean Tinguely.

Just another such study, set to the Palazzo than the little deconse formance, is no less strong. We come upon a bench full of awful mechanical toys, desperate parodies that flop or occasion. There a dreadful congress of manic machine by the most wondenfully echoes and bangs away, throwing fearsome shadows upon the switch. Filling the next toom, beneath a fleavy, carved the ancient purpose of the place. The arrangement is consciously the arrangement is consciously the autumn of 1832, so we table an with what might be a maincal assembly of mechanical beasts and monsters. serve his strange beasts that is even more remarkable.
Form and content march together. The wheels turn, the cogs wobble into gear, and whatever happens is not arbitrary at all but most carefully contrived to the last shudder or ping. The orchestration of each part to the other is exact, one thing leading on to the next, now active, now passive and all working up to the final most satisfying resoluthe final most satisfying resolu-tion, at once inevitable and unexpected.

Tinguely, now in his early sixtles, is very much the child of his age, post-war heir to Dada and the more anarchic strain in constructivism and uninhibited surrealism. His great models are Schwitters and Picasso, Miro, Calder and Giacometti, and through the upper cometti, and through the upper galleries of the Palazzo we can follow his personal development to his present position. And be-neath all the fun of the fair and the rich mechanical wit, it is possible to detect the more desperate jollity that ap-proaches despair. His machines work beautifully and yet do no work at all, and we must spell out their dark, ambiguous mes-sage for ourselves. sage for ourselves.

Rather more than a catalogue, A Magic Stronger than Death, by Pontus Hulten and Tinguely himself (pub. Bompiani) sup-plies the fullest possible documentation of the artist's career to accompany the show.

The other major exhibition current in Venice is at the Museo Correr where (until October 18), in Henri Matisse: Matisse et l'Italie, the Commune of Venice, with sponsorable from Pite Francies Sonhas brought together some able enough, but only as the Italian metaphysicals, yet with 60 paintings, more than 100 kind of reference any artist none of their conscious drawings, 20 collages and all 75 might make to a work of the ambiguities. Such things are of the sculptures, to cover old masters that particularly worth travelling even to Venice effectively if not definitively takes his eye. That it happens to see simply for themselves.



" Ritratto di Nono " by Henri Matisse, 1907

the artist's entire career. an excuse for bringing so many lovely and remarkable things under one roof, is fair enough. But to try to push it through, whether in general or particular terms, is more problematical. The truth is that the influence of Italian art is so all-pervasive of Italian art is so all-pervasive that what one may argue for Matisse may be argued for almost any other great artist, whether he ever travelled in Italy or not. Certainly for any French artist in the least familiar with the collections of the Louvre, such an influence would be inescapable.

To trace, therefore, the corre-

To trace, therefore, the com-positional echoes of Michel-angelo's reclining figures of Night and Day, in the Medici chapel in Florence, in the life drawings of Matisse is reason-able enough but only as the

to be Italian is beside the point The argument of the show is But to see any model posed to establish the cultural debt with her chin on her fist as a Matisse owed to Italy which, as positive reflection of the attitude of the great Lorenzo de Medici himself is to stretch the

point a shade too far.

None of this is to suggest that this is anything but a most wonderful exhibition, with most wonderful exhibition, with great works at every turn that are all the more exciting for being comparatively unfamiliar—from the early academic life studies of the 1890s and the portrait of Madame Matisse of 1901, standing in a dark corner of the studio luminous in her kimono, to the great decorative panels in gouaches découpées of the early 1950s. A small group of tiny paintings of girls' group of tiny paintings of girls' heads that fill the canvas, made around 1917, pitched low in tone and rich and sombre in colour, carry all the psychic intensity of their contemporary Italian metaphysicals, yet with none of their conscious ambiguities. Such things are

La traviata/Albert Hall

Max Loppert

This year's Glyndebourne the work The London Philhar-Prom presentation was La monic was in superb form, the Traviata. The opera had pro-splendid opposite of end-of-term vided one of the two new productions of the festival season; Sunday's London translation, semi-staged (by Christopher Newell), following the already wenerable tradition of such occasions, could hardly have for my liking — his Italian conhoped, or managed, to recollect the copious detail of Peter Hall's original, which depended for some of its most distinctive for its own-sake that originally marred his singing, and much vided one of the two new prooccasions, could hardly have hoped, or managed, to recollect the copious detail of Peter Hall's original, which depended for some of its most distinctive and thoughtful effects on stage trappings unavailable in this wide, grandly exposed theatrical forum. But in the same way many of the less convincing aspects of the show.

its own terms, comprehensively mance, and of a single artist's masterly — theatrical control of communicative strength,

weariness.
In the male principals one

Hall's original, which depended for some of its most distinctive and thoughtful effects on stage marred his singing, and much more subteity of characterisation. Walter MaeNeil's Alfredo, though he is unlikely ever to same way many of the less convincing aspects of the show, which were also a by-product of design, were avoided there; the outlines of the Albert Hall Traviata were cleaner, simpler, and on the whole preferable.

Another starding difference between Sunday's performance, an eloquent and moving one, and that rather strained, uncomfortable opening night in Sussex last May was registered by the enormous increase in the authority, flow, and simple verdi conducting. In that admirable way that one recognises as a Haltink trait, he has worked, hard and purposefully, from the earlier point to the latter; on Sunday the lines of the acts seemed no longer laboured, the melodic shapes no longer fussed over or hard-pressed.

The ideal Traviata combidelivery, her ability to rend the heart with naked directness and hard-pressed.

The ideal Traviata combination of nervous intensity, lyrical grace and Italianate lightness serious to be worth remarking of sound is not yet his to command (whose is it, these days?). the unwritten, and here But the keenness of response to details (such as the rhythmic the end of Act L.) The Albert pointing of accents in "Parigi, o cara") must now stand for the successful whole perforcits over terms, comprehensively manes and of a single artist's



Scene from "The Dream Ticket"

The Dream Ticket/NYT

Claire Armitstead

The National Youth Theatre, dialogue of the shop floor, and with a new artistic director and creates some stretching douban exchequer swelled by a ling for the cast. Brigid Nelson, major sponsorship deal with for instance, plays hunger-Sainsbury's, has found just the marcher Vera, who steals from ton, re-affirms that not all the later. British dramatists able and inclined to deal with contemporary political experience are

nearing the age of 40.

Short, twice winner of the NYT/Texaco playwriting prize, was commissioned to write The Dream Ticket by Michael Croft, founder and director of the company until his death last year. In it, the young play-wright bites off a chunk of

deemed less good. (836 3028, CC 379 6565).

A Small Family Business (Olivier): Rilliant new Alan Ayekbourn plays about Britain on the fiddle in greedy times, selling out to foreigners and keeping it simultaneously in the large scale, Ayekbourn's own production is led majestically by Michael Gambon. Best of the NT rest remains King Lear and Antony and Cleopatra in the Olivier, A View From the Bridge in the Cotteside. The new Brian Friel adaptation of Turgenev's Fathers and Sons is decent but dull in the Lytislton (222 2252).

Careerist politician of uncertain origin and a local graduate activist. The by-election focus is trained on a sit-in by women workers at a local cigarette paper factory, whose lot in the opportunist '80s is brought into sharp and revealing contrast with that of their grandmothers half a century earlier. Where their grandmothers half a century earlier, where their grandmothers are their grandmothers and form Trinidad. Mali, Guinea. Chan, Morocco, Pakistan and Ghan in its 1987-88 season.

David Rudder, a modern (October 8-19); Jil Jilala, a band that interprets traditional band that interprets traditional form the fidely in the Cottesion age. At a loss for a story to dramatise they seize on a story t

1987/88 promotions

a diary from 50 years ago.

The structure of the piece allows rabble-rousing routeallows rabble-rousing routesongs (Law and order's Got the and his musicians (February

Music in Edinburgh looks up, Japanese theatre visits the moon

Two things happened at the moving backward from Morton weekend to brace Edinburgh's Gould by way of Hindemith to anodyne musical programmes. Brahms. Gould's "Classical One was the arrival of the Pittsburgh Symphony to take up its unprecedented Festival residency (sponsored by H. J. Heinz Company), and the other was a series of daytime chamber concerts with 20th-century shows the composer (going on music chosen by Esa-Pekka 74 now) in his customary pro-Salonen (and sponsored by the fessional form, ingenious and engagingly colourful.

Whether this display of enterprise comes in time to restore the Festival's dwindling concert audiences is an open question: for the solid Pittsburgh programme on Saturday, with Lorin Maazel and Peter Donohoe, the upper tier of the Usher Hall was largely amper Usher Hall was largely empty, and the Queen's Hall was very far from full for the contem-

which suggests inescapably that the hordes who are thronging Edinburgh are not, these days, primarily music-lovers — or at least that they get enough music during the rest of the year (as perhaps Edinburghers themselves do) not to be temp-ted by Festival fare even at modest prices. Or is it just that the mystery-tour seductions of

(18th-century American tunes: two hymns and a song) was actually a European première. Commissioned two years ago by the Pittsburg Post-Gazette, it

" Rotazaza I", 1967, by Jean Tinguely

their especially strong, unanimous viola section. They did justice to the Usher Hall, which remains arguably the best place in Britain to hear orchestral ar from full for the contemcorary concerts.

They all deserved better,
which suggests inescapably that
the hordes who are thronging ment firmly expounded by
the hordes who are thronging Mazzel and a blessed refusal to
Calinburgh are not, these days,
trimarily music-lovers — or at

St Anthony "sertion into correct

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Calinburgh with the argument firmly expounded by

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St Anthony "sertion into correct

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Calinburgh are not, these days,

The string of the contemnor or the string in the late of the properties of the content of the string in the late of the properties and pushed to the properties of the string in the late of the string in the late of the properties of t St Anthony " section into grand guignol.

Brabms' Piano Concerto No 2 went from strength to glowing strength. Mazzel ensured that strength. Mazzel ensured that modest prices. Or is it just that the mystery-tour seductions of the theatrical Fringe are irresstible?

Without surprises — save for the last-minute appearance of Donohoe in place of the disabled Horacio Gutterrez — Mazzel's Saturday concert was thoroughly satisfying. It was also notably well planned,

The first of the Salonen-devised concerts brought the Arditti Quartet (who probably Arditti Quartet (who probably needed very little prompting) in their current peerless form. Elliott Carter's Quartet no. 4 not only enjoyed the scrupulous modelling of their Almeida Festival performance in June, but had acquired an extra lyrical confidence: phrases sang out, and Carter's intricate musical developments became

them by Edison bit like Faure's "Papillon" on speed, and by Schnittke's Second Quartet, where the Arditti made much of the glassy opening, the ten-minute jewel I admired at the Kuhmo Festival last month, comes her Third, a BBC commission entrusted to the Arditti. It is half again as I nore developed lusive—

the developed lusive—

them by Edison bit like Faure's "Papillon" on speed, and by Schnittke's Second Quartet, where the Arditti made much of the glassy opening, the dark chantbased middle and the final amount to the final and the final a Arditti. It is half again as long, more developed but more elusive — the first several minutes, played in various ways without bows, involve sounds so tiny that they must presuppose radio broadcasting, or at most a very small room: Against soft open-string harmonics, small chromatic patterns become (just) audible. The basic materials of string-playing are being delicately reviewed; bowed phrases at last ally successful satirical extravarrive as if in humble awe, some intimate polyphony ex-

partnership would be greatly cent quartet had any amount of inventive energy, less command of its ambitious form, plenty of promise. Salonen and his Finns of its ambitious form, plenty of prod for a benignly authoritation promise. Salonen and his Finns tive narrator complete with figured several times, with the cellist Anssi Karttunen and the pianist Tuija Hakkila (expert but hard-fingered) giving the saturday afternoon concert, which included racing virtuoso solos composed by Salonen himself. The Finno-American collecting telegraph-poles and send-ups to ravisking Japanese even an admonitory to half-court exists, apparently, on the sended by Duniensela, a fervent rhapsody like many another.

One of a benignly authorita-swooping, oblique logic: Lewis carroll in a kimono. But we are never allowed to be bored or puzzled, for the spectacle bounds breathlessly through circus scenes (fairy-lights, fair-ground music, the whole company juggling) to Hollywood collecting telegraph-poles and send-ups to ravisking Japanese even an admonitory to half-court exists, apparently, on the moon; as in Janacek's Mr.

One of the spectacle bounds breathlessly through bounds breathlessly through circus scenes (fairy-lights, fair-ground music, the whole company juggling) to Hollywood collecting telegraph-poles and send-ups to ravisking Japanese even an admonitory to half-court exists, apparently, on the moon; as in Janacek's Mr.

One of the finns a kimono. But we are fan, in a kimono of the mover allowed to be bored or puzzled, for the spectacle circus scenes (fairy-lights, fair-ground music, the whole company juggling) to Hollywood circus scenes (fairy-lights, fair-ground music, the whole company juggling) to Hollywood solos composed by Salonen him-self. The Finno-American even an admonitory "the half-court exists, apparently, on the mover allowed to be bored or puzzled, for the spectacle circus scenes (fairy-lights, fair-ground music, the whole company juggling) to Hollywood circus scenes (fairy-lights, fair-ground music, the whole company jug Edinburgh's Russian theme was answered by Edison

The official theatre wing of the Edinburgh Festival last week took in a handful of performances from the Yume no

Some intimate polyphony exmixture of Monty Python, pands, and finally whistles away David Bowie and the young into the stratosphere.

Young Kimmo Hakola's resurreal, nonsensical and

phone commentary the company opted for a benignly authorita-

Our hero, Apollo Juichi, is a record-breaking boxer, having lost 127 consecutive bouts, knocked out in each. His obsession with space leads him to meet the Rabbit (the Japanese meet the Rabbit (the Japanese equivalent of our Man) in the Moon, acrobatically embodied as a bunny-girl by the charming Aya Anjoji. His path further crosses those of Thor Heyerdahl, of Kon-Tikl fame, and Boy Brian, the hero of a Jules Verne novel about 15 boys on a raft (which sounds to me ideal material for Lindsay Kemo's next production). Kemp's next production).

All this is combined with a mysterious disease in which animals possess humans and then proceed to act as humans—eat, work get the kids to school, do the laundry, have sex—"what a disease!" they cry in horror. It takes all the caperings white coated doctors. of leaping white-coated doctors (some of whom turn mid-air somersaults as they hurtle from boxes on to the stage) and the character called Idiot to reveal the true awfulness of the disease: people are turning into

people.

The story has a sporadic, swooping, oblique logic: Lewis Carroll in a kimono. But we are never allowed to be bored or puzzled, for the spectacle bounds breathlessly through circus scenes (fairy-lights, fairground music, the whole company juggling) to Hollywood send-uus to ravisking Japanese medievalism happily co-exist. A male in drag as a bespectacled housewife with shopping basket briefly recalls Python; the sudden appearance of a dozen identical figures for no apparent reason shows how much madder Mr Noda can go. Setsu Asakura's beautiful timber set can quickly inlay its pallisade with decorative panels for the scene changes—these besides the moon, include ruins a laboratory, a boxing ring and the interior of a specimen slide. The author doubles as an unrepresentational Heyerdahl and an ancient princess in 12 layers of clothing; Akiko Takeshita makes a delightful principal boy figure (with a touch of Huck Finn) of the raft-bound Brian; rinn) of the rant-bound Brian; and as Apollo, Shozo Uesugi recalls another sturdy, questing boxer in a fantasy world: Kilroy in Tennessee Williams's Camino Real. This utterly engaging show has the same free-wheeling, baroque imagination, is as disarmingly warm-hearted, and is above all sheer fun.

Martin Hoyle

August 21-27

Arts Guide

London Palladium: Ballet Theatre

Japan Folkloric Art Dance Troope: Programme consists of traditional dances from the various regions of

Japan, in spectacular, colourful and highly skilled presentation. English programme notes. Yubin Chokin Hall, Shiba Park (Thur). (582 9171).

PARIS

by Dominique Vellard: Cathedral Vocal Music, Ecole Notre-Dame de Paris (Mon. 8.30pm). Saint-Severin

Anna Stella Schic, piano: One Hour with Gershwin (Tue, 7pm). Audito-rium des Halles.

Music

Opera and Ballet

Ensemble Enwartung conducted by Bernard Desgraupes: Hommage to St. John Perse and Blaise Cendrars with Durey and Milliand (Wed, 8.30pm). Anditorium des Halles.

Orchestre Français des Jennes con-

Français with Rudolf Nureyev danc-ing each night in a Diaghilev seaducted by Emmanuel Krivine. Gerand Causse, alto: Debussy, Bartok (Thur, 8.30pm). Salle Pleyel. All the above are part of the Paris Festival Estival (4804 9801). **NEW YORK**

New York City Opera: A fortnight of Sigmund Romberg's The Desert Song features Richard White and William Parcher as Pierre Birabeau LONDON condon Sinfunietta conducted by Die-go Masson with soloists. Machant/ Birtwistle, Monteverdi, Kagel and Berio. Queen Elizabeth Hall (Mon). (928 3191).

in the company's first performan of the work, which is conducted by Jim Coleman in Robert Johanson's production. Lincoln Center REC Philharmonic Orchestra con JAPAN

ed by Edward Downes with Robert Tear, tenor. Delius, Richard Rodney Bennett and Bachmanings. Royal Albert Hall (Mon). (589 8212). Israel Philhermonic Orchestra con-ducted by Zubin Mehta with Shlomo Mintz, violin. Brahms and Mahler.

Barbican Hall (Wed). BBC Philharmente Orchestra with

chorus and soloists, conducted by Edward Downes. Tchaikovsky and Borodin. Royal Albert Hall (Wed). English Chamber Orchestra conducted by Edmon Colomer with Emenuel Ax, piano and Jose-Luis Garcia, vio-lin. Mozart, Beethoven and Vivaldi.

Barbican Hall (Thur). Taverner Choir and London Sinfonietta conducted by Andrew Parrott with Roban de Saram, cello. Ma-chaut, Xenakis and Stravinsky. . Queen Elizabeth Hall (Thur). CHICAGO

Bayınla Festival: The Tokyo String Quartet. Beethoven cycle (Tue, Wed, Thur). Highland Park (725 4542).

an Philiparmonic Orchestra con-

ducted by Ken-Ichiro Kobayashi with Mariko Senju, violin. Rimsky-Korsakov, Saint-Seens, Massenet, Sarasata and Ravel. Suntury Rall, Akasaka (Thur). (237 9990, 980 6060).

Theatre

NEW YORK

Fences (46th Street): August Wilson hit a home-run, this year's Pulitzer Prize, with James Earle Jones taking the powerful lead role of an old baseball player raising a family in an industrial city in the 1950s, trying to improve lot but dogged by his own failings. (221–1211).

Cats (Winter Garden): Still a sallout, Trevor Num's production of T.S. Eliot's children's poetry set to trendy music is visually startling and choreographically lefine, but classic only in the sense of a rather staid and overblown idea of theatricality. (239 8262).

42nd Street (Majestic): An immodest celebration of the heyday of Broadway in the '30s incorporates genus from the original film like Shuffle Off To Buffalo with the appropriately brash and leggy hooling by a large chorus line. (977 9020).

A Chorus Line (Shubert): The longest-running musical ever in America has not only supported Jeseph Papp's Public Theater for eight Papps runne aneaser for eight years but also updated the musical genre with its backstage story in which the songs are used as audi-tions rather than emotions.

Music/Monday. Opers and Ballet/Tuesday. Theatre/ Wednesday. Exhibitions/Thursday. A selective guide to

all the Arts appears each Friday.

La Cage aux Folles (Palace): With some tuneful Jerry Herman songs, Harvey Fierstein's adaptation of the French film manages, barely, to cap-ture the feel of the sweet and hilarious original between high-kicking and gaudy chorus numbers. (7512626).

Pm Not Happaport (Booth): The Tony's best play of 1986 won on the strength of its word-of-mouth popu-larity for the two oldsters on Central Park benches who bicker uproar-iously about life past, present and future, with a fuzzy plot to match. (230 8200)

WASHINGTON

Satchmo (Opera House): New musical based on the life and music of Louis Armstrong opens. Kennedy Center

South Pacific: Robert Goulet stars in the Rogers and Hammerstein musi-cal in the last weekend of Wolf Trap. Vienna, Va. (763 255 1868).

CHICAGO

mday is the Park with George (Goodman): Stephen Sondheim and James Lapine's Pulitzer Prize win-James tapons or any positions about the life of artist and Georges Scurat stars John Herrera as the artist and Paula Scrofano as his lover, Dot, directed by Michael Mag-gio, Ends Aug 16 (443 3806).

New York, now Tokyo and the Japanese version of the Tony-award winning musical. The cast was handpicked by the creative team of producer Cameron Mackintosh (from an astounding 11,500 hopefuls), then trained for nine months in a special "ecole" and rehearsed by director John Caird. Costumes, set, sound, lighting have been supervised by the respective original designar flown in from London. Toho's Les Misérables is a triumph. The best production of a Western musical in Japan, it differs little from the original London version. Convincing and moving, this top-quality production not contain the top quality production shows what can be achieved with proper casting and training. Sponsored by the cosmetics company, Shiseido. Imperial Theatre, near Ginza. (2017777).

Annie. The Japanese version of the Tony-award winning musical by Charles Strouse and Martin Chamin. Stars Shiori Kanno as Annie with Ichiro Zaitzi, Mitsuko Jut and the chaphord doe Sandy The Avvathe shepherd dog Sandy, The Aoyama Theatre (Tue, Wed, Thur).

Antony and Cleopaira (Olivier): Peter Hall's best production for the Na-tional Theatre he leaves in 1988 brings this great but notoriously dif-ficult play to thrilling life, with Judi Dench and Anthony Hopkins as bat-tle scarred lovers on the brink of old

age. Dench is angry, withy and ulti-mately moving. Best of the rest at the NT is Michael Gambon giving the NT is Michael Gambon giving his finest ever performance as Arthur Miller's doomed longshoreman in A View from the Bridge; Juliet Stevenson in a fine revival of Loca's Yerma; and David Harr's production of King Lear, Hopkins, a massive gnarled oak, which gathers force and more friends as it continues in the repertoire (928 2252).

massive gnarled oak, which gathers force and more friends as it continues in the repertoire (822 2252).

Sections Money (Wyndham's): Transfer from Royal Court of Caryl Churchill's slick City comedy for champagne swilling yupplest how the Big Bang led to class tunnit and barrow-boy dealings on the Stock Exchange. Hot and livid, but new cast deemed less good. (836 3028, CC 376 6565).

sort of play it should be doing the collection tins to buy a post-in the latest work from former card for her family, and superin the latest work from former card for her family, and supercompany member Christopher grass Maureen, whose selfShort. Offsetting Eliot's interested snitching causes the
Murder in the Cathedral on one
hand and Brian Friel's Freedom of the City on the other
this strong production at the ship of working class pride and
Jeanetta Cochrane Theatre,
smartly directed by Paul Clayshe might have been 50 years
ton, re-affirms that not all the later. The central confrontation.

though, is between Lawrence Good's ice smooth politician (who bears more than a passing facial resemblance to Jeffrey Archer) and John Ireland's earnest bespectacled activist. The latter has the benefit of both the arguments and the sympathy, but Good, who has neither, oozes venom and plausibility in a remarkably mature the ecstatically bissed rejoinder: "Once you've been on Desert Island Discs they've got you".

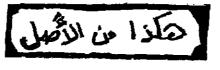
Arts Worldwide's

Arts Worldwide, the London-based promoter of music from beyond the European tradition, is bringing to Britain perform-ers from Trinidad, Mali, Guinea, Cuba, Morocco, Pakistan and Ghana in its 1987-88 season. David Budder, a modern calypsonian from Trinidad (October 8-19); Jil Jilala, a band that interprets traditional Moroccan music (November 3-English Speaking Theatre of Amsterdam in Barrie Keeffes trilogy
Barbarians directed by David Swatling (all week except Sun and Mon).

Songs (Law and order's Got the and his musicians (February
Wind Up "chanted to the tune of 9-20) are among those who will
perform in London and elseling (all week except Sun and Mon).

Spliced with the pacey modern where in the UK.

(242311).

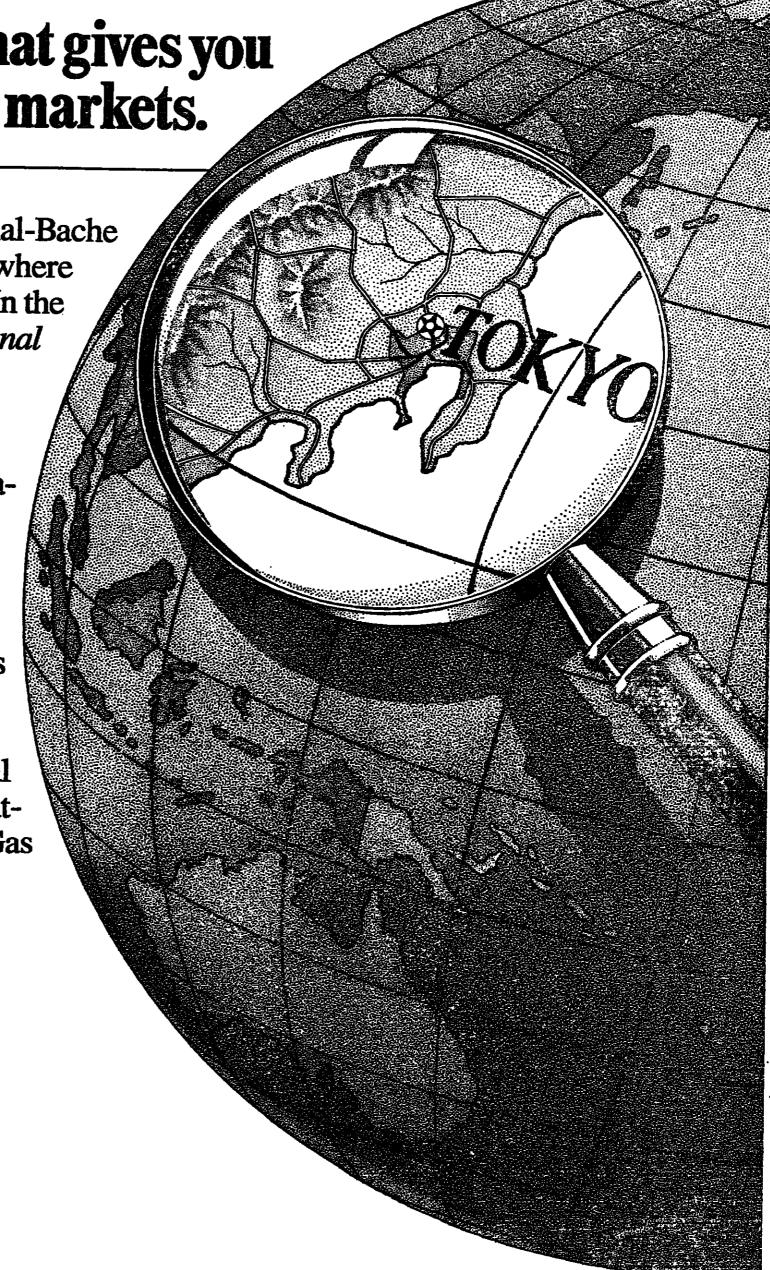


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FINANCIAL TIMES

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Tuesday August 25 1987

Diversion at British Coal

THE National Union of Mine- it should be no surprise to the workers' overwhelming vote for industrial action over British Coal's revised disciplinary code is the culmination of a dispute which is a diversion from the crucial task of raising the indus-

try's efficiency.
The scale of the vote cannot The scale of the vote cannot be attributed solely to the NUM's propaganda on the issue. It reflects the deep distrust which continues to beset the industry. But it is far from an endorsement for Mr Arthur Scargill's leadership of the

union. The vote, which could lead to an overtime ban, does not sanction strike action, as few on the union's executive would once again trust Mr Scargill with a mandate to lead miners into another crusade. More important, talks on the code are already under way after execu-tive members prevailed on the union's national leadership to drop its insistence that the code should be withdrawn as a pre-

condition for negotiations.
Significantly even Mr Scargill yesterday steered clear of predicting impending action. He said the ballot would be used to strengthen the union's hand in negotiations. He would accept a code amended through nego-

These began two weeks ago and will continue with the help of Acas, the conciliation service, on Thursday. The union will delay a decision on industrial action until September 3 to allow time for talks.

Revised procedures

Nevertheless, British Coal has come dangerously close to shooting itself in the foot. There was a clear need for revised procedures but the code was introduced without a full was introduced without a full explanation to miners why the changes were being made. The revised code abolishes the system of pit umpires who could make final and binding decisions on whether a dismissal should be upheld or whether a miner should be reinstated. Instead Industrial instated. Instead Industrial Tribunals are the final court of Tribunals are the mass sapeal, but employers have no obligation to abide by their recommendations. Moreover recommendations. Moreover the code differs at several points from the guidelines

corporation that the code has provoked such a sharp response. It is simply unrealistic to be lieve that such an important change in employees' terms and conditions can be introduced without much better communications.

The dispute over the code has diverted attention from the wital task of introducing fiex-ible working in the pits, to make more efficient use of capital and to cut unit costs. capital and to cut unit costs.

The South Wales NUM, the only area which has so far publicly said it would accept the concept of flexible production, recently warned that it would go no further until the disciplinary issue was resolved.

Flexible working Many on the union's executive, along with British Coal managers, believe that a settlement to the disciplinary issue can be reached. Such a settlement is vital to the industry on two counts.

First, it would prove that the two sides can conduct industrial relations through conciliation relations through continuous rather than confrontation. It could open the way for national talks on the introduction of flexible working practices. While the dispute over the code continues it will make life very difficult for those NIM leaders. difficult for those NUM leaders who believe flexibility should

be negotiated. This group must assert its authority over Mr Scargill, and accept the corporation's offer of talks. But British Coal should avoid making their position any

more complicated. Second, it would be an important step towards normalising the conduct of industrial relations. The corporation has indicated it intends to use the code to squeeze the culture of militancy out of the industry and to stem the small strikes which still affilet it.

As British Coal recognises, this is far from an ideal solution. Industrial disputes are rarely settled through disciplinary measures. A negotiated national settlement of this issue could pave the way for more constructive industrial relations at a local level. To eradicate the culture of militancy, the cor-poration, the unions and the While many of the provisions employees have to work do not differ markedly from together to eliminate the disprocedures in other industries, trust which lies at its root.

Italy's summer manoeuvres

MANY MINISTERS in the new a reformist third pole, which Italian government headed by is neither Christian Democrat MANY MINISTERS in the new Italian government headed by is neither Christian Democrat nor communist. Giovanni Goria, are commendably cutting short their holidays and setting work in train to restore some direction to a bele retreat of the communist country which has been admiristered on a care and maintenance basis for five months.

The Many MINISTERS in the new a reformist third pole, which is neither Christian Democrat nor communist to read the communist able retreat of the communist party and then push it to the strength of the communist control of the communist communist.

is one factor behind the past the war, Italians would then formight's steady slide in the have a non-communist alterna-Milan stock market where tive to the hitherto permanent investors are hungry for knowledge of the basis and direction of the new government's economic policy. Presentation of the 1988 Budget proposals at the end of next month will give the markets something to go

Unfortunately, it will not caim those anxieties born of the fear that four years of relatively stable administration under the socialist Bettino Craxi have given way to a new period of instability. The one question Mr Goria cannot answer is how ong he will manage to stay in Peak performance

While doubts about its durability surrounded the launch of Mr Craxi's first government, they may be better founded in the case of Mr Goria. Although he is leading a coalition based on the same five which will continuous and enjoying a similarly upon the work handsome parliamentary majority, the political binding looks much weaker because period in office a partiagrangement. there is no strategic agreement —as there was in 1983—beas there was in 1983 be hoping to reap still more politi-tween the parties to sustain a cal benefit from associating his coalition for any length of

Political margins

Instead the Gorla government is widely seen as transitional, although what it will lead to and in what timeframe defies prediction. The definition derives largely from Mr Craxi, without where hadring the conservative and an obstacle to reform. In the absence of any major derives largely from Mr Craxi, without where hadring the without whose backing the by the referenda this autumn on Christian Democrats cannot nuclear energy and the powers enjoy a majority unless, im- of the judiciary, Mr Craxi will

vote by nearly 3 percentage Mr Goria could, as a De Mita points and seen the communists man, fall victim to a preside by a larger margin and congress ambush from a rival the Christian Democrats make faction. If Mr De Mita were to only slight gains, Mr Craxi is bent on building what he calls days would be truly numbered.

nce basis for five months.

The consequent uncertainty France. For the first time since post-war domination of Christian Democracy. An alternating system of governing parties, long familiar elsewhere in Europe, is badly needed to help break down clientelism and corruption in Italy.

Ernst & Whinney.

Ernst & Whinney.

Ernst brought in Simon Barrow, formerly a Kleinwort Benson corporate finance director, three years ago to

In the meantime the socialists must also compete with the Christian Democrats for votes. policy of simultaneous competition and collaboration is central to the future of Mr

Mr Craxi has made a far from discouraging start, stress-ing that an undeniably able socialist team is in the Goria government because a policy programme has been agreed which will continue and build upon the work of his two

Since he regards his recent period in office as one of peak performance, Mr Craxi is party with the continuance of

good government. But this will not stop him seeking to score points off the Christian

enjoy a majority unless, improbably, they were again able to win communist support. Mr Craxi refused the Christian Democrats another strategic agreement because he is bent on taking his socialists out of the larger party's orbit where they have been stationed for more than 20 years.

Of the judiciary, Mr Craxi will probably wait for a verdict from next summer's regional elections before deciding his next move. Before this a threat to Mr Goria could emerge from the larger party's orbit where party. If Mr De Mita's re-election as Christian Democrat secretary is strongly opposed at more than 20 years. Having boosted the socialist next spring's party congress, vote by nearly 3 percentage Mr Goria could, as a De Mita

A better hand

but for fewer dealers

gested that a bull market would soon develop in British car dealerships would have been restrained gently, pending the arrival of men in white coats. In those days, the air was still filled with the sound of pundits presaging dire straits for a European car manufacturing industry grappling with over-capacity of perhaps 20 per cent,

r 2m cars a year. The most timid, would-be new car buyer had long since learned to ask for, and expect, substan-tial discounts — indeed, many salesmen were offering them as a substitute for "good morn-

The discounting was so intense that less professionally-managed dealerships in volume-built cars were often giving away all their formal 16-18 per cent profit margin. To stay profitable dealers were relying profitable, dealers were relying on the bonuses offered by manu-facturers for exceeding sales

The joke going round the trade at the time—that old Fred "must have sold an awful lot of cars to have lost that much money"—was uncomfortably close to the truth.

The mainstream manufacturers chasing volume at any price to keep plants busy, were all in the same boat. Vauxhall, General Motors' UK cars subsidiary, nearly doubled its mar-ket share between 1981 and 1986 but still made heavy losses. Two years ago, Ford made its first operating loss since the

Yet Ford was well into the black again last year; John Bagshaw, chairman of Vauxhall, is talking of an operating profit this year; and Austin Rover's losses have been cut back. At the distribution level, there has been a flurry of dealer take-over activity in recent months, while public companies in the many in trouble not long ago - have announced much increased profits.

Several factors have com-bined to make motor trading in the UK appear much healthler than expected although the recovery is nothing like as widespread, nor the future anything like as bright as it might seem,

One important factor is the buoyancy of the car market; a subject which has left senior figures at the Society of Motor Manufacturers and Traders quietly kicking themselves for introducing numbers too readily into their negotiations with the Government over the 10 per continue to lure away large distribution and of the outlets

Drop this iniquitous tax, the

SMMT told the Government in trade business.

Continue to lure away large distribution and of the outlets has become an obvious route to savings. the depths of the last recession The result appears to be a Yet manufacturers are unwhen around 1.5m cars a year polarisation in dealer networks, likely to allow the big retail were being sold—and you will at least in the volume franthe depths of the last recession—when around 1.5m cars a year

But the market is already climbing to that level of its own accord. Some observers in the industry predict sales of 400,000 this month alone, thanks to the introduction of the "E" registration prefix.

More significantly, most of the industry is convinced that sales will total over 1.9m for 1987 as a whole, setting a record for the third year in a row. This is the result of a broad improvement in the performance of the UK business sector, which buys over half of all new cars, and the increasing affluence of those

The UK-based volume producers (Ford, Vauxhall, Rover and the Peugeot group, which account for nearly 60 per cent of the market) have achieved this turnaround by cutting costs and pruning output

Mr Graham Day, the Rover group's chairman, Mr Derrick Barron, Ford's group chairman, and Mr Bagshaw of Vauxhall are unanimous in declaring that former obsessions with market share are now taking a back seat to concern about profits. This is most evident at Vaux-hall, whose share has already retreated from a heady 17-18 per cent to less than 14 per cent in the year to date.

Gone, therefore, are most of the sales-related bonuses on which many of the UK's 8,000 franchised dealers had come so heavily to depend. There is still some manufacturer assistance, such as contributions to low-interest customer finance

There are a lot of dealers on the acquisition traila positive demand for dealerships'

schemes. But overall, any dealer giving away all his margin now on a new car sale, does so without subsidy. This form of what some dealers see as manufacturer-

rising steadily for many months. There are other pressures, too. Cars are becoming more reliable, reducing profit from the service bay. The "fast-fit" servicing and repairs specialists results to jar. Rationalisation of car distribution and of the outlets

LITTLE OVER a year ago, anyone who had suggested that a bull market which UK manufacturers need. The UK computer systems and financial markets would, they said, once again become internationally computer systems and financial skills, and who are fully converced to the turn of the decade.

Is already that is available to the said of the said of the turn of the decade.

Is already that is available to the said of the said of the turn of the decade.

Is already that is available to the said of the said of the turn of the decade. mise the business that is avail-able: the odd half per cent for organising a finance package. tended warranty and (of grow-ing importance) the provision of contract-hired cars to the

After years of losses, the UK motor trade is surprisingly healthy, John Griffiths finds

business sector.

Even so, according to Prof
Krish Bhaskar, director of the
Motor Industry Research Unit at
the University of East Anglia,
retained margins in the volume
cars business probably still
average only 4 per cent or
below. This is tolerable for the
big players but for the small,
weak or inefficient dealer, he
observes, there is little chance observes, there is little chance to survive. Analyst Christopher Hedley, in his Property Hand-book for the motor trade, suggests a likely attrition rate of around 250 a year over the next

mess sector.

decade at least. The trend is already apparent in the shrinking networks of the big four UK-based pro-

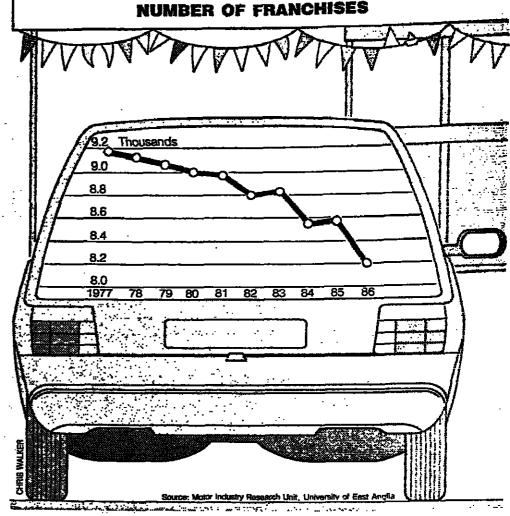
Mr Ron Young, director of Lombard North Central, the National Westminster Bank's finance house, which is deeply involved in funding the motor trade, does not take as gloomy a view as Prof Bhaskar about profitability. "At one stage, most dealers were lucky if they were retaining 2-3 per cent," he observes, "now they're on probably double that."

There is now enough money in the business, he suggests, for efficient groups with market muscle to seek further expansion. "There are a lot on the

sion. "There are a lot on the acquisition trail—there is now a positive demand to buy dealer Thus a further concentration

of power seems ever more likely. Already, according to Lombard North Central's calculations, the biggest 10 distribu-tion groups in the country account for 36 per cent of new car sales.
The trend is seen as likely to

continue, and regarded as probably necessary. Car makers have spent billions on improving manufacturing productivity. Yet estimates of the total marketing costs of each vehicle are



will not be keen to see the balance of power-now firmly in their favour-tipped against

This consideration has long lain behind Ford's refusal, for example, to allow a franchisee to have more than five Ford to have more than five Ford outlets. In recognition of the changes already taking place, it is in the process of raising the celling to eight. But this consideration perhaps also lies behind the contention of Mr Roger Humm, Ford UK's managing director, that Ford's own network will not shrink further: "We don't want the tail wagging the dog."

The situation is less restric-The situation is less restrictive with other volume franchises. Tozer, Kemsley and Mill bourn, the motors and property group rescued from nearbankruptcy two years ago by New Zealand entrepreneur Mr Ron Brierley, has over 30 Austin Rover outlets within its Wadham Keming subsidiary. Wadham Kenning subsidiary — formed after TKM's takeover of the loss-making Kenning group.

TKM chief executive Mr Reg Heath, whose empire now in-cludes 100,000 car sales each year spread over half a dozen different franchises and 60 outdifferent franchises and 60 outlets, is not concerned about the manufacturer relationship. But then, there is no reason why he should be, for TKM provides an achetypal example of how tough motor trade management can produce a dramatic turnaround. Kenning's motor business had been making a loss for some been m tration, loose financial controls.

over-manning over-manning and other accumulated traditional and

Wadham Stringer counterpart. There was no mercy for managers who failed to measure up.
Mr Heath admits the process

was fairly brutal—but Wadham Kenning is now a healthy con-tributor to TKM profits—£22m pre-tax last year. Mr Nick Lancaster, managing director of the Lancaster group which has just gone public, and in which trading house Jardine Matheson has a 60 per cent stake, has also learned to be scathing about "traditional" motor traders. This happened during the course of Lan-caster's progress to a wide range of franchises, including

Porsche and Mercedes, and a £1.8m profit last year. management has been recruited

Total marketing costs still range between 20 and 33 per cent of a car's retail price

reservations about the mood of

. Nevertheless, there are some accumulated traditional, and euphoria surrounding the bad, motor trade practices, recent, well-publicised financial Within days of taking over, performances of the larger Heath bad fired 100 of the head-quarters staff—two-thirds of the comments, "some of the share that Each Kenning outlets per prices are experienced these terms." quarters staff—two-thirds of the comments, "some of the share but would agree.

Doubtless the total Each Kenning outlet's per- prices are over-valued; there is plus would agree.

formance was compared with a no doubt about that." In the long term, there are other reservations, about such things as, for example, whether different ways of retailing cars will threaten even the large **Groups**

The failure of the ASDA-MFI group's car retailing venture. Asdadrive, earlier this year is generally agreed to have been caused by the group's structural problems rather than failure of the fixed-price, soft-sell concept itself. Prof Bhaskar, for one, expects it to be only a matter of time before another mass retailer tries again.
But the big, existing players

will not move over readily. The UK is unique in having more than 40 large public companies with franchises.

with franchises.

They themselves could even emerge as the "megadealers" of the future. There are around 250 in the US already, individually dealing in around 10 different makes from up to 30 locations. They choose whose cars they sell, and have the resources to arrayide large energy.

cars they sell, and have the resources to provide long opening hours, courtesy cars and all the other trappings.

According to Prof Bhaskar, US megadealers now account for about 15 per cent of all US sales, and some forecasts predict that by 1990 they could account for 30 per cent. At best, the scenario envisages a national total of 3,850-5,150 franchised dealers; at worst 2,550-3,500. "A frightening prospect," says Prof

Bhaskar.
Doubtless the current 8,000-

Culture rift at **Ernst & Whinney**

Recent forays into corporate finance by accountancy firms will not have the merchant banks quaking in their shoes, judging by the experience of Ernst & Whinney.

director, three years ago to head its attack on the merchant banks' most profitable territory. But Barrow is leaving the firm at the end of this month after what one observer in another accountancy firm des-cribes as "something of a cul-ture clash."

Barrow's departure does not indicate a change of heart, insists Stephen Hall, Ernst's head of corporate finance. But he concedes: "Work in mergers and acquisitions (Barrow's main area of activity) has not taken off with the speed we hoped it would do."

A competitor who knows Barrow says he illustrates the difficulty for bankers of fitting into the alien culture of an accountancy firm. But he goes on to say: "It's a matter of the individual and the firm. It research establishment of the individual and the firm. It research establishment of the individual and the firm. It research establishment of the individual and the firm. It research establishment of the individual and the firm. It research establishment of the individual and the firm. doesn't in any way suggest accountancy firms can't carry



"This is nothing to the wait we had selling our shares to pay for this holiday"

Men and Matters

out corporate finance work."
Needless to say, other
accountancy firms are eager to shout about their success in breaking into the corporate finance market—while remainfinance market—while remaining coy about mentioning any deals they have put together.

Ernst & Whinney, meanwhile, is pressing on regardless.

"Our stance is exactly the same as before," says Hall.

"We are pursuing the same strategy."

Sir Colin Fielding, physicist and former controller of the research establishments of the

Ministry of Defence, has joined a unique brokerage, dedicated to transferring MoD technology

to civil industry.

He has become business deve-

lopment director of Defence Technology Enterprises—a con-

siderable catch for the Milton

Keynes company for he knows the establishments intimately.

He spent his career in them, initially as an electronics expert, then becoming director of two before taking overall

control for four years,
Fielding retired from the

Civil Service last Christmas, So

why is he permitted to join a defence-related company after

only a few months when some top MoD officials must endure up to two years of "sanitisa-

But it is being pursued with accountants at the helm—the heads of Ernst's three corporate finance divisions are all accountants, born and bred.
Barrow, who could not be contacted for comment, is said by colleagues to have "several irons in the fire" regarding his



MoD technology — he had no further contact with it. He was not involved in negotiating defence contracts. A still more pertinent reason,

however, is that he can scarcely be accused of giving DTE inside information or trade secrets when that is the whole point of DTE's activities.

Fielding, himself, helped arrange for the technically qualified "ferrets" inside the research establishments drag out the ideas that DTE tries to license.

Paradise endured Coconut trees and sandy beaches are not everybody's idea of Paradise.

The two French spies who were arrested for blowing up the Greenpeace protest move-ment ship, Rainbow Warrior, in Auckland Harbour, Major Alain Mafart and Captain Dominique Prieur, have begun their second year of enforced holi-day on Hao Athol in Polynesia. They were sentenced to 10 years imprisonment in New Zealand, but were later allowed to transfer to the more con-genial Pacific island for an enforced stay of not less than three years—the French government having offered New Zealand an attractive butter sales-

for-spies deal. Prieur's mother who has just visited the two unfortunates is concerned about their plight: "It's as if they were in a desert. They have no idea what to do with all their free time." She says the two stars of the

Greenpeace scandal are tired of the pastimes the island has to offer-wind surfing, tennis, and sunbathing. Prieur's mother has appealed to David Lange to "make a gesture" in favour of Mafart and Prieur.

tion"?
One reason, he says, is that after helping Mark Burrell of Lazard to launch DTE at the end of 1984-he signed for the The New Zealand premier is, ministry giving the new outfit however, understandably reluct-exclusive rights of access to ant to end the long holiday of

two such sealous secret agents. If Lange would only accept substitutes I'm sure there would be no shortage of volunteers from harsher climates to take the two French officers' place for the rest of their sentence.

in lines

The Parisian bureaucracy has found a new weapon in its struggle to shake off its stuffy image: answerphones. French ministries are vying with each other to pour trendy recordings. other to pour trendy recordings

down the ears of callers told to hold the line. Callers to the ministry of culture are offered in alternate weeks the game of Trivial French poems, Lamartine's appropriate Time, Bold Thy Flight."

The system is so popular, says one switchboard operator, that Frenchmen are ringing up just to be put on the ministry's

has left the Matignon and the Elysée relatively unaffected, with both relying on tapes of Vivaldi's Four Seasons — one of the few things the two protagonists of co-habitation have

For the birds

The proud householder was his new ornamental garden pool when a heron alighted and speared two of his goldfish. Incensed by this intrusion, he took expert advice and installed a life-sized model heron in the pool to keep the real ones away.

A few weeks later he was again sitting in silent admiration of the scene when the bird sud-denly came to life, gulped down a fish and flew off. It turned out his wife had removed the

model to clean it. His wife replaced the model the next day before joining her husband in town for dinner. They returned late, having wined and dined well—and he got soaked falling in the pool in an attempt to catch the plastic heron.

Observer

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Letters to the Editor

Applicability of university economics training

From Projessor P. Minjord Sir,-Professor David Simpsir,—Professor David Simpson in his stimulating critique of economics (August 20) seems to have done the impossible and attacked everyone in the profession, except the Peacock Commission. At the risk of adding to a deluge, let me make a few points.

Simpson is in favour of modern analytical tools, it seems, but against the mechanical way the younger generation sometimes deploys them. The message is acceptable but banal; so are we all in favour.

Among these tools, he singles out rational expectations for particular scorn; yet he misses the point that with a difficult subject like expectations, with which economists have grappled since the subject began, to make progress at all you have to use the tools to hand. Rational expectations provides, within the technology that now exists, a powerful if still crude method a powerful it still critice method for analysing usefully a lot of difficult and important prob-lems; its empirical success in the efficient markets and macro odelling literature are not to it may have succeeded — wite dismissed, which is why the ness this letter! fession has taken to it in a (Professor) Patrick Minford.

duct. But economists have always indulged in "controversy," as is obvious from an inspection for example of Keynes' published media writ-Reynes' published media writings. All that has happened is that the mass media have altered the way in which debates have to be conducted: this has affected all professions involved in public policy debates. Maybe we would all like a return to that world where debates on important where debates on important issues were confined to a small informed circle; but it has gone and the people rightly would

never stand for its return. Simpson has erected a lot of other straw men — cost/benefit, theory of value, growth theory, the death of monetarism; he is pretty much wrong on all of pretty much wrong on all of them. To assert, as he does, that mistakes or excesses have occurred in applications or development of a branch subject within the discipline does not imply, as he infers, that nothing useful has emerged: this is debating trickery at its worst. In short, I presume the article was just an exercise in silly season rhetoric; as such at least,

big way.

He bewails the lack of Eleanor Rathbone Building,
"dignity" in economists con- PO Box 147, Liverpool.

Sir-In my view. Professor David Simpson (August 20) shortcomings of contemporary macro-economics in such a offer, forthright manner. Further- Aca more, he correctly identified the limited applicability of a

university economics training for solving real world problems. However, I would like to suggest that economists can play a very significant role in busi-ness and that it is in this area that their academic training is comparatively weakest. Economic theory is not limited in applicability at a commercial level but must be integrated with many other per-

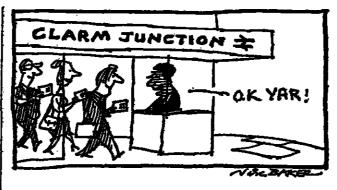
integrated with many outer perspectives including those of finance, marketing and operations. As taught in the majority of UK universities, these viewpoints are rarely covered, largely because the teachers themselves have not actually worked outside the academic environment. Thus it takes many years for a new economics graduate to be able contribute to solving some of the very complex economic the impression issues in business, such as the is defunct. structure and variability of Paul Richards.

businesses do not employ specialist economists in these areas for that reason, even was justified in exposing the though the economic perspective has potentially much to

> Academic economic fournals are 90 per cent full of articles of little or no relevance to the real world. The remaining 10 per cent is relevant but needs considerable further work be-fore it can be applied. As the economic adviser to a major nationalised industry, I fre-quently review assessments of nationalised industry performance by academic economists.
> Unfortunately they are frequently very wide of the mark and by bringing the profession into diarepute, it makes my task all the more difficult and hinders the contribution that hinders the contribution that nationalised industry econo-mists can make in ensuring that the industries themselves

are run more effectively. By pointing out the weaknesses in economics as a subject taught at university Pro-fessor Simpson should not be allowed to give your readers the impression that the subject is defunct.

costs, pricing, investment 72, Teddington Park Road, appraisal, market trends and Teddington, Middx



NZ butter in Britain

Sir,—David Blackwell's report (August 19) on the Milk Marketing Board's objection to the continuing imports of New Zealand butter into Britain is very pertinent. It is time that non-emotional financial sense was injected into this absurd

able debt of honour to New Zealand for its courageous support, often with their citi-sen's lives, during several wars. Yes, New Zealand does rely on dairy product exports to sur-vive. Yes, farmers in New Zealand do need the money for their milk. But the true cost to the British taxpayers of the importing of this butter is out of all proportion to the butter's

In 1985 Britain paid £112m (down from £132m in 1984) to the New Zealanders for 78,000 tonnes ed binner, that was til 436 s tofane delivered to the UK. The New Zealanders will have spend at least £300 a tonne to turn the riw milk into butter and a further £140 a tonne to ship it to Britain. Thus the net income to the New Zealanders will have been no more than £1,000 a tonne.

The NZ butter that is im-orted just adds to the already excessive production within Europe and thus it follows that in 1985 an extra 78,000 tonnes of Faxhill, British went into intervention Elstead, Surrey.

or was exported from the UK to somewhere outside Europe. In this latter case then the taxpayer would have paid not less than £1,000 for every tonne in the form of corner to the corner in the form of export restitution payments.

If we were to pay the New Zealand farmers £1,000 not to make and ship the butter but instead to tip the raw milk straight down a disused coal mine they would be no worse off and the British taxpayer would be no sayed at least 575m. would have saved at least £78m

If the excess butter cannot be exported, and there are over im tonnes of rotting butter in the intervention stores now (each tonne costing £84 a year for storage and a further £150 to finance the purchase, plus of course its inevitable deprecia-tion in value) then the true cost to the British taxpayer, assuming that ultimately the butter can be sold to the Russians at the current rate of £140 a tonce and does not have to be actually destroyed, is £2,966 for every tonne imported. (Original price £1,436, storage and financing £234, depreciation

Let us remove the emotional content from this debate and allow everyone concerned with this fiasco to save money . . . if not their blushes.

Mauritius and the text books

Sir,—I refer to the article entitled "Mauritius proves text entited manifolds proves text books right," by Tony Hawkins (Angust 11). He makes the point that the success of Manritius in rapidly increasing

Arrangement (managed, rather Arrangement (managed, rather than open, trade is the key to Mauritian success in this sector); and the generalised scheme of preferences (GSP), negotiated under Unctad auspices, which provide preferential access to products from countries such as Mauritius.

Manritius in rapidly increasing industrial exports, and overcoming balance of payments constraints is an indication of the World Bank theses, as exposed in its latest World Development Report, for outwardly-orientated economic policies. I beg to differ.

The success achieved by Manritius in increasing export incomes is primarily due to: an assured market in the EC for its sugar at above-world market prives negotiated through the sugar protocol of the Lome Convention. (Long-term purchase commitments for commodities of this nature is an integral part of Unctad's integral part of Unctad's integrated programme for commodities): textile exports, stimulated as a result of the guotas assigned to countries in the case of Mauritius external economic circumstances for its exports have been favourable. Leelansmda de Silva.

Apt 24, 12 La Levratte, CH-1260 Nyon, Switzerland.

Lending to all and sundry

extolling the virtues of easy E. J. A. Pinard, borrowing for all and sundry. 19, Parkung, The inevitable happens and, as Wilmslow, 2 curb, interest rates are Cheshire.

From Mr E. Penard

Sir,—I profess to be neither an expert economist nor a market guru but the current money supply situation gives rise to the following thought.

The banks are hell bent on increasing credit availability and spend millions of pounds in extolling the virtues of easy

Living it up in London sylvan Nor-Wood? How about

From Mr G. Milward-Oliver Sir,—Re Men and Matters' comments (August 21) about the renaming of southern parts of London, viz Clarm and

Stowell.

Since the early 1970s, I've known parts of Battersea described variously as Baturcia or even South Chelsea. Streatham has been known as St Reatham and Clapham alternately as Clapham alternately as

variations on Wandsworth or Southfields? And when will gentrification hit that well known suburb of Croyage (where the cultures of Croydon and Rease meet)?

There's plenty of mileage yet in renaming those parts of London that yuppies, dinkies et al have left unscathed.

brokers which is so detrimental

would be loyal ones. I believe also that most people would welcome a commitment to a

Discouraging a BP scramble

Sir, — I have just read to the service they could other. (August 21) the article by Max Wilkinson on the problems of real incentive to the new small the BP share sale. Surely the best compromise in the conflicting interests of the various age, and if BP was burdened parties would be achieved by with a great many small inves-offering the shares, to institu-tions and general public alike, would be loyal ones. I believe at the smallest discount to the also that most people would at the smallest discount to the current market price at the time which could be got away reasonable minimum allotment with. The "goodies" to induce the general public to invest should then be concentrated in a really worthwhile loyalty bonus. Perhaps 10 per cent extra shares after two years and a further 20 per cent after another two years. If this applied only to the first £1,000 of each holding which had remained in the same hands the cost would be far from prohibitive.

This plan would discourage the mad scramble to make a few pounds quick profit and reduce the pressure on stock-

Third runway at Heathrow

From Mr A. Lucking
Sir, — Mr Davidson (August
20) pleads eloquently for continued use of Gatwick as a "charter port" for UK holiday-makers. But if Britain does not soon give total priority to incoming customers and tourists, an doutgoing salesmen and server to tiny to support direct. Sir, — Mr Davidson (August 20) pleads eloquently for continued use of Catwick as a "charter port" for UK holiday-makers. But if Britain does not soon give total priority to incoming customers and tourists, an doutgoing salesmen and service engineers, the forecast 1992 a short runway to accommodate the pending nightmare of £4hn, as the oil runs down, means that our future holidays will be at Blackpool and not Benidorm!

Much the best solution is a third runway at Heathrow. Even a short runway to accommodate the commuter flights would end the pending nightmare or regional "excommunication." Whereas one "Golden man" using a commuter flight can place orders worth tens of milions, a jumbo jet load of incoming tourists may be worth only £500,000 to Britain. Yet BAA compares the profits from the profits from the cational struggle for foreign exchange, Heathrow is probably the most important place in Britain, and Gatwick is an extension of it.

Bow Street, WC2.

Environmental nightmare of opencast mining

subject. The environmental colliery is ludged on its own nightmare which opencasting can bring is too obvious to those upon whom it is visited to need further emphasis. Sir of the profits made by the open-to need further emphasis. Sir of the profits made by the open-to need further emphasis. Sir of the profits made by the open-to need further emphasis. Sir of the profits made by the open-to need further emphasis. Sir of the profits made by the open-to need further emphasis. Sir of the profits made by the open-to need further emphasis. Sir of the profits made by the open-to need further emphasis. Sir of the profits made by the open-to need further emphasis. Sir of the profits made by the open-to need further emphasis. Sir of the profits made by the open-to need further emphasis. Sir of the profits made by the open-to-need further emphasis. Sir of the profits made by the open-to-need further emphasis. Sir of the profits made by the open-to-need further emphasis. Sir of the profits made by the open-to-need further emphasis. Sir of the profits made by the open-to-need further emphasis. Sir of the profits made by the open-to-need further emphasis. Sir of the profits made by the open-to-need further emphasis. Sir of the profits made by the open-to-need further emphasis. Sir of the profits made by the open-to-need further emphasis. Sir of the profits made by the open-to-need further emphasis. Sir of the profits made by the open-to-need further emphasis. Sir of the profits made by the open-to-need further emphasis. Sir of the profits made by the open-to-need further emphasis. Sir of the profits made by the open-to-need further emphasis. Sir of the profits made by the open-to-need further emphasis. Sir of the profits made by the open-to-need further emphasis. Remeth, however, raises a cast sector.

Runniber of points about the economics of the industry which really cannof go unchallenged.

Let ground make by the open and the ground makes by the open as the ground makes by the open and the ground makes by the open as the ground makes by the

From the Chairman,
Coalfield Communities
Compagion.

Sir. — Sir Kenneth Cousen's response (August 14) to my comments on opencast coalmining was disturbing but in keeping with British Coal's previous comments on the subject. The environmental nightmare which opencasting

MOST AMERICAN public opinion polis, and lots of excel-lent grass roots reporting, will policy rates at best middling in the national concerns to be mined during the 1988 presiden tial elections. This is a natural, but deceptive, state of affairs.

It is natural because elections everywhere, but especially in the US, tend to focus the public mind on the most immediate local issues, which are not usually dominated by external factors. This tendency will be compounded next year because most of the declared and un-declared candidates from both parties have had little exposure to, or record in, foreign policy. Their strengths, to which they must play, are in bread and butter domestic concerns, of which there are enough to go

But it is deceptive on two counts. The first is that each serious candidate will be sub-jected to exhaustive examination on everything under the sun, including foreign policy.
The second is that recent
history shows that in most
presidential elections since the Second World War, a foreign policy issue has emerged as a critical and sometimes decisive

The most obvious examples of this are in 1980, when Iran or this are in 1980, when Iran was a millstone around President Jimmy Carter's neck against Ronald Reagan (though an asset, earlier, in fending off challenges for the nomination); in 1968, when the Democratic Party was hopelessly divided over Vietnam, creating a deficit which candidate Hubert Eumphrey could never recoup; and is 1960, when John Kennedy out-hawked Richard Nixon on the status of the offshore Chinese islands of Qemoy and

In other election years, the foreign policy card has been played sometimes oddly and cynically. President Gerald Ford's inability to determine whether or not the Soviet Union had treory in Polynd delegation. had troops in Poland delayed his late electoral surge in 1976; although hardly in danger of defeat in 1972, Richard Nixon felt the need to proclaim that peace was at hand (in Vietnam) just before election day, only for the bombing to resume shortly thereafter; a state of comparable security did not prefor the bombing to resume shortly thereafter; a state of comparable security did not prevent the Johnson campaign in 1964 from suggesting that a vote for Republican Barry Goldwater could bring on a global nuclear holocaust.

Other factors also come into play. Candidates need to secure the financial backing of those vested ethnic, economic and religious pressure groups whose support may be indispensable.

This is less accurate now than when it was said a few months back, as Irangate was still unfolding. Republicans not of the far right have been running away from the more mani-chean elements of Reagan foreign policy; equally, the intervention by Mr Jim Wright, the Speaker of the House, in the complexities of Central America hardly reflects immobility. But the basic divide remains.

vested ethnic, economic and religious pressure groups whose support may be indispensable. Mr Reagan's big success, especially in 1984, was his capture of so much of the traditionally Democratic Jewish vote. It will be axiomatic for all candidates of both parties to swear alle-giance to Israel.

elections, reports Jurek Martin

Mr Bush, in his many posts (China, the United Nations, the

Central Intelligence Agency, Congress) has never deviated

was felt that the last thing the from Nelson Rockefeller to country wanted was another Ronald Reagan. competent governor (especially from the south), so now com-petence is back in vogue as a preferable quality to negligent certitude. This sentiment was perhaps best expressed by one of the Democratic candidates, Senator Joe Biden from Dela-ware: "Today Republicans are mobilised by simplicity, and Democrats immobilised by com-This is less accurate now than

FOREIGN AFFAIRS

A primary

source of

surprises

Another powerful ethnic Senator Robert Dole, one of lobby, the Greek Americans, already have a presumed canditend towards the circumspect.

date in Governor Michael Duka- What is curious about both, for kis, the Democrat from Massa- all their long political careers, chusetts. Partly because the first is how little is known about primary election test is in Iowa, their foreign policy views.

In general, current conven-tional wisdom in the US is that patron of the moment—and the Irangate legacy will matter these have covered the full in 1988. Just as, post 1980, it spectrum of Republicanism

Domestic issues do not always

decide American presidential

all contenders are already woo-ing the farm vote, which has considerable foreign policy

Union. Senator Dole - naturally,

There is an uncertain assumption that Mr Bush, from a Brahmin East Coast back-ground, is an old-fashioned transatlanticist at heart. But in current Republican terms this is no necessary asset. because the party's nomination is going to be difficult to win over the opposition of the hard right, who dislike multilatera-lism. Still, in one recent speech, the Vice President did allow for the possibility that, in certain circumstances, bits, if not all, the Strategic Defence Initiative could be used as a bargaining chip with the Soviet

given his congressional experience — is an arch dealmaker, marvellous in negotiation but generally unbothered by prin-

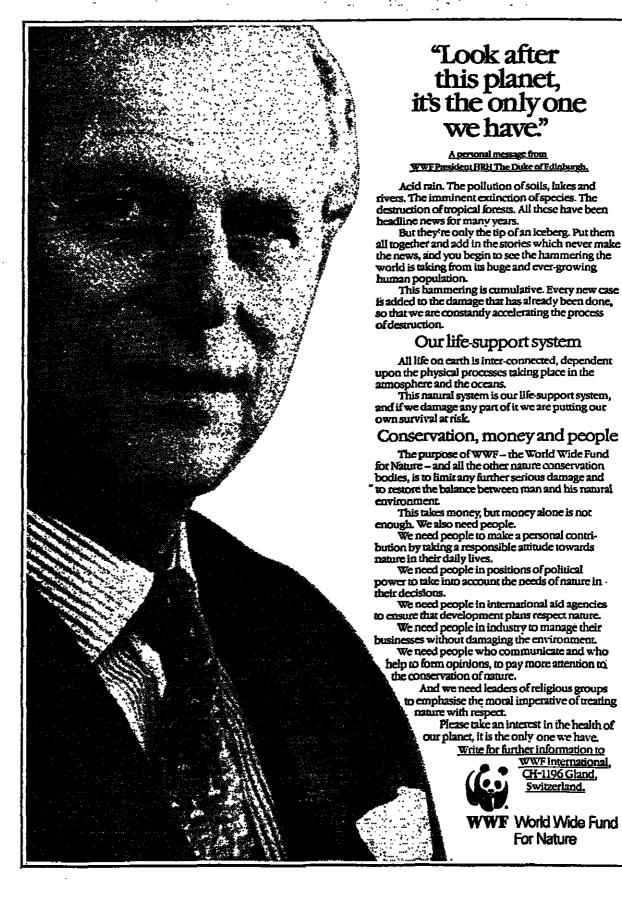
Dukakis, Paul Simon-to the pragmatic and knowledgeably cautions, like Sam Nuno. Most can be counted on to raise the banner of human rights, especially in South Africa. All reject the isolationist label and instead look back on what they see as the golden age of US involvement in the world under John Kennedy—before Viet-nam, that is, and presumably excluding the Bay of Pigs.

Divisions become sharper in at least three areas: Central America, trade and defence, The conventional left (Jesse Jackson, Pat Schroder and Simon) feels the US has no military business in Central America: Mr Dukakis, other-America: Mr Dukakis, otherwise politically elusive, refused to let his state's national guardsmen train in Honduras. Most talk of an economic and cultural ald package for the region; but, in recognition of the impact made by Mr Reagan in the 1980s there is much less about leaving Central America about leaving Central America to its own devices, a la Vietnam. Contra aid is going to be something of a litmus test for the party and it is worth noting the party and it is worth noting that the Democrat often thought potentially the strongest candidate of all, Senator Bill Bradley of New Jersey, voted for Contra aid on the grounds that at least it gave neighbouring fledgling democracies a chance to develop without Nicaraguan interference. out Nicaraguan interference.
The protectionism debate is complicated by the constituencies of the individual con-tenders. Men like Dukakis, Chuck Robb of Virginia and Bruce Babbitt of Arizona have

presided over economic renaissances in their states without recourse to curbs on trade. But, in a national primary campaign, they are vulnerable to attacks from Richard Gephardt, Jackson, Simon et al that they will not go the necessary mile to protect American workers.

Similarly, in defence, a sus-picion exists on the Democratic picton exists on the Democratic left that these affluent states have benefited too much from the build-up in US military capability. In both areas, much is spoken about "level playing fields," otherwise translated as getting the Japanese to pay up.

The biggest and still largely The biggest, and still largely unanswered question for all of them, Republican and Democrat, is how to get on with Gorbachev's Russia. A lot could happen between now and the start of the primaries to determine appropriate responses, but the most instructive interim reaction has come from the man who could be the best instinctive politician in the game, Jesse Jackson. Recently, having castigated the US President from pillar to post, he thought twice and added: "I've slept under President Reagan for seven vegre-uneagy I Only the very hardline
Republicans — candidates Jack
Kemp, Pat Robertson and possibly former Senator Paul
Lazalt—still hold to the black and white perspective. VicePresident George Bush and the Possible to the black and the enthusiastic — Biden, thought twice and added: "I've thought twice and added: "I've



SAA make the difference. SAAP SOUTH AFRICAN AFRICAN

Tuesday August 25 1987

FINANCIAL TIMES



Tim Dickson explains why EC membership remains so attractive

Queue to knock on Europe's door

WHERE DOES Europe end and the rest of the world begin? Such questions have been hotly debated since Turkey formally lodged a request for EC membership earlier this year. Out of the blue last month. Morocco announced that it, too, intended to add its name to the application list. Others (Norway, Cyprus, Malta, Sweden and even Switzerland) have also been reconsidering their rela-

Less attention, however, has been paid to what attractions all these countries see in a club whose members have a reputa-tion for incessant and often pet-

ty bickering.
Perennial and well publicised discussion of the EC's annual budget plus the apparent dithering over Common Agricultural Policy reform may be the EC's public face for those within the Community. But this disguises the attractions and achievements which are in-creasingly appreciated from the

The sheer size and growing solidity of the EC, for example, solidity of the fxt, for example, are undeniably impressive, especially given the scepticism of those who said at the outset that the brave experiment would never last. In 15 years the number of member states has doubled from six to 12 - and in the bled from six to 12 - and in the process the Community has established itself as the unchallenged economic and political unit of Europe. The most recent enlargement, which brought in Spain and Portugal at the beginning of last year, has shown smaller and economically poorer outsiders not only that they er outsiders not only that they can come into the fold but that

they can benefit too.

Then there is C en there is Commission President Jacques Delors' vision of a more "cohesive" Europe in which the richer countries help reduce the disparity



structural funds in real terms by 1992 has undoubtedly caught the notice of those such as Mal-ta, Cyprus and Morocco which would be potential beneficia-ries of such an allocation of re-

The fact that the funds them-selves are relatively tiny (amounting to just 0.16 per cent of the Community's GDP at the moment or around 0.3 per cent if the rhetoric were to be matched by successful action) may not have sunk in. Above all, however, it is the or late EC's ambition to create a barriapply.

way, Sweden and Switzerland, has expressed growing concern that progress towards a genuine internal market could leave its members out in the cold. Admittedly there are no tariffs or quantitative restrictions on Efta's industrial exports to the EC; but administrative and fiscal harmonisation of trade in services, public procurement policy, intellectual property rights and capital movements, for example, are all issues of keen interest to Efta's constituent partners.

while 1992 is clearly an optimistic deadline, the EC's halting but steady development towards common standards for tractor pedals, vehicle emission levels and a host of other items has invasingly severa practiin wealth between the northern and southern states. Arguably, this looks more credible from the outside than it does from within. But all the talk about the two blocs are close - and doubling the size of the EC's structural funds in real terms. creasingly the European Com-munity is insisting on setting the rules and presenting outsiders with a fait accompli.

Such considerations certainly lie behind this year's decision by the minority Labour Government in Norway to lay before parliament a white paper on re-lations with the European Com-munity. Fifteen years after its population narrowly voted against EC membership, this has led to strong speculation in Oslo and Brussels that sooner or later the Norwegians will re-

which is inspiring countries outside the charmed circle to reconsider the pros and cons of membership or at least to rethink their relationship with the EC.

The European Free Trade Association, the continent's other trading bloc, which comprises Austria, Finland, Iceland, Norway. Sweden and Switzerland.

The Swedes are seriously debating whether their strict neutrality is necessarily incompatible with membership, while the nature of the political debate appears to be changing, albeit to a lesser extent, in Austria and Switzerland.

Amid all the enthusiasm for an ever wider Europe, however, the other question that needs to

the other question that needs to be asked is whether those ap-parently knocking at the door will be welcome.

The EC is keen on closer links with just about everybody but the impact of the latest enlargement on decision-making in Brussels has made many lukewarm about the merits of quickly accepting new members *Everybox of the large members *Everybox of th ly accepting new members. Ev-ery minister who attends a Council meeting knows that the Community is now beyond a reasonable size for decisionmaking, one senior Community diplomat observed. It takes at least an hour for a quick tour de table on any subject and more like 2½ hours if they have a substantive discussion.

Even Greece, which joined the Community as far back as 1981, has yet to settle in despite the obvious benefits of member-ship. Spain is finding that the honeymoon period is well and

As a prosperous country and a strong democracy, it is widely agreed in Brussels that Norway could be absorbed fairly com-fortably. But the same count fortably. But the same cannot be said for Turkey or Morocco, which would impose new eco-nomic pressures just as the EC is struggling to cope with the new Iberian members.

It's just as well that these two, against whom the arguments are so compelling are at the top of the list, a Commission insider commented, some what cynically, last week.

Congress report criticises MX missile programme

AMERICA'S front-line strategic nuclear weapon, the MX missile, has serious problems with its guidance system which has made one-third of those already deployed inoperational, according to a Con-

gressional report.

The Washington Post reported yesterday that the faults had led to a temporary suspension of MX test flights and an internal Pentagon investigation to resolve the problems on the missile's accuracy, supposed to be its chief strength.

The MX missile programm has been a perennial source of controversy since 1979 when President Carter proposed that 200 missiles be shuttled among 4,600 shelters in western deserts of the US. Arguments over how best to deploy the 10 war-head weapon, known as 'Peace-keeper', have since turned into a debate on its efficiency and

accuracy.
The Armed Services commit the Armer services commit-tee report is sharply critical of the US air force for not notify-ing Congress of the problems, but also attacks Northrep Cor-poration, the US defence man-ufacturer, which built the mis-

sile guidance system. Northrop officials, testifying to the committee last June, dis-missed as "unadulterated nonsense' claims by three former or current Northrop employees that the missile was made so

that the missile was made so poorly that it was as likely to hit Washington as Moscow.

The US air force repeated, in an official response in the Congressional report, that the 17 test flights had been successful and had met design specifications.

A US air force spokesman, Lt Cel Richard Oborn, said yes-terday: "There's no question about the capability of the Pea-

about the capability of the Fea-cekeeper system.

Mr Les Aspin, chairman of the House committee, said, however, that only five of the 17 test shots had used the pro-duction (as opposed to the re-search) version of the guid-ance system. ance system.

ance system.

The House committee has long been critical of the MX missile, which it believes is vulnerable to a Soviet pre-emptive strike. It favours the smaller, more mobile, and less expensive Midgetman missile.

The Beauth Administration

The Reagan Administration argues that the MX is the best weapon to hit the rising num-ber of increasingly resilient Soviet targets. Quality is not the only appar

ent problem in the MX. At present, there is a backlog of 17 units which should have beensupplied to the air force. Northrop says, however, that the number has dropped from

the number has dropped from 23 last May.

Last year the air force suspended some payments to Northrop and initiated a criminal investigation of the company following charges of mismanagement on production schedules. Much of the problem stemed from the quick transition from research to production, the air force and Northrop cizim.

English breakfast

Continued from Page 1

arrived on the third day, 34 on the fourth, on the fifth day (from Moscow to Moscow!) two and on the sixth (!!) one." How to explain this discrep-ancy? Mr Rubinov discounts the idea that the British Best

the idea that the British Post Office has more modern equip-ment: "in the centre of the City, almost on the doorstep of St Paul's cathedral, I was shown some equipment which must

their money better than we do, and so in Great Britain they know that the saying "time is money should be taken literal-

In the Soviet Union, by con-trast, "no one ever chases any-one else up over here, and we are getting increasingly used to doing without the post alto-gether if the addressee is in the same town."

A British postal worker, "who is used to treating the client with respect," would not erstand the demands made by the Soviet Post Office of its

Parcels are an example: "in

THE LEX COLUMN

Dr Greenspan's greenback

If the equity market is to have a period for reflection, this is it; a week untroubled by alarming economic figures on either side of the Atlantic, followed by a of the Atlantic, followed by a Bank Holiday weekend. Equities opened strongly yesterday, and despite a choppy period on Wall Street's early fall closed respectably ahead. It could be the quiet end to a rough summer - unless, of course, there are any more big cash calls or paper bids in the offing.

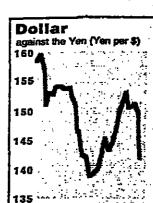
The dollar

Dr Alan Greenspan has hardly got his feet under the table at the Federal Reserve and he is having to face up to his first currency crisis. How he behaves under his baptism of fire could have as big an impact on the world's equity markets as on the more mercurial foreign ex-

He starts with a US dollar tions. which has just suffered its worst tumble in months, and has be-gun the current week in a decidedly shaky state. The Bank of Japan helped stem its slide yesterday morning, but there is a growing feeling that it is only a matter of time before it tests its springtime lows of Y138.35 and DM1.7690.

The dollar's recent weakness has been characterised as a delayed reaction to the horrible US trade figures for June. But that is only part of the reason. The combination of lower oil prices, which favour the curren-cies of oil importers like Japan and West Germany, and the per-ception that the tensions in the Middle East may be easing, which reduces the attraction of the US as a safe haven for funds, also share the blame for the dramatic change in market sentiment. Add to these factors the relatively low level of real interest rates in the US versus a country like West Germany and country like West Germany, and the off-mentioned concerns that the US has done little to remedy its serious budget and trade deficits, and the bears in the foreign exchange markets can make a good case.

After several months of sur-prising stability in the world's foreign exchange markets, the leading central banks are fac-



risen by a fifth already this year and any further increase could damage the prospects for eco-nomic growth in the run-up to next year's Presidential elec-

Harris Queensway

Nice idea, shame about the timing. Harris Queensway's £100m-odd proposal to enlarge its carpet empire has commercial logic, but shareholders might well feel that the group shouldget its financial systems in place before grounding means. in place before spending more money, and that Sir Phil Harris should re-establish corporate control before bouncing back as

a deal-maker. Granted, carpets are still the strongest as well as the oldest bit of the Harris group. Adding Allied to the existing business would bring the Harris share of the entire market from 12 per cent to 18 per cent, would ex-tend its range up-market, and would give the kind of clout in buying and distribution which would certainly attract at least passing attention from the CET forma basis alone.

Barring the management buy-out team, counterbidders have yet to announce themselves publicly, though they are certainly there. Asda is selling in a buyers' market to the extent proving earnings quality, a pro-

appeal to store groups - Woolworth, say? - whose core busi-ness is something to be escaped

From.

For Sic Phil, meanwhile, there was an extra twist to the timing in yesterday's announcement that an "amicable compromise" had been reached with his sacked chief executive. If nothing else, it came as a reminder of how little choice he had in making his offer in cash. had in making his offer in cash. It will take more than a deal to restore the market's fuith.

Pleasurama

This time last year Pleasura-ma was discussing a merger with the then rather smaller Mount Charlotte. The deal fell through, Mount Charlotte did others, and now Picasurama is the junior of the two. Its acquisitions have been of the low cost, add-on variety paid for in cash. Pleasurama is stretching it a bit in claiming that it was part of its strategy for non-casino activities to generate more profit than the casinos in yesterday's interim profits. Had the casinos' biggest customers not been absent on important business in the Middle East,

those operations would still be the bigger earner and profits would have been up. not down. Still, it does emphasise the reason for the diversification the poor quality of casino profits - and hints at the progress being made. The hotel side is clearly going strong with a 71 per cent occupancy rate and Pleasurama reckons to double its size in the next year without paying over the top for pur-chases. The holiday division 13 suffering from the cut-price antics of the air package operators, but with 500.000 customers a year should do well once that passing attention from the OFT. competition is sorted out. The Meanwhile, though the price amusement machines business puts Allied on a ple which Harris itself can only envy, interest costs would probably be covered in the first year on a progroup is still feeling its way in the discos and fun pubs area with catering the next adven-

that it is seeking to undo its di- cess which ought to be recoging the first serious challenge to last February's Paris accord to stabilise currencies. If Dr same. Harris, too, is aiming to the shares. On pre-tax profits stabilise currencies. If Dr same. Harris, too, is aiming to this year of £45m (up from return to the business it understands and it will be interesting changed at 198p, the prospectors about bolstering the dollar, the easiest way would be mitted to electrical or DIY retailing should its bid succeed. But long-term bond yields have

Rothschild reorganises assets division

N.M. ROTHSCHILD and Sons. the London merchant bank, has announced a reorganisation of its asset management division after a walk-out by a senior team from its international asient group.

A team of seven from Roths-child International Asset Management (Riam), including chief operating officer and director Mr James Hawrood Mr James Heyworth-Dunne, gave notice on Friday. The reason for their departure is not

Riam handles Rothschild's US pension fund and other business and has about \$3bn of funds under management.

The walk-out by the London-Riam's two other directors, Mr director, Mr Andrew Baker, two managers and two other staff. The bank was at pains yester-

day to indicate that the move would not have a significant impact on its fund management business. The bank has a total of about \$17bn under manage-

Mr Nick McAndrew, managing Mr Nick McAndrew, managing director of Rothschild Asset Management, said the entire group comprised 18 people, and six of the seven vacancies had already been filled by internal appointments. He said it was not clear to him what triggered the resignations.

However, according to other reports the move may have fol-lowed a disagreement over the bonus system. Rothschild was paying fixed bonuses instead of the performance-related bo-nuses common in the City of London and favoured by the de-parting team. Mr Heyworth-Dunne, however, said he was

not free to comment.
Under their contracts, the

and currency group, with \$4bn under management.

Dollar remains weak despite Bank of Japan's intervention

THE DOLLAR remained weak dermined the currency. pan intervention in Tokyo and comments by a Finance Ministry official suggesting the possi
more accurate version of offibility of co-ordinated central bank in support of the currency. The US currency had dropped to Y141 in the Far East before

\$200m to \$400m The Japanese Finance Minis-

try official said the central banks of the Group of Seven leading industrialised countries might undertake joint curtries might undertake joint currency market intervention if the yen rose further against the dollar. He said the authorities would not leave the yen's erratic movements alone and that they had been discussing currency market developments with the US and other governments since late last week.

However, no complexition of

cial thinking and that the US and Japan were not too unhappy last week to see a slight rise in the yen's value.

curities house House Covett said: The Finance Ministry of ficial's remarks were a last gasp before Japan tolerates a further decline in the dollar." He said

However, no corroboration of unhappy to see a gradual dethe official's remarks was of cline in the dollar to head off fered by representatives of other G7 nations, and European lobby in Congress after June's

the official's remarks was offered by representatives of other G7 nations, and European monetary officials were sceptical whether there was any substance at the moment in the talk about joint intervention.

One official said yesterday's remarks were probably meant to undo the damage done last week by Mr Kiichi Miyazawa, Japan's Finance Minister. His remark that the dollar should be left to market forces had un-

In New York dealers were cautious after the Bank of Ja-pan's intervention, and the dol-lar remained comfortably above its overnight low. There was no sign of Fed intervention and what one trader called an ominous' silence from US officials on the subject of the dollar.

the Japanese central bank in- Mr Paul Chertkow, director of There was no impact on the tervened, buying an estimated currency research at the UK se- dollar from the release of figures showing moderately strong growth in personal income and consumption in July. New York dealers believe the dollar has further to fall, but they appeared willing to let it ease down slowly rather than trigger more central bank support.

more central bank support.
In London, the dollar closed down at Y141.95 compared with Friday's closing Y142.7 and at DML8160 after DML8180.
Sterling closed marginally higher. The Bank of England's trade weighted index ended, extended at 27 compared with

yesterday at 72.7 compared with 72.6 on Friday. UK securities markets had a etter day yesterday, contining Friday's nervous recovery from Friday's nervous recovery from sharp falls last week. UK gov-ernment bond prices closed ½ point higher and equities were also up. The FT-SE 100 index closed 19.3 up at 2,225.1 while the FT Ordinary index ended 24.9 higher at 1,752.1.

Lex, Page 14; Currencies, Page 23

any "war premium" in the oil price. The Gulf is a non-event. The market is worried because

post haste

have been very advanced at the beginning of the century." Instead, Mr Rubinov detect-ed expectations of better ser-vice among British postal us-ers: "Capitalists look after

getner 11 tare at the same town."

the case of a soft parcel you have to cover it in white cloth, sown from the inside...so that no one can steam it open in transit, and they put wax seals on the seams like they did in the olden days, when letters were carried on horses with

Babcock International plc

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closes 1.00pm Saturday 29th August 1987*

Under no circumstances will the cash alternative be extended. The share offer will only be extended if sufficient acceptances have been received.

> "If the offer is unconditional as to acceptances at that time, it will be extended for not less than 14 days.

This advertisement is published by N M Rothschild & Sons Limited on behalf of FKI Electricals PLC. The Directors of FKI Electricals PLC are the persons responsible for the information contained in this advertisement. To the best of their knowledge and belief thaving token all reasonable care to ensure that such is the case) the information contained in this advertisement is in accordance with the facts. The Directors of FKI Electricals PLC accept responsibility

seven are still employed by the bank until they have worked out up to three months' notice. They are then thought likely to estab-lish a new fund management group.
Rothschild said its reorgani-

sation had been under consideration for some time. It will bring together the bank's fixed

Overproduction hits oil prices

OIL PRICES fell to their lowest levels for four months yester-day, as the market continued to

day, as the market continued to dwell on overproduction by members of the Organisation of Petroleum Exporting Countries.
On the New York Mercantile Exchange, the price of West Texas Intermediate fell 75 cents yesterday morning to \$18.15 a barrel, following a downward movement in Europe which left the price of Brent crude nearly 77.5 conts lower at \$17.475. 77.5 conts lower at \$17.475.

The trigger for the decline was a report by the Middle East Economic Survey, which estimates that Opec production for August is running at 19.7m bar-rels a day, more than 3m b/d higher than the official ceiling. Anxiety about overproduction of oil, and a re-evaluation of the

Spot Oil Price North Sea Brent Blend Crude (\$ per barrel) May Jun Jul Aug Petroleum Argus Prices

chances of Middle East war re-sulting in an interruption of oil supplies have driven down prices by nearly \$4 a barrel since the middle of July, and by nearly \$2 in the last week.

there is crude oil all over the place', Mr Chris McCormack of the New York brokerage house, ED&F Man, said yesterday. In the last few days spot oil prices have fallen by more than \$1 below official Opec selling prices, with spot Dubai crude yesterday quoted at \$16.25 against an official price of \$17.40 a horse! \$17.42 a barrel

The decline reflects the first signs of strain within Opec since it re-established its control over the market at the end of last year, and there was spec-ulation yesterday that the fall in the price could prompt an emergency Opec meeting before the next session scheduled for December. However most traders said that the price would read to state the price would be the state of the state of the session scheduled for December. need to settle at least \$2 below official prices before a crisis

Oil prices, Page 22

will, however, have been com-

waiti or Sandi targets.

verbal warnings and a flare
In the Gulf yesterday, the US fired in their direction.

World Weather CCloudy D-Drizzin F-Fair Fg-Fog H-Hall R-Reigh

Traders said that after yester-day's fall there was no longer **Arabs debate Gulf policy**

Continued from Page 1

forted by the strong psychologi-cal support they have received from most, if not all, other Arab from most, if not all, other Arab foreign ministers in the face of under the US flag.

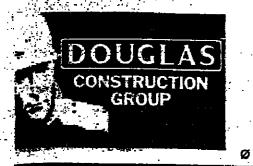
The Pentagon in Washington port operations by striking Kuwaiti or Saudi targets.

Stay clear of a convoy of reregistered Kuwaiti tankers sailing tender the US flag.

The Pentagon in Washington pationality," refused to heed werhal warnings and a flag.

destroyer Kidd fired machine gun blasts across the bows of two small unidentified boats after they ignored warnings to stay clear of a convoy of reregis-

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SECTION II - COMPANIES AND MARKETS

FINANCIALTIMES

Tuesday August 25 1987



SmithKline Beckman buys contact lens manufacturer

BY GORDON CRAMB IN NEW YORK

SMITHKLINE BECKMAN, the of National Patent's reve group, is expanding its eye-care in. The overall group has been a lossterests by paying upwards of \$155m maker for the past two years, how-for international Hydron, which ever, and six months ago anwas a pinneer in the development of nounced a programme of divestsoft contact lenses.

by National Patent Development, a New York bio-sciences company in the process of restructuring. National Patent, which owns 90 per lens solutions and suits of the process of restructuring. National Patent, which owns 90 per lens solutions and suits lens solutions. cent of Hydron, obtained licences from the Czechoslovak Academy of oces as early as 1964 and sold the flexible lens rights to many other producers. Although the original patents have now lapsed the company has more recently been developing a bilized soft lens from which agreement for the sale of Hydron

pharmaceuticals which last year reached \$190.5m. ments.

timal Patent, which owns 80 per lens solutions and optical diagnos- Jerome Feldman. tic equipment among others, but the company has until now not had a lens making capacity.

daal in the Netherlands as well as from its base in Woodbury in New

Mr Gavin Herbert, bead of SmithKline's eye and skin care division, said the acquisition "achieves our objective of making Allergan a

a lens making capacity.

Is quoted on the American Stock
The deal with National Patent
Exchange, aims to refocus its busihas been three years in the making.

In September 1984 the two compa
immune regulating drugs among

It will also retain an interest in If will also relain an interest in three Hydron joint ventures in Chicago, with sales last year of Hydron, which employs 1,450 peona which receive rough lenses from the UK at Camberley, Surrey and in Roosen-three.

Profitability in the petroch rromanny in the pervenen-ical division picked up, because of lower raw materials costs such as naphtha. However, losses in products for steel makers such as arbon electrodes and fire-resis tant bricks increased.

Showa

Denko

by 59%

SHOWA DENKO, Japan's fourth-largest integrated chemical company, reported pre-tax profits of Y6.4bn (\$42.3m) for the first half year to June 1967, up 59 per cent from a year earlier.

The earnings upsurge was at-

tributed to an improvement in the balance on financial items,

thanks to repayment of borrow-ings and the decline of interest rates. Net profits rose 10 per cent

Interim sales advanced 7.2 per cent to Y197.38im. Sales of petro-

of business, plunged due to soft-ened market prices, but sales of alumina and aluminium pushed

emical products, the main line

rises

The company's operating profits declined 4.6 per cent, but higher financial profits helped the company to score large pre-tax profits.

For the second half year to De-eember 1987, Showa Deako ex-pects higher sales, helped by price increases for such petro-chemical products as synthetic resin, and a recovery in steel-related products.

expected to improve 36 per cent over the previous year and pretax profits are projected at n, up 57 per cent. Arabian Oil, Japan's largest producer, reported sharp gains in sales and profits in the first

Full-year operating profits are

Pre-tax profits surged 65 per cent to Y32.65hm, on half-year sales of Y107.02bm, up 40 per-cent from a year before.

INSTITUTIONS MOVE TO INCREASE THIRD WORLD LOAN CUSHION

Canadian banks bite debt bullet

ONE BY ONE the major Canadian banks are gritting their teeth and announcing sharp hikes in their Third World loan-loss provisions, in accordance with guidelines laid down last week by the superintendent of financial institutions.

Three of the big six have so far fallen into line, lifting reserves on loans to a basket of 34 troubled debtor nations to between 20 and 40 percent of their exposure. Bank of Montreal was first off

the mark, lifting its cushion to the 35 per cent level and taking an after-tax CS753m (US\$570m) charge against third quarter earnings. Toronto-Dominion and Canadian Imperial Bank of Commerce each responded by raising their provi-

sions to the full 40 per cent. This translated into similar charges of C\$475m and C\$450m respectively. In all, the six banks are expected to boost the combined reserves set aside against their C\$24bn exposure to the 34 debtors by some C36bn to C39bn. Their capital is likely to shrink by around C33bn or

nearly 17 per cent as a result. banks will again be among the best protected of the international bankng community against their Third World exposure – a status they had lost in the stampede to raise loan loss provisions which followed Citicorp's May decision to add substan-

tially to its own loan reserves.

The big six may still lag their West German and Swiss counterparts in this department. But the

present hike will enable them to leapfrog back ahead of the deeplyimplicated US and UK contingent.
While the US banks' cushion is

now widely-cited as 25 to 30 per cent of Third World exposure, this is calculated on the basis of loans only to Brazil, Mexico, Argentina and Venezuela - the four largest

If the sample is extended to cover the 34-country basket used by the Canadians, a cross-section of eight US money centre banks has taken an average provision of just 18.9 per cent of exposure, according to Ms Mary Hallward, an analyst atToronto-based Nesbitt Thomson.

Around three-quarters of Cana-

da's Third World exposure is owed by the big four debors, analysts say, with in excess of C\$6bn apiece owed by Mexico and Brazil, Only an estimated 2-3 per cent of the total is thought to be comparatively risky private sector debt. Toronto-Dominion is the best-po-

sitioned of the Canadian banks to withstand the blow to its balance sheet. In announcing a C\$738m increase in its loan-loss reserves last week, Mr Richard Thomson, chairprofit for the year - an assessment their capital bases. which most analysts go along with. Canadian Imperial Bank of Com-

merce, with its strong equity base and the lowest proportion of Third World debt to total assets of any of cy of the big Canadian banks is on a par with or better than their US

Even if the six major Canadian banks chose to boost their loan-loss provisions to the maximum stipulated 40 per cent, not one would have an equity ratio of below 3 per cent, according to analyst Mr Roy Palmer of Alfred Bunting.

Chances are that all except Toronto-Dominion and possibly CIBC after its new share issue would slip below the 4 to 5 per cent level that regulators like, however.

The question remains: is 35-40 per cent enough or will the Canadian banks be further haunted by their problem loans in future? While Mr MacKenzie expresse

the hope that "we may not have to However, it along with the other revisit this for a while," opinion four are now expected to return sizeable 1987 losses – despite a helping hand from the Canadian taxpayer. Mr Michael MacKenzie, the federal superintendent of finangal institutions extincted that the federal superintendent of finangal institutions continuous that the federal superintendent of finangal institutions continuous that the federal superintendent that the federal superin cial institutions, estimates that for tion partly on Toronto-Dominion's every C\$1 of gross provisioning, Canadian banks will make "between World exposure at a 30 per cent plus

The bank has given assurances man, expressed optimism that the ed to follow as the banks attempt to that what was sold was a mix and bank would none the less report a tap the stockmarket to replenish not just those debts settling closest to book, Mr Withers says.

Already CIBC has announced a Alfred Bunting's Mr Palmer holds a very different view, believ-However, the figures are not exing that the move "is a one-time hit for this year... If you can take pected to rival Citicorp's forthcom-70-80 per cent provisions," he adds. ing US\$1bn foray into world stockthe big six, is probably in the next markets, partly because, even after "I would advocate that banks go best position."

> **Hoechst Celanese** posts \$88m profit

Tubby's prepares beanfeast to swallow Stuff Yer Face

BY OUR NEW YORK STAFF

STUFF YER PACE, an exhortation which adorns the portals of four US Tubby's management. cheeses and savoury sances eateries and has for some years Management of Stuff Yer Face, wrapped up in a freshly made pizlent payment to the Nasdaq stock under a complicated reverse split appeal up in a freshly made piztent payment to the Nasdaq stock under a complicated reverse split as like dough and then baked."

Tubby's Sub-Shops.

Tubby's Speciality in "submarine the exception of Mr William J.

Tubby's speciality in "submarine the exception of Mr William J.

Strengbeld" a living of the Nasdawanny, the president, who is marines.

base in New Jersey, into a double purveyors. decker Daggeood of a corporate enterprise with nearly 100 outlets.

The two companies pronounce The two companies pronounced products. The Stromboli is an awe-yesterday that, following completion of the marger, it was anticipated that the name of Stuff Yer Face with different stuffings of either with 12.4m in sales, incurred a loss of \$84,000.

Tubby's has 52 franchised outlets but is putting in place an additional with different stuffings of either 39.

such other name as selected by meats or vegetables along with

Stromboli, a hybrid pizza-sand- being retained - perhaps, even, so

The Fraser, Michigan company, wich which has found modest fathat he may lend his distinguished which gains some 6,000 loyal Stuff your around the Stuff Yer Face moniker to the reborn Stromboli Yer Face shareholders as well as its Nasdaq listing, made \$164,624 last Digesting the takeover may year on revenues of \$908,060 while prove easier than tackling one of its its new partner, somewhat larger products. The Stromboli is an awe-with \$2.4m in sales, incurred a loss

Atari planning \$67.3m acquisition

BY LOUISE KEHOE IN SAN FRANCISCO

personal computer and video game approval of Federated's bank len-manufacturer, is to acquire a chain ders. Federated's board of directors of West Coast consumer electronics has approved the merger and is recommending that shareholders ac-

Atari said that it has signed a de-finitive merger agreement with The Federated operates 68 con-Federated Group to purchase the electronics stores in California, Te-

ATARI CORPORATION, the US to several conditions including the personal computer and video same approval of Federated's bank lenal venture capital firms in backing

electronics retail company for xas, Arizona and Kansas. The com-\$67.3m, or \$6.25 per share in cash. pany reported a loss of \$5.2m for The merger agreement is subject the year ending March 1.

By Our Financial Staff HOECHST CELANESE, the US arm of Hoechst of West Germany, said it had net earnings of \$88m, on net sales of \$1.88bn, for the first six Sybase, a California software company that is developing a relational data base management system for the Apple Macintosh computer. Apmonths of 1987.

Richard Thomson

40 and 45 cents" of tax recoveries.

C\$302m common share issue

ple's Strategic Investment Group said that it has taken a minority

stake in the software firm as part of a \$3.3m round of venture capital

A flurry of share issues is expect-

Toronto-Dominion chairman

The company said the numbers reflected sales and earnings from the former American Hoechst for the first two months and those of Hoechst Celanese from March 1 to

At the Notes having been sold, this announcement appears as a matter of record only

BERLINER BANK

(Incorporated in Berlin as an aktiengesetischaft under the laws of the Federal Republic of Germany)

AKTIENGESELLSCHAFT

A\$ 50,000,000 14 per cent. Notes due 1990

Westpac Banking Corporation

Berliner Bank International S.A.

Deutsche Bank Capital Markets Limited

Hambros Bank Limited

Banque Bruxelles Lambert S.A.

Banque internationale à Luxembourg S.A.

Banque Paribas Capital Markets Limited

Bayerische Vereinsbank International S.A.

Compagnie Luxembourgeoise de la

Hypobank International S.A.

Dresdner Bank AG - Dresdner Bank International -

Morddeutsche Landesbank Luxembourg S.A., Luxembourg

Orion Royal Bank Limited

Versins- und Westbank Internationale S.A.

WestLB International S.A.

August, 1987,

Withe Bonds having been sold, this announcement appears as a matter of record only



funding.

The Council of Europe Resettlement Fund for National Refugees and Over-Population in Europe

A\$ 60,000,000 14 per cent. Bonds due 1992

Westpac Banking Corporation

Doutsche Bank Capital Markets Limited

BHF-BANK

Banque Bruxelles Lambert S.A.

Benque Paribas Capital Markets Limited

Bayerische Vereinsbank Aktiengeseilschaft

CIBC Capital Markets

Orion Royal Bank Limited

Trinkaus & Burkhardt KGeA

Zentralbenk eG

Westdoutsche Genossenschafts-

Hembros Bank Limited

Banca del Gottardo

Banque internationale à Luxembourg S.A.

Bayerische Landesbank Girozentrale

Berliner Bank Aktiongesellschaft

Dreedner Bank

Swiss Bank Corporation International

Vereins- und Westbank Aktiengeseilschaft

Westdoutsche Landesbank Girozentrale

First-half earnings up 21% at Haeco

HONG KONG Aircraft Engineering (Baeco), the aircraft acquires it is aircraft. As refurbish 19 of its aircraft. As refurbish 19 of it day reported attributable profits for the six mouths to June 30 of HK\$34.7m (\$10.8m), a 21 per cent improvement on the same period last year.

The improvement, which arose from turnover up by just half of this year, and a further four due for delivery before the end of this year, is expected to keep the company's maintennot as strong as the 25 per cent growth recorded in 1986. However, it was better than many had expected, given the imminent loss of a long-standing contract to maintain the Gulf Air fleet. Gulf Air is setting up its own aircraft capacity since the company's overlanding contract to maintain the Gulf Air fleet. Gulf Air is setting up its own aircraft maintenance subsidiary. A programme to refurbish 11 Gulf Air TriStars was completed in the first half of the year.

A boost came from British Airways, which extended

Brierley makes all-paper bid for rest of Rainbow

Tasman Sea.

A joint statement from the companies said the offer for the rest of Kainbow would be three BIL shares for every five Rainbow shares and four BIL shares for every five Rainbow shares to increase its stake for every five Rainbow options.

Mr Heatley said Rainbow

The National Companies and

takeover oner.

When the NCSC indicated it thought there might have been a breach of Australian takeover laws, Woolworths did not call a shareholders meeting to approve the deal. The problem was further compounded by was further compounded by Rainbow not being listed in Australia.

July 1987

Sharp rise in profits at Bell Resources

REIL RESOURCES, the resources arm of Mr Robert Holmes a Court's Rell Group, which has recently built up a significant stake in Texaco, that US oil company, yesterday reported sharply improved after-tax profits of A\$160.3m (\$71m) for the six namels to June. months to June.

The result is 34.3 per cer higher than the figure of A\$74.7m for the same period last year and refects the group's continued rapid development since its inception in 1983, when the Bell

Group sequired control of Wignacres.
In equity-accounted terms, In equity-accounted terms, the improvement is even more marked. Including the company's share in the profits of Broken Hill Proprietary (BHP), in which it has a 28 per cent stake, Bell's net profits were up 63.1 per cent to A\$160m.

A brief company statement issued with the figures said the profit did not include an amount of A\$92.7m paid by Adelaide Steamship to Weeks Petroleum, the oil company which is 94 per cent ewned by Bell Resources.

The figure also does not include a sum of A\$49.2m received on the issue of war-

received on the mane of war-rants in BHP Gold, the recently-floated company con-taining BHP's gold interests. Bell Resources said the amount would be included in praiss in the period when the warrants were exercised.

Figures for total group revenue in the six months increased two-and-a-half times, from A\$213m to A\$2.33bm. Of this, A\$1.4bn was characterised as sales revenue or its

equivalent.

The company also said there was a positive net cash flow of A\$34.4m, but gave no figure for the comparable period last year. There was an unchanged interim dividend of 7.5 cents

Palabora Mining lifts copper sales

INCREASED COPPER sales INCREASED COFFER Suce allowed Palabers Mining, the South African copper mining company controlled by RTZ of the UK, to overcome the effect on turnover of lower prices in the first half of this

Copper sales rose to 65,839

tonnes from 60,310 tonnes in the first half of 1986 and turnover advanced to R281.4m (\$133.4m), from B257m. Interim operating profits dropped to B105.5m, from B122.1m, however, as costs were affected by lower toll refining and greater purchases of concentrates from other copper miners. In 1988, the year's turnover was R543.5m and operating profit B243.7m. The directors say first-half

The directors say sirst-half turnover was enhanced by a single shipment of uranium. No further uranium shipments are scheduled this. year, but the directors ex-pect higher rand copper prices to effect the absence of ranium revenue.

First-half carnings dropped to 144 cents a share from 175 cents and two interina dividends totalling 115 cents have been declared.

Setback for Associated **Manganese** By Our Johannesburg

CLOSURES OF European enstances ferro-manginese plants severely affected trading by Associated Mantrading by Associated Man-games, the South African ore and ferre-alloys producer, during the first half of the

year.
Turnover dropped to
R95.8m (\$45.4m), from
R117.2m. Operating prafit
before interest and tax fell to
R9.8m from R44.1m and pretax profit was R6.8m, against
R49.9m. For all 1986, turnover
tatalled R223 3m overating

B49.3m. For all 1986, turnover totalled B229.3m. operating profit B77.9m and pre-tax profit B71.1m.

The directors say low pricing pushed ferro-manganese producers into lesses and forced some to clost down or cartail production. This seriously affected manganese ore prices and demand. The board expects an improvement in the second half, but warns that foll-year carnings will be lower. First-half carnings dropped to 79 cents a share frem ped to 79 cents a share from 598 cents and the interim dividend has been cut to 150 cents from 300 cents. Last year's total earnings were 1,015 cents and the total divi-

tend was 600 cents.

Sumitomo Bank chief steps down early

THE PRESIDENT of Sumitomo as Japan's most profitable bank.

THE PRESIDENT of Sumitomo Bank, one of the world's largest banks, has stepped down three months before the expiry of his term in office, following reports of discord within the bank over its aggressive expansion policy.

Mr Koh Komatsu, who became president in 1983, led Sumitomo in two bold moves last year. The first was the acquisition of the Heiwa Sogo Bank, a Japanese mutual bank torn by scandal and close to bankruptcy. The second was the investment of \$500m for a 12.5 per cent share of the earnings of Goldman Sachs, the US investment bank.

According to Japanese newspaper reports, Mr Ichiro Isoda, the chairman, became increasingly unhappy with the expansion programme, partly because it has resulted in Sumitomo having to relinquish, at least for this year, its long-held title

by further rise in yen BY YOKO SHIBATA IN TOKYO

HONDA MOTOR has announced its results for the four months (\$7bn), up 9.1 per cent over the to-June 30 1987, after changing its accounting year. The next primarily due to increased sales of vehicles in Honda's major overseas markets, irregular fiscal periods, seven months ending on September profits fell by 25.5 per cent to 1987, and six months ending of 1988.

on March 31 1988. apreciation of the yen against Consolidated sales for the the dollar.



Honda Motor result hit

National Bank of Sharjah U.S.\$25.000.000

Floating Rate Certificates of Deposit due 1988

beneby given that for the six months from 21st Angust 1987 to 22nd February 1988, the Certificates of Deposit will carry an interest rate of 77% per amount.

The interest payable on each U.S.\$250,000 Certific relevant interest payment date, 22nd Pebruary 1988 will U.S.\$10,036-89

Lloyds Bank



US \$100,000,000

Floating Rate Notes 2001 Holders of Floating Rate Notes of the above issue are hereby notified that for the interest period from August 26, 1987 to February 26, 1988 the following

1. Applicable Intérest Rate: 711/4% per annum 2. Interest payable on next interest

US \$392.92 Payment Date: per US \$10,000,00 nominal or US \$9,822.92 per US \$250,000,00 nominal

3. Next Interest Payment Date:

August 24, 1987

BA Asia Limited

February 26, 1988

US \$300,000,000

Scotiabank 5 THE BANK OF NOVA SCOTIA

Floating Rate Subordinated Capital Debentures Due 2085

Interest Period

77/16% per annum

Interest Amount due 24th February 1988

24th August 1987 24th February 1988

per U.S. \$ 10,000 Debenture U.S. \$ 280,14 U.S. \$3,801,40

Credit Suisse First Boston Limited Agent Bank

US. \$150,000,000

Chemical **New York Corporation**

Floating Rate Subordinated Notes Due 1996

Period

29th May 1987 28th August 1987

í,

U.S. \$180.66

Interest Amount per U.S. \$10,000 Note due

8th September 1987

(inclusive)

Credit Suisse First Boston Limited Agent Bank



All these securities have been sold. This announcement appears as a matter of record only.



5,000,000 Shares

Home Office Reference Laboratory, Inc.

Common Stock

1,000,000 Shares

This portion of the offering is being made outside the United States and Canada by the undersigned.

Smith Barney, Harris Upham & Co.

Alex. Brown International

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L. F. Rothschild & Co.

4,000,000 Shares

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Moseley Securities Corporation Needham & Company, Inc. Neuberger & Berman Prescott, Ball & Turben, Inc. The Robinson-Humphrey Company, Inc.

Edward D. Jones & Co.

Raymond, James & Associates, Inc.

First Manhattan Co.

Stifel, Nicolaus & Company

Rodman & Renshaw, Inc.

Stern Brothers & Co. Anderson & Strudwick

R. Rowland & Co.

The Ohio Company

Sutro & Co. Branch, Cabell and Company R. G. Dickinson & Co.

Hanifen, Imhoff Inc.

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Rothschild Inc.

First New England Securities Corporation Morgan, Olmstead, Kennedy & Gardner

Volpe & Covington

The Chicago Corporation

Pacific Securities, Inc. San Diego Securities

Wedbush Securities, Inc.

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Finnair more than doubles earnings

By Off Virtanen in Heisinic FINNAIR, the Finnish airline, saw profit before appropriations and taxes take off by 112 per cent to FM 286.6m (\$84m) during the year ended March 1987. Group revenue increased by 5 per cent to FM 3.55bn.
Reasons for the improved result include increased air traffic in Europe and lower fuel prices. The airline's overall passenger load factor rose from passenger load factor rose from 74.4 per cent to 76.5 per cent. Scheduled air traffic increased by 3 per cent, while charter

perations grew by 26 per cent.

Finair has been authorised

to raise its capital up to double
the current FM 120m. Mr Gunnar Korhonen, who has run the airline since 1960, has ma the arrive since 1900, has retired. He was replaced by Mr. Antti Potila, formerly chief executive of Rauma-Repola.

• Runtamäki, the food and Minimali, the food and health care group, reports a 2.1 per cent improvement in profit before appropriations and taxes to FM 122.4m for the first half of 1987. Operating profit rose by 14 per cent to FM 260m. Turnover increased by 6.4 per cent to FM 2.21bn. Growth was hampered by the weakness of the dollar. Huhtamäki's largest subsidiary, the US-based confectionary company Leaf, boosted turnover by 23 per cent in dollars but by just 8 per cent in markka terms.

Japanese move by CFTC

THE COMMODITY Futures Trading Commission (CFTC) of the US is seeking talks with Ine OS is seeking tauss with Japanese officials on a regulatory programme which it hopes will help globalisation of futures trading. CFTC commis-

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THE PARTY

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GMAC makes debut Schneider with Ecu100m issue

BY ALEXANDER NICOLL

GENERAL MOTORS Accept- dollar issues, the primary sector ance Corporation yesterday made its debut in the European currency unit bond market with an Ecul00m issue carrying a Short two-year maturity.

The property was a short two-year maturity.

The property was short two-year maturity.

The property was short two-year maturity.

The offering, launched by UBS (Securities) with a 71 per cent coupon and price of 101, followed on the heels of two other US corporate issues in the

INTERNATIONAL BONDS

sector, for GTE and Pepsica. But its maturity was shorter on the principle that investors cur-rently like very short maturities whatever the currency.

The issue, like many recently. was aimed very much at the continental European retail investor. It was bid at a discount equal to its 1} per cent total fees.

The deal was the only feature of one of the quietest days of the summer so far, with most bond markets marking time and watching currency movements. the grey market at about 2 After last week's flurry of points below issue price.

was quiet, as the dollar was fairly steady following Bank of

In the yen sector, New Japan Securities Europe bought a Y5bn dual-currency for a sub sidiary of Marubeni, the trading company. The five-year deal carries a 7½ per cent coupon and price of 101%, and is redeemable 55 per cent in yen and 45 per cent in Australian dellers.

dollars.

In West Germany, bond prices ended easier as the market awaited today's terms for the new Federal bond issue, expected to yield 6f per cent for 10 years. The most recent for 10 years. The most recent for 10 years. The most recent issue, for 10 years, was yesterday yielding 6.35 per cent. In Switzerland, bond prices were slightly lower in places. Enso Gutzeit's SFr 100m issue ended its first day's trading at the place is th 981 11 points below issurprice. Terms on City of Kobe's price. Terms on City of Kobe's SFr 100m 12-year 4½ per cent issue, launched at 99½ late on Friday, were thought quite tight, and the issue was bid in

Trelleborg purchases UK extruded rubber maker

BY OUR STOCKHOLM CORRESPONDENT

futures trading. CFTC commissioner Mr Robert R. Davies and employs a staff of 60. It companies said, Reuter reperts from Tekyo.

The CFTC programme would allow the sale of non-US futures used for sealings, for example around windows and doors. The UK company is to be claims it will have about one merged with Trelleborg's substituted with the market leader.

TRELLEBORG, the Swedish fabrik, which it acquired in rubber products group, has 1980 and subsequently restruction acquired Technical Polymers of traded rubber products. Lassum as part of its plan to strengthen its position in the SKr 22m (\$3.5m) on turnover of the products. products.

Technical Polymers has a sson, managing director of turnover of about £2.5m (\$4m)
and employs a staff of 60. It companies to show profits of manufactures extruded rubber and PVC products which are skr 30m on turnover of about 5Kr 30m on turnover of about 5Kr 30m on turnover of about 5Kr 30m on turnover of turnover of about 5Kr 30m on turnover of about £2.5m (\$4m) of turn

FT INTERNATIONAL BOND SERVICE

Listed are the latest international bonds for which there is an adequate secondary market. Closing prices on August 24

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Finaling Rule Notice Decominated in dollars unless otherwise indicated.

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to buy 50% stake in Dual

SCHNEIDER, the West German television and electronics group, is to buy a 50 per cent stake in Dual, the record player manufacturer, in a complicated transaction in-directly involving Thomson Brandt, the French elec-

Late last week, Thomson Brandt agreed to sell Dual, based in St. Georgen in the Black Forest, to Perpetunm Ebner (PE), a little-known company in the same town company in the same town, which used to own Dual until the latter went bankrupt in 1981. PE still owns certain Dual assets.
As widely expected follow-

ing the deal, PE has now agreed to sell a half stake in Dual to Schneider, which has by the end of next year.

The value of the deal has not been disclosed, but Dual, which had sales last year of DMI00m (\$55m), has been incurring losses recently.

The acquisition marks an

"aitractive expansion" for Schneider, said Mr Bernhard Schneider, its director, Dual's products are positioned above Schneider's existing hi-fi range. The Dual name will be maintained, and Schneider will attempt to restore the company to the position it once held in the hi-s world. Dual will be run as an independent unit within the

independent unit within the group.

Schneider, which was only floated on the stock exchange last October, has been growing rapidly. Apart from TV and audio, the company manufactures personal computers under licence. Turnover in 1986 rose 43 per cent to DM614m, and sales increased a further 42 per cent in the first half of this year.

The purchase should guaran-

first half of this year.

The purchase should guarantee record-player production at Dual, which employs around 250, for another two or three years, said Mr Schneider. Thereafter, new products, possibly including compact disc and digital audio tape equipment, could either come from Dual or both companies. The company used to panies. The company used to employ 2,000 before it went

Heavier taxes hit Rabobank in first half

By Laura Raun in Amsterdam RABOBANK, the big Dutch co-operative bank, reported that its first-half profits fell by 6 per cent to F1 325m (\$159m) from F1 346m in the year earlier period because of higher taxes.

is likely to drop below the F1685m of 1986 because of much steeper taxes resulting from lower deductions allowed for assets, the Utrecht-based bank said. In-

allowed for assets, the Utrecht-based bank said. Income before taxes and loan loss provisions, however, is expected to improve again after edging up 1 per cent in the first six menths.

Taxes jumped by 24 per cent in the first six menths.

Taxes jumped by 24 per cent in the January-June period as a result of reduced write-offs for assets that began in October 1986. Rabobank suffered more than other banks from the slimmer deductions because of its larger guaranteed assets.

Rabobank, which is the second largest bank in the Netherlands in terms of total assets, is the last of the big banks to report first-balf results. The bank, which caters to the agricultural industry, kept its costs under better control but had to pay heavier taxes than the commercial banks.

Total income rose by 2 per cent to F1 2.2bn from F1 2.1bn after modest increases in revenue from borrowing and lending — outstanding loans rose 3 per cent amid narrower interest-rate margins. Revenue from commissions and in-house invest-

narrower interest-rate margins. Revenue from commissions and in-house investments also climbed.

Overall costs edged up 2 per cent to FI L.5n from FI 1.47bn on higher expenses for personnel and depreciation.

Provisions for bad loans remained unchanged at FI 225m compared with the first half of 1986. Pre-tax income increased 2 per cent to FI 477m from FI 469m.

The total balance sheet The total balance sheet grew 3 per cent to F1 144.5hn as of June 30, 1987, from F1 139.69hn on December 31, 1986. The slower growth than the year-on-year expansion was due to the consolidation

BNL to acquire German bank

By Our Financial Staff BANCA NAZIONALE del Lavoro (BNL), the state owned Italian bank, has agreed to buy Hesse Newman, a small bank based in Ham-

Hesse Newman, which does not have any branches and reported a balance sheet total of DM 234m (\$129m) at the end of last year, is privately

Ericsson suffers mid-term setback

BY KEYIN DONE, NORDIC CORRESPONDENT IN STOCKHOLM The group, which has been warning the stock market for several weeks to communication, sales increased by 6 per cent in the first six

ERICSSON, the Swedish tole- tain operations. communications and electronics concern, suffered a renewed setback in the first half of 1987 with profits (before appropriations and taxes) dipping by 11.3 per cent to SKr 409m (\$64m). Moreover profits were bolstered by extraordinary gains of SKr 275m on the sale of shares and fixed assets — booked under "other operating revenues" — compared with extraordinary gains in the corresponding period of 1986 of SKr 163m.

Group sales declined by 3.1 group sales declined by 5.2 The group sald its profit new order bookings fell by 5.2

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The group sales fell by 7 per cent in information systems to grammes at the UK and the US betate contraction of operations. Ericsson said that the first sing to conduct a number of major development programmes at the same time.

In addition to its costly betate contraction of operations markets, and the UK and the SKr 275m on the sale of shares

er cent to SKr 15.2180n. ability had also suffered from year through the takeover with has run up heavy losses in the Ericsson said that the trend the economic situation in Brazil French interests of CGCT, last three-and-a-half years, had both sales and order book and that the performance of its which holds 16 per cent of the still not yet been achieved, of both sales and order bookings was adversely affected by Mexican subsidiary had had a French market for telephone even though the workforce is the weakness of the dollar as "strong negative impact" on exchanges. exchanges. now barely two-thirds of its well as by the disposal of cernet financial expenses. Ericsson, whose public teleearlier level.

for the first six months of this

year because of sluggish indus-irial growth.

The group forecasts, however, that full-year profits would be on a level with last year's figure

Sandvik expects to hold profits the Swedish Germany, Italy and the US. It intake to SKr 6.67bn. Invoiced cemented carbide and special steels group, showed a small stip in profits and invoiced sales

Danit makes cemented carbide products for the word-working industry, pins for tyre studs and masonry drill tips, a product range which Sandvik says fits in with its own hard

several weeks to expect disap-pointing results, said that profits

(before appropriations and laxes) of SKr 1.67bn (\$262m). materials operations.
Sandvik reported profits
(before appropriations and
taxes) of SKr 919m for the first Sandvik has also signed a letter of intent to acquire Danit, a Danish cemented carbide producer. A price for the deal has not been settled Danit has plants in Denmark and the US, as well as subsidi-

broke even last year on a turn-sales to North America fell by over of DKr 202m (\$29m), and has a workforce of 350.

Sales to North America fell by over of DKr 202m (\$29m), and has a workforce of 350.

Europe — its main market slipped by 1 per cent to SKr 3.99bn.

in the second half of 1987 are in the UK and the US required to rationalise production and "large amounts of money and administration had failed in the first half."

Ericsson said its operating earnings had been hit by a sharp decline in the US market ing to conduct a number of ment costs.

In the cemented carbide sector (which accounts for over 50 per cent of group sales), invoiced sales of rock-drilling tools and other hard material products showed a decline. showed a slight increase.

Slack investment activities led six month, down 1 per cent on the comparable period last year.

Invoiced sales slipped 1 per cent to SKr 6.29bn, against to SKr 2bn, but sales of saws SKr 6.36bn a year ago.

Slack investment activities led to a 4 per cent decline in invoiced sales for steel products to SKr 2bn, but sales of saws and tools rose 17 per cent to to a 4 per cent decline in invoiced sales for steel products iKr 6.36bn a year ago. and tools rose 17 per cent to
The group reported a modest SKr 675m due to strong demand

aries in Sweden, Britain, West 2 per cent increase in order for consumer products.

simultaneous telecommunica-tions development programmes again declined. Measures taken

plans global equity offering By Our Stockholm Correspon

Norsk Data

NORSK DATA, the Norwegian mini-computer group, announced yesterday that it plans to file a registration statement with the US Securities and Exchange Commission for a public share offering in the US and other countries including Norway.

The size and timing of the offering are to be decided at a later stage, subject to the approval of Norsk Data shareholders. The shares would be non-voting class B, and in the US would be represented by American Depositary Class B Receipts.

Swedish watchdog seeks funds

SWEDEN'S Bank Inspection Board, which is responsible for policing the credit, options and the Swedish markets and the stock markets, has asked the trend towards deregulation, Government to increase the resources at its disposal so that it can cope with the escalating number of crimes and financial number of crimes and financial were properly monitored.
scandals which threaten to "Too little attention is paid shake confidence in the various to the brokerages and finance financial markets.

Mr Hans Lowbeer, general

director of the Bank Inspection Board, singled out brokerages and finance companies as need-ing special attention in future, and said that the board needed more resources to crack down on cases of insider trading.

Mr Lowbeer said that with bank account instead of being the increasing development of transferred to the Swedish Staff Pension Society account.

internationalisation and further innovations, it was important to needed an extra SKr3.1m, bringing its total budget up to SKr 26.7m. The money is paid make sure that the markets by the various institutions inspected by the board and con-tributions are in proportion to companies now and we need to increase their respect for the rules of the market," he said.

A series of financial scandals their turnover, but it is parlia-ment which decides each year how much money the board may have.

has come to the fore in the last year including several insider the board to boost its staff trading probes and bank frauds. In the board to boost its staff trading probes and bank frauds. In one case, SKr 53m (\$8.3m) installation and operation of a cent to F1 14.3m and provisions was diverted into a private new computer system.

Amro unit

improves

PIERSON. Heldring en Pierson, the Dutch merchant bank which is a fully-owned subsidiary of Amsterdam-Rotterdam Bank, said first-half net profits rose by 4.1 per cent to Fl 34m (\$16.6m) compared to the first half of 1986, Reuter reports from Amsterdam.

The bank said pressure on interest rate margins and lower income from securities trans-actions depressed gross earnings cent to FI 14.3m and provisions fell 6.5 per cent to Fi 21.5m.

This announcement appears as a matter of record only.

August, 1987



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Fall in casino profits cuts Pleasurama to £16.3m

BY FIONA THOMPSON

THE MIDDLE EAST conflict ing a strategy which reduces has hit Pleasurama, leisure the group's reliance on profits group, resulting in a £3.5m drop from the volatile London in trading profits in its London casinos. in trading profits in its London casino operations, traditionally the haunt of high rollers from

Pre-tax profits for the six months to June 28 1987 were casino operations was £33.64m down from £19.21m to £16.27m, to £66.34m, against a 1986 diviprimarily due to a decline in slon of £37.49m to £43.06m. cashoo profits from £11.92m to

the company's five London casinos, showed a loss. The club has usually relied on a very small number of what the trade refers to as "A category" pleyers the hig purposes in players, the big punters, in particular from the middle and

players have been curtailed, said Mr Warren Tuddenham, seen them this year." Though he believes they will return in a year to 18 months, the halcyon days have gone for the time

As a result, the non-casino side, at £9.2m, has contributed a larger share of the profit for the first time in the company's history.

Total group turnover for the six months was £99.98m, compared with £80.55m. The split in turnover for casino/non-Interest charges rose to £1.29m from £106,000. Basic

Maxims, at the top end of earnings, adjusted for a one-for-ne company's five London cas-nos, showed a loss. The club from 6.55p after tax of £5.37m (£7.3m). The directors said they had considerable confidence in the

considerable commence in the company's future and are recommending an increased dividend of 2p per share (1p). The shares were unchanged at 198p. Of Pleasurama's six division of the considerable commence in the company's future considerable considerabl said Mr Warren Tuddenham, sions—London casinos, provin-managing director. "We've not cial casinos, holidays, commercial casinos, notinays, commer-cial hotels, amusement machines and leisure — the commercial hotels sector was the fastest growing, according to Mr

At present consisting of 10 hotels totalling 500 bedrooms, the company aims to double the number by the end of 1988. Target areas are the south Midlands, the south-east, and its According to Mr Nat Solomon, lands, the south-east, and its chairman, the board is pursu-first greenfield site along the

M25 corridor. On the holidays side, the UK tour market has been hampered by poor weather, for the third summer in a row, and the con-tinuing competition of heavily discounted air package holi-days. The continental coach programme has also suffered by appearing relatively costly compared with the discounted

air packages. Though the division's first half results are not comparable because of the inclusion for the first time of National Holidays and Norscot, they are satisfac-tory given current market conditions, the company said.

In the provincial casino divi-sion, both attendances and turnsion, both attendances and turnover were up and the board
expected a satisfactory year.
The amusement machine
sector enjoyed particularly
good trading and remained the
UK market leader.

The leisure division, which began the year with six discos and one bingo unit, has been substantially enlarged during the last six months, with an additional seven discos and one true with an additional seven discos and one true with a seven discos and fun pub, aimed at 18-25 year olds with entertainment and fast food catering.

See Lex

Good first-half lifts CEI to £5m

the interconnection technology and defence and instrumentation.

The directors added that against this background a satistion divisions at Cambridge 1987 year could be looked forward to with some confists months of 1987.

Turnover for the first the interconnection.

The directors added that against this background a satisfactory outcome for the forward to with some confists the interconnection.

The directors added that against this background a satisfactory outcome for the forward to with some confists the interconnection technology against this background a satisfactory outcome for the forward to with some confists the interconnection technology against this background a satisfactory outcome for the forward to with some confists the forward the forward to with some confists the forward the forward the forward

Turnover for the period rose from £63.4m to £68.3m. After tax, up from £1.54m to £1.89m, earnings per share were shown as 7.7p, against 6.2p. The interim dividend is increased to 2.4p (2.2p)—last year's final payment was 5.8p from profits of £10.12m (£10.28m).

The directors stated that the restructuring of the group begun towards the end of 1986, and, recently reinforced by the appointment of two more divi-sional managing directors, was beginning to produce results.

They explained that there had been a gradual improvement in the market place and that the group's order book had grown in all divisions other than Cambridge Electronic Indus
The long-awaited recovery ct much potential for motoring shead in the short run.

lift in turnover, while the defence and instrumentation from £855,000 to £1.28m. Despite a reduction in turn-

over of some 4 per cent profits of the electronic components side rose slightly to £1.49m (£1.45m). Of the specialist companies,

Tase Drives and Graseby Medi-cal produced particularly strong performances, the directors pointed out.

taking hold. Even if interim pre-tax profits of £5m fell below many City forecasts, it was the strong statements about the second half of the year that underpinned a 4p rise in the nology division traded strongly share price to 270. Cambridge with profits of £1.59m also introduced management (£966,000) from a 12 per cent changes that may eventually changes that may eventually help bring a more focused strategy to bear on what appears a hodgepodge of busisses. While some of the subsidiaries have occasionally turned in a spectacular performance, others have tended to be clobbered unexpectedly, bring-ing down the performance of the whole. That is what accounts for the rather undemanding prospective p/e of 13, based on pre-tax profits forecasts of £13m for the whole

Whitbread gives its support to Buckley's

Whithread, the national brewer which holds a 21.7 per cent stake in Buckley's Brewery, yesterday came out in public support of the small Welsh company, which is contesting a £26.6m bid

Whithread said that it had seen both the offer document from Brodian, which repre-sents the personal interests of two James Ferguson direcof two James rengamen unce-tors, Mr Peter Clowes and Mr Guy Cramer, and Buckiey's response. "We will support Buckley's," declared the

from a nominee company,

brewery. Whitbread has traditionally backed the incumbent managements at the regional

stakes. In addition to the Whit-bread stake, a further 6 per cent is held by Whitbread Investment Company, the separately-quoted investment trust which will make its own decision over the Brodian bld. Brodian's offer reaches its first close on Wednesday. Yesterday shares in Buckley's were trading Ip higher at 168p—still 7p below the cash offer terms.

Rolls-Royce buys MatEval

ROLLS-ROYCE, the aeroengine manufacturer, has acquired the business assets of MatEval, a non-destructive testing equipment specialist that was in receivership, The company's products include the Micropulse nondestructive testing system which is used in nuclear power stations, and by areospace companies in the production

materials structures.
Financial details of the transaction were not dis-

● A substantial number of would be Rolls-Royce share-A substantial number or would-be Rotis-Royce share-holders, including a majority of this returning letters of allocation for the second instalment of shares in the recently privatised company, have failed to specify nationality, thus forcing the company to return applications for registration and other documents

Electronics check Low & Bonar

sales causing a setback at Bonar Brentwood and a substantial shortfall in orders for traditional heavy electrical products has caused a downturn in pre-tax profits of Low &

Bonar. Interim pre-tax profits for the six months to May 31 were £8.01m compared with £8.4m on turnover which had increased from £113.11m to £142.95m, after restating the 1986 figures on merger accounting principles for the Powertec and Advance acquisitions.

A break down of profits

shows there was a downturn from £5.53m to £4.9m from the UK/Europe and a setback from £3.08m to £2.7m from Canada. £3.09m to £2.7m from Canada. Australia made nil but this was against £133,000 losses in the corresponding period and there was a good showing from the US where profits increased from £1.16m to £1.61m reflecting the major 1996 acquisition of the plant in Tyler, Texas which was proving to be an "excellent" investment. Mr Roland Jarvis, chief executive, said anart from the

executive, said apart from the short term problems at Bonar Brentwood and with a couple of the newer start-up projects, the rest of the group continued to make satisfactory progress with sales rising in line with

In plastics divisional turnover increased by 49 per cent to



Roland Jarvis, chief executive of Low & Bonar

fear ending November 30 £21m and a good second half is looked forward to. In textiles, which division comprises
"Flotex," the "Carelle" nonwovens companies and three
companies involved in a range of polygropylene and related products, turnover was up by \$2 per cent to £2m. Turnover in

In other activities, A. T. Mays, the major retail travel agency in which Low & Bonar has a 35 per cent interest, continues

Low & Bonar Earnings per thare (pence) 1982

to have another excellent year. Operating profit for the period was little changed at £8.7m (£8.76m) and the share of earnings of related com-

panies was up from £286,000 to £292,000. Income from fixed asset investments was slightly lower at £250,000 (£297,000) and interest amounted to £1.23m There was an extraordinary debit of £446,000 (nil) this time and stated earnings per share emerged at 6.54p (7.89p). The interim dividend is inelectronics remained static at

digesting the Powertec and Advance purchases and launch-ing its novel Carelle product (possibly to reach the high streets via Marks and Spenter's clothing racks), having spent £120m over the last two years on acquisitions and capital pro-jects. If 7.5-to-8 per cent group operating margins can be restored, then next year should see considerable rises in profits with the 40 per cent rearing reduced and lossmakers turned round. Deficits at three subround. Deficits at targe sub-sidiaries plus exchange rates lopped £2m off these interings and City expectations for 1988. 1987 have therefore been marked down by some £3m to £19m—only a whisker above last year's restated level. So slim is the merger accounted gain that earnings per share

creased from an adjusted 1.755

to 1.85p per 50p ordinary share.

Low & Bonar has a lot to do

• comment

gain that earnings per share may well fall by 1p or so this year. However, the company remains committed to a three year £500m turnover target which, along with some unsubstantiated takeover chatter, may have helped the shares up 160 to 304p. A prospective c/e of 91 may seem mean, British Vita, to which L & B bears a close resemblance, is presently trading on a multiple of 19, but many analysts are uneasy about the frequent shifting of the latters earnings' goalposts.

Victaulic planning flotation

BY RICHARD TOMKING

A PIPELINE products company which was the subject of one of Britain's biggest employee buy-outs four years ago is planning a stock market flotation.

Victaulic, once part of the British Steel's tubes division, the end of this year or the beginning of 1988. It will be advised by Lazard Brothers, the merchant bank, and Hoare Govett, the stockbroker.

Lloyds Plastics, Victaulic Indus-trial Polymers, and the

showed pre-tax profits of £300,000 for the six months

cent. Turnover for the period expanded by 68 per cent from

BPP expands by 44%

BPP Holdings, financial training and publications group, which moved up from the USM to the main market last month, BPP's courses achieved con-

ended June 30 1987, compared volume of examination training

expanded by 68 per cent from acquired Mander Form £1.16m to £1.95m. Woodward (MPW) wh After tax of £105,000 specialises in 'O' and 'A' le (£81,000) earnings per 10p share were shown as 5.9p (4.7p) a profitable new area to truth the interim distribution from the interim was 3.36p from for courses during 1987-68.

The April the group acquired Mander Forth acquired Mander Forth April Course in the profit of the profit of the profit of the group acquired Mander Forth April Course in the profit of the profit of the group acquired Mander Forth April Course in the profit of the profit of the profit of the group acquired Mander Forth April Course in the profit of the group acquired Mander Forth April Course in the profit of the profit of the group acquired Mander Forth April Course in the group acquired Map

to £0.3m first half

tings, Valvestock and PTFE assets bought and number of Fabricators.

Its main customers are major

Some 600 employees put up

siderable expansion with a significant increase in the

Last month the group acquired Mander Portman Woodward (MPW) which specialises in 'O' and 'A' level examination training, and adds a profitable new area to training activities, the chairman stated. Indications were that there would be good demand for courses during 1927.89

The company's main activities are making plastic pipeline products and engineering plastics. Its subsidiaries include Hitchin, Stewarts and steel activities. At the time, it Lloyds Plastics, Victaulic Indus-trial Polymers, and the ployee buy-out after National recently-acquired Stainless Fit-Freight in terms of value of

employees involved.
Some 600 employees put up a total of £800,000 in exchange

time of the buy-out, since when the value of the shares had risen to 185p. The flotation price was expected to be higher because the latest valuation had been made on the basis that the shares were not quoted on any market.

The company also produced its interim figures for 1987 showing pre-tax profits rising from £3m to £3.3m for the six months to June on turnover up from £22.5m to £25m. Mr David acquisitions accounted for only the outlook for the second half

TSB and worries over next instalment

By Hugo Dixon Over a third of TSB Group's 2m shareholders have paid the second and final instalment for Its main customers are major utilities in the UK such as a total of £800,000 in exchange British Gas and the water authorities, which together account for about 70 per cent of the ordinary account for about 70 per cent of the further backing cours caused a downturn in backers. British Steel retained cuts caused a downturn in 30 per cent of the equity. Victaulic said yesterday that been trying to widen its customer base by acquiring businesses in related product areas.

The company was bought for in recent months may not receive the message. If they do not pay, they could lose their entitlement to their exist-ing shares and any benus

> Апу about the second instalment should contact TSB's enquiry line on 0272 300 300.

RKF GROUP, Sussex-based building services group, has paid £460,000 in cash for Emsworth Fireplaces of Havant, Hampshire in its first acquisi-tion since joining the USM in April. The price includes £390,000 for freehold properties.

Twenty Americans in Amsterdam?



Never was Wall Street so near at hand. Please send me further information about XMI-options. Name: //> American Stock Exchange Address: Postal code: Optiebeurs NV., Postbus 19164, 1000 GD Amsterdam, The Netherlands, Telex 14501, Telefax (20) 236659

In April the group acquired the freehold of a 22,600 sq ft property in West London, and all but 4,000 sq ft (let at an annual rent of £44,400) are for occupation by BPP and recently acquired subsidiary CPE pre-tax profits of £625,000. Mr Richard Price, chairman, stated that publishing activities continued to show growth. Trading, he added, was generally ally stronger in the second half, largely because of high easonal sales of publications Scot Heritable to buy

BY NIKKI TAIT

Scottish Heritable Trust, the industrial holding company whose interests range from whose interests range from oriental carpets to fireworks, yesterday continued to expand on its US housebuilding interests with an option agree-

ment to acquire 19 per cent of Washington Homes.
Washington Homes is quoted on the New York Stock Exchange and builds some 1,000 homes annually in Washington and Baltimore. It also owns 89 per cent of Washington Savings Bank. Under the deal, SHT can

choice the deal, SHT can exercise the option at a price of \$17 over a 90-day period. If it does so, its stake in Washington—together with share already held—will total almost 24 per cent.

The deal has been structured in this feehing to most the

in this fashion to meet the requirements of US authorities and SHT has applied for the necessary approvals to cover the change in ownership of the Savings Bank. In the nine months to end-April, Washington saw sales of \$57m and earnings before tax of \$10.4m.

The deal follows SHT's \$10m burchase of a 30 per cent stake. purchase of a 30 per cent stake in North American Housing Corporation, a Maryland-based company which manufactures modular homes, ten days ago, and Haven Homes in Pennsylvania, which the group acquired for \$6m in December. By 1988, Scottish Heritable

Dale stake cut

Sunleigh, small holding company, where FKI Electricals holds one quarter of the shares, continues to reduce slowly its stake in its former bld target, Dale Electric. Sunleigh is now down to 700,000 shares or 5.21 per cent against its last per cent, against its last' recorded stake of 6.33 per cent.

19% of US housebuilder

suggests, half its profits could come from overseas—predominantly from these US interests. Yesterday, its shares were un206 148 Ass. Brit. Ind. Ordinary 1.9 17 5 1.8 28 4 89 CCL Group 11pc Conv. Pref.... 141

RANVIII

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221xd — 5.9 195 — 17.4 5M) 132 — 5.5 Granville Davies Coleman Limited 27 Lovat Lane, London EC3R 8DT Telephone 01-621 1212 Member of the Srock Exchange

CAMBRIDGE ELECTRONIC INDUSTRIES PLC **INTERIM RESULTS**

Six months to 30th June 1986 Turnover £68.3m £63.4m Profit before taxation £ 5.0m £ 4.0m Earnings per share 7.7p 6.2p Interim dividend per share 2.2p

Mr John Jackson, chairman of CEI, comments:

"Group turnover for the first six months of 1987 was some 8% ahead of the first half of 1986. This, coupled with some of the benefits from the restructuring exercise which was commenced towards the end of 1986, enabled the group to make a pre-tax profit for the first six months of 1987 of £5.0m which was 25% greater than that for the comparable period of last year. There has been a gradual improvement in the market place and the group's order book has grown. Against this background a satisfactory ourcome for the whole of 1987 can be looked forward to with some

Copies of the Interim Report and of the 1986 Annual Report are available from the Secretary, Cambridge Electronic Industries plc, Botanic House, 100 Hills Road, Cambridge CB2 ILQ

are now able to trade directly in an option

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accurately reflecting the U.S. market.

777

Marwan raises Benlox stake and joins board

BY NIKK! TAIT

vesterday announced that he has raised his stake in Benlax Holdings, a small engineering and investment dealing group, to 194 per cent and is

quoted investment in the UK. It is thought to be the first time the financier has taken a formal the outset of the bid battle in the flasnicier has taken a formal the outset of the bid battle in boardroom place in a UK quoted June, Mr Millar placed his 26

Occasions, the marine and defence electronics group, has more than halved its pre-tax losses to £4.06m (£8.78m) in the year to the end of March, on turbover that fell from £44.88m

turnover that fell from £44.86m to £20.96m.

Mr Peter Laister, chairman, said that the group had now been put on sounder footing and that the board "cautiously expectes that the group will begin to trade profitably during the current year."

Dr Ashraf Marwan, the a contested bid for Nolton, taking the rest. Between Egyptian financier and a son-in-another mini-conglomerate— August 19 and 21, he acquired law of the late President part of which it intends to a further 460,000 shares through demerge, retaining the property Yesterday, Benlox stressed

group, to 194 per cent and is taking up an executive board post as deputy chairman.

Benlox said yesterday that it understands the company will be Dr Marwan's principal pleted.

Marwan's stake will be diluted to 15.2 per cent when the Nolton offer is finally completed.

company.

Benlox, currently capitalised at shout £30m and headed by Mr Andrew Millar, recently won per cent holding in the group and Dr Marwan picked up 10.5 per cent, with three MIM funds and London Investment Trust

the market and yesterday pur-chased 3m more from Mr Millar. Mr Millar's interest is now down to 500,000 shares - or just under 2 per cent.

Dr. Marwan has featured indirectly in a number of take-over blds in the UK — in particular, House of Fraser, Fleet Holdings and Extel — and is a friend of Lonrho's Tiny Rowland. Most recently, he cropped up with a stake in Bridon, the wire and engineer-

Yesterday, Bendox

Oceonics loss halved to £4m

The more recent rise of oil prices has led to stabilisation in the activities of Geosite, the survey business, and Seatronics, the rental and equipment subsidiary, although Mr Laister said that a lag would be experienced between improvement in market and its impact on performance.

Manpower levels were reduced during the year.

Manpower levels were reduced during the year.

Sub-sea engineering industries. Turnover and exports improved at Oceonics SPL, the defence company produced a profit on the year. Oceonics Communications, the video conferencing and communications subsidiary, made losses, although progress was reported as "steady".

Loss per share fell from 28.5p to 12.9p. The company benefited by the absence of exceptional and extraordinary items both above and below the line that had depressed the

Occasics had been hit hard by the downturn in the oil prices which affected the rental of marine equipment. It has in to be reduced while the company diversifies into areas of the business.

during the year.

Dependence on the oil and previous year's results. Interest to be reduced while the company diversifies into areas of the business.

No dividend was declared owing to the deficit on distributable reserves.

assets up 20%

American Trust raised its net asset value to 209,5p at July 31, 1987, an improvement of 20 per cent on the stated figure a year

For the six months to end-July net revenue fell from \$2.066m to \$2.06m after tax of \$1.57m (\$1.78m) and minorities of \$897,000 (\$855,000). Earnings rose from 1,549 to:1.77p, while the interim dividend was un-changed at \$15p.

Attributable profits at Edin-burgh Fund Managers, a 53.8 per cent owned subsidiary of American Trust, rose from \$2.02m to \$2.14m for the same six months.

The company, which moved from the USM to a full listing in July, said turnover was marginally lower at £4.18m

Results to 31st March

Profit before taxation

Dividend per share

Earnings per share

Tumover

...

"

HAMPSON

Engineering and Manufacturing: Industrial Cleaning. Maintenance and Allied Services

FOURTH YEAR IN SUCCESSION OF RECORD PROFITS

Capitalisation Issue of one for five proposed.

1987

£31.5M

£2.82M

1.375p

Extract from the Chairman's Statement:-I think I can promise that this increased rate of

current year of not less than 20%.

dividend will be maintained on the proposed increased capital i.e. a further increase during the

The management figures available to me are

encouraging and in the short term show that

we are comfortably ahead of the equivalent

figures for last year. I shall content myself by

6.01p

1986

£24.6M

£1.72M

1.132p

3.77p

American Trust | Marketing costs check Dewhirst profit rise

sales to Marks and Spencer, yes-terday announced an increase of 5 per cent in its pre-tax profits for the 26 weeks to July 17, despite a 16 per cent rise in

despite a 16 per cent rise in turnover.

Interim taxable profits were £2.8m against £2.67m for the same period last year, achieved on turnover up by £5m to £35m.

Although profits for the first that rise had given by £5 Although profits for the first half last year had risen by 16 per cent over the previous period, the relatively modest increase this year was anticipated by the City and the share price rose yesterday 1p to 81p. The company attributed the divergence between the increase marginally lower at \$4.18m in turnover and that in profits (\$4.28m) after a 10 per cent to the costs of establishing a decline in unit trust trading profits and the absence of compensation payments which last thought the special profits amounted to £130,000. In the costs of establishing a worldwide marketing team, and of diversifying from its traditional activity of making men's year amounted to £130,000.

Earnings per share at Dewhirst rose from 1.93p to 1.94p, and an interim dividend of 0.24p was declared, against 0.217p.

to hampered by its inability to make permanently - pleated, stylish skirts to go with its upmarket jackets, the acquisition of May on a single-figure exit multiple, can only help Dewhirst advance. But only in the medium to long term — the mooted margins improvement in the second half is unlikely to £130,000. During the interim period, EFM launched a successful new unit trust, EFM Pacific Fund.

There was an extraordinary debit of £67,000 (nil). Tax took £1.06m (£1.18m) and minority interests took £3,000 (£1.000). Earnings per share fell from 14.25p to 13.48p. The interim dividend is increased from 2.5p to 4p to reduce disparity.

tional activity of making men's clothes into making women's to be spectacular. Analysts forecast profits of just over £7m for the full year, against £5.3m last year, putting the shares on of the acquisition of May be resulted in the second half is unlikely to be spectacular. Analysts forecast profits of just over £7m for the full year, against £5.3m last year, putting the shares on of the making men's clothes into making women's to be spectacular. Analysts forecast profits of just over £7m for the full year, against £5.3m last year, putting the shares on of the monority which supplies skirts and belts.

Dewhirst's commitment to womenswear was yesterday confirmed with the announcement of the full year, against £5.3m for the full ye

comment Although in tribute to M&S's ability to squeeze its suppliers to the bone, Dewhirst's trading margins declined from 8.3 to 7.5 per cent in the first half. This reflects lousy weather, as well as the costs of diversification into women's wear. Hither-

Guinness **Peat calls** for end to criticism

By Terry Povey

Guinness Peat Group last night called upon its major shareholder Capitalcorp to either bid or shut up. Capitalcorp, 75 per cent-owned sub-sidiary of New Zealand's Equitcorp, has an almost 30 per cent stake in GPG.

There has been a week of bitter exchanges between the two groups following an indica-tion of a possible bid by the New Zealand group as it attempted to prevent management and organisational changes at GPG's merchant banking arm Guinness Mahon. the UK financial services group will be the release today of details of the planned changes at Guinness Mahon. Yesterday GPG obtained clearance from the Takeover Panel to press ahead with this announcement following a decision by Samuel Montagu, Capitalcorp's advisors, not to appeal against a ruling that the management would go ahead as it was in train before last Tuesday's bid

threat was delivered. Capitalcorp has however, blocked any implementation of these plans by obtaining an interim injunction. On Sunday, the New Zealand group offered to drop this legal action if GPG would put the matter to shareholders,

However, yesterday Alastair Morton, GPG's executive chairman, adamantly rejected this offer. The UK group believes that Equiticorp is attempting to obtain back-door control. Mr Michael Kerr-Dineen, GPG's managing direc-tor, said: "We are not going to be dictated to by a minority

The New Zealanders argue that the incentive scheme proposed for the team of a dozen executives to be brought in to run Guinness Mahon is far too costly, involving amounts run-BY DAVID WALLER

I. J. Dewhirst Holdings, the year to September 30 1986, May clothing manufacturer which made profits before tax and derives most of its income from directors' emoluments of sales to Marks and Spencer, yes. £394,000, on £3.7m turnover. they claim.

Formings needed in GPG and be against the interests of shareholders tenday appropriet an increase of the interests of shareholders. The sales to Marks and Spencer, yes. £394,000, on £3.7m turnover.

Last night Capitaleorp said it would be "very thrilled if all of the Guinness Mahon incenof the Guiness manon investives are made public so that they can be debated." Among options being considered in addition to a possible full bid are the requisitioning of an extraordinary meeting to consider the incentive scheme. However, "we will not keep shareholders waiting for too much longer," said one of its

Meanwhile, GPG will be meeting today with its lawyers to consider how to get the in-

Richard Tomkins considers Cannon Street's return to popularity

Nursery for successful flotations

10 years, the same angry investor scrawled the same abusive message on his proxy Street Investments before the company's annual meeeting,

"You useless lot of bastards." he opined. For Mr Bill Hislop, Cannon

Street's 55-year-old chairman, no explantion was required. The outburst was a reference to the fact that this investor, along with 11,000 others, had seen the value of his stake shrink to almost nothing in the wake of the investment holding company's near-collapse in 1974. In 1985, however, Cannon Street began a come-back which has seen its market capitalisafrom fam to nearly \$200m. Its share price, adjusted for rights, has risen tenfold in just two years.

It is probably no coincidence that the messages have suddenly stopped. Yet that shareholder might be forgiven if he were to scrawl on his next

The difference is that in its first incarnation the group made an ill-starred move into banking with the acquisition of Cannon Street Acceptances, When the secondary banking crisis struck in 1974, CSA went under with outstanding loans of 18.5m, and dragged the rest of the group down.

It took from then until 1985

to sort out the mess and pay-off to sort out the mess and pay-off the debts. After a series of asset disposals, the company which emerged to float itself on the USM that year was a much slimmer animal than it had been a decade earlier. Of its sizeable portfolio of quoted and unquoted companies, only three were left: a Christmas hamper distributor a plastic hamper distributor, a plastic flowerpot maker and a distributor of laboratory equipment.
Since then acquisitions have come so fast that even Mr Hislop, who was managing director at the time of the important. We are building up company's downfall and has led a group of like-minded, it to recovery, has lost count. ambitious individuals who aim the figure is much higher than to float either by themselves, or

20, and last week two more with others in the same subsidiaries were added. A division, in three to five years £34m rights issue—the third in time." 18 months—was also announced to finance further acquisitions. Sell to Cannon Street on seven Cannon Street's philosophy is times earnings instead of going to buy sound, cash-generative, for higher-priced flotations on service-orientated companies their own account straightservice-orientated companies their own account straight-with management intact. It is away? not generally interested in turn- The main reason, according arounds, venture capital opport of Mr Hislop, is that the tunities or cases where existing vendors are going to capitalise

for a company.

tual flotation. A six-man corporate resource group monitors is certainly no shortage of performance from the centre, other candidates," says Mr but management at subsidiary Hislop. "We turn down 100 but management at subsidiary Hislop. "We turn down 100 level is given a high degree of companies for every three we independence and is motivated accept." by earn-out arrangements, which relate the money they receive for their business to profits during the three years after flotation.

The companies so far acquired are a motley assortment, arranged in a divisional Mr Hislop says this view is structure which seems to grow misguided on two counts. another leg whenever an acquisition does not conveniently fit cashflow means it could carry sition does not conveniently into one of the existing ones.

If the rationale for this loosely-knit assembly of business is elusive, it is largely because Mr Hislop spurns the notion of synergy. "I used to believe in it when I was a starry-eyed youth, but now I know it's just a load of old rubbish," he says.

"Getting the right chemistry between people is much more

management wants to retire, on their success without having increased by rights and/or acquis.

And perhaps most important of to undergo the strain of public § Unquoted stock. ¶ Third market.

all, the Edinburgh-born Mr His-lop does not like paying too much money for his acquisi-tions. He has only once paid more than seven times earnings for a company The Cannon Street of today

In corporate strategy is to sequire a stake in both Cannon Street and their own business's of 1974. The corporate objective is still to buy small, but them in the run-up to an even-successful, private companies that in its performance from the centre working for us today and there are difference is that in its performance from the centre working for us today and there is certainly no shortage of the centre working for us today and there is certainly no shortage of the centre working for us today and there is the centre working for us today and the centre working

> The main criticism is that it is a creature of the bull market. It can only use its own paper to make acquisitions, and can only float its subsidiaries, when

on making acquisitions even if it never issued another share. And because its subsidiaries have been acquired on lowly price/earnings multiples in the early stages of their development, the group as a whole would show rapid organic growth even without flotations.

Cannon Street's profits have the equity.

in 1988.

If the market is firm, the with Betacom, Britain's biggest supplier of domestic telephones. It is in the books at £1.25m,

moved rapidly upward since it rejoined the market, from £939,000 in 1985 to £3.1m last year. Brokers are forecasting £12m this year and about £20m in 1999

with goodwill written off at the time of acquisition. This year the company is likely to make pre-tax profits of £1.4m. A flotation at 14 times 1986 earnings, on a standard tax charge, would fetch nearly £13m. It is the prospect of capital gains on that scale which con-tinue to stimulate enthusiasm for Cannon Street. A falling market would surely hinder the momentum will in any case become harder to sustain as the group becomes larger. But with Mr Hislop firmly ruling out the possibility of setting up a banking division, the City, like the angry investor, has proved willing to forgive or forget the cents. forget the events.
Significantly, the institutions

have overtaken small investors as the principal shareholders, accounting for 42 per cent of

DIVIDENDS ANNOUNCED

	Current payment	of	Corres- ponding div		Total last year
American Trustint	1.15	_	1.15	_	3.3
BPPint	2.6†	Oct 28	2.24		5.6
Cambridge Electint	2.4	Nov 3	2.2	_	8
L J. Dewhirstint	0.24	Nov 20	0.22*	-	0.86*
Edinburgh Fuedint	: 4	_	2.5	_	8
Low & Bonarint	1.85	Nov 16	1.75*		5.35*
Picasuramaint	: 2	Oct 14	1*	_	4.88*
Scot Eastern Inv Tst int	: 0.85	Oct 26	0.85	_	2.2
Dividends shown pend stated. * Equivalent at increased by rights a	ter allow	ing for	scrip ⁻ iss	ue. † C	n capital

February 11, 1987 Britain's largest airline lists on the NYSE.

April 14, 1987 The world's largest lighting manufacturer lists on the NYSE.

May 14, 1987 North America's second largest movie theater chain lists on the NYSE.

> May 28, 1987 Australia's largest corporation lists on the NYSE.

June 10, 1987 Britain's largest pharmaceutical company lists on the NYSE.

> **June 12, 1987** Spain's largest company lists on the NYSE.

February 25, 1987 A small, rapidly growing Canadian gold mining company lists on the NYSE.

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In fact, in the last six months alone, British Airways Plc, Philips N.V., Cineplex Odeon Corporation, The Broken Hill Proprietary Company Limited, Glaxo Holdings p.l.c., Compañía Telefónica Nacional de España, S.A., and American Barrick Resources Corporation joined the ranks.

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Stock Exchange

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Public Works Loan Board rates

Effective August 21

Years	by EP†	A‡	maturity§	by EIP	A‡	maturity§
1 ,	. –	_	103	_	-	111
Over 1, up to 2	. 1 01	101	1 01	113	117	11}
Over 2, up to 3	. 1 01	101	105	117	111	111
Over 3, ap to 4	. 1 0]	10}	10 5	117	11‡	11}
Over 4, up to 5	. 10 1	105	10	11]	11‡	113
Over 5, up to 6	. 10 [10 [10 [112	21}	114
Over & up to 7	. 10 f	1 0 ‡	10 [11;	11}	11}
Over 7, up to 8	. 1 0]	10 [10 1	111	114	111
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Over 9, up to 10	. 10 [1 0 [10}	111	111	11
Over 10, up to 15	. 1 8	101	10 1	114	111	101
Over 15, up to 25	101·	10 <u>1</u>	101	11	101	102
Over 25	. 1 01	16 1	10}	101	10}	10}
ľ						

*Non-quota loans B are 1 per cent higher in each case than non-quota loans A. † Equal instalments of principal. ‡ Repayment by half-yearly annuity (fixed equal half-yearly payments to include principal and interest). § With half-yearly payments of interest only.

CB Finance Company B. V. (formerly Commerzbank Finance Company B. V.) 13% U.S.\$ 100,000,000 Notes due 1989

Early redemption on October 21, 1987 in accordance with condition 5 of the Notes all Notes are called for early redemption at 1001/2% on October 21, 1987. The Notes will be redeemed against surrender of the Notes with the coupons as per October 21, 1988 and following at

Commerzbenk Aktiengesellschaft, Frankfurt/Main Commerzbank Aktiengesellschaft, London Manufacturers Hanover Benk Luxembourg, S.A., Luxembourg Manufacturers Hanover Trust Company, Zurich The amount of missing unmatured coupons will be deducted from the principal amount. The Notes shall cease to bear interest as per October 20, 1987. The coupon as per October 21, 1987 will be paid separately.

Amsterdam, August 1987 CB Finance Company B. V.

saying that the current year looks like being a

John Wardle

+28%

+64%

+21%

+60%

good one.

Copies of the Annual Report and Accounts can be obtained from the Secretary.

Hampson Court. 77 Birmingham Road, West Bromwich, West Midlands B70 6PY. Nikki Tait looks at the influence of Bruce McInnes on Charles Baynes

The acquisition trail beckons

apprehensive.

A year after first arriving in
London from South Africa, he
was set to trawl the books of
Charles Baynes, the Cardiffbased shell where the final
formalities ensuring control
had just been completed. "I've done a Cook's tour of all the operating companies," he explains candidly, "but that's more for a flavour of the people. Not knowing details in the big concern.



"Here we have a company which was struggling, and I'm using institutional money. Do I know all the worms? It's scary

I know all the worms? It's scary stuff."

Not that this livewire 39-year-old's track record suggests an over emphasis on either convention or safety. McInnes ago in defined cycles — "a bit like Picasso's blue and pink phases." The first saw the unlikely role of a university chemistry lecturer (hence a cement parent. "I had never fired a single person before: Hudaco's shares were listed in Johannesburg following a private placing, at 150 cents; to-day they are 725 cents. Since then, the profit record has been more than present-able: the company moved from R3.6m in the year to November 1985 to R8.6m in 1986. According to local brokers, it looks likely to top R1lm in the current year.

doctorate). But superstar status in the academic world seemed unlikely to becken and he promptly switched to chartered accountancy, becoming a 27-year-old articled clerk.

It was two years later, then qualified, that the sea-change occured. He moved to Liberty Life, South Africa's third largest insurance company. Within months, he had become personal assistant to its chairman, Donald Gordan—who last hit UK headlines over his long-standing pursuit of Sun Life, the British life company.

McInnes makes no secret of his personal admiration for Gordon, nor of the impact which that lifestyle had. "It was totally unstructured," he remembers. "But then if you work 20 hours a day and everyone also works 16 no wonter. MCINNES looked doctorate). But superstar status

work 20 hours a day and every-one else works 16, no wonder you're ahead. I was exposed to all sorts, particularly acquisi-tions and takeovers. And I

tions and takeovers. And I wanted to do it for myself—there was no doubt about who called the shots."
So in 1980, he took self-imposed demotion and joined a subsidiary of Blue Circle Industries, Hudaco, which distributed industrial consumable goods. Starting as finance director, McInnes became managing director within a year in face of some fairly rapid restructuring by the cement parent. "I had never fired a single person before: then in one year I had fired 200—pretty traumatic."



Dr Bruce McInnes, executive chairman of Charles Baynes

was a management buyout. "BCI was the first to fall over laughing." he remembers when the suggestion was mooted. Nevertheless, with backing from Volkskas Merchant Bank from Volkskas Merchant Bank and Barclays and over a remarkably short time period, the deal went shead. Management buyouts are a good deal rarer in South Africa than here and Hudaco—around R20m—was the largest-ever done there at that time. A year later, Hudaco's shares were listed in Johannesburg following a pri-

So why drop the reins when everything appeared to be going so well? The reply is well reheatsed. "Because I was getting a little stale, the executives were good and quite aggressive, and I didn't want to hit a big acquisition trail." Politics? "It's a great country, but it is obviously quite turbulent." comes the cautious reply. Alighting on Baynes was the which were placed at 21p with institutions and the rest with friends and associates of McInnes. A further 4.8m were issued as a rights issue, raising 23.8m in total—enough to clear all horrowings. all borrowings. On top of that, McInnes him-

self got a hefty option incen-tive: Lotus can subscribe for a further 3.7m shares at 20p in three to 10 years' time. In total, the potential stake for Lotus and its associates works Alighting on Baynes was the product of a contact mentioned McInnes to an unhappy Throgmorton Trust, which held a 6 per cent stake in the company. out at around 38 per cent. The share price, of course, The share price, of course, swept ahead—currently trading at 115p and double the suspension price ahead of McInnes' arrival. It capitalises the company at around \$45m, giving a Lotus an immediate £9.5m paper profit. So where will Baynes per cent stake in the company. Baynes had been a previous shell vehicle for another entrepreneur, Peter Dellar, but seen mounting problems over 1884-85 and 1985-86. By end-September 1986, their annual pre-tax loss had risen to £836,000 and there was a deficit on distributable reserves of £1.7m.

The plus point was that some cleaning up of the disparate mimi-conglomerate has already been done; the bulk of the textile rantal division was sold McInnes is clear. He is look-

the Hudaco mould. He expects the first acquisition to be a quoted company. The size of the deal could be anything from £10m to £100m.

He will not be travelling alone. Joining the board as a non-executive director is Ken Williams, a chartered accountant looking after SA Breweries' overseas interests in Britain, who helped during the Hudaco textile rental division was sold and negotiations were under-way for its travel division.

Securing the buy-in was any-Securing the buy-in was anything but easy. But having finally reached agreement with Dellar (despite a rival proposal), McInnes finally faced a shell with debts reduced by the sales to around £2.5m, a residual laundry business which will probably go, and a couple of small interests (stone-cleaning and hacksaw blade manufacture) which their new owner ture) which their new owner describes as "quite interesting." The buy-in itself took the familiar pattern; a British Virgin Islands company, Lotus, controlled by McInnes' family

kins, a colleague from his Liberty Life days.

"The key," adds McInnes, " is time. The rating isn't going to stick around. I reckon I've got six months at the outside. trusts, subscribed for 10m new shares at 20p, and Hambros fot tree sticles looking at South Arican a further 5m, just over half of entrepreneurs in the UK.

Seacon extends bid for Milford

By Clay Harris

SEACON HOLDINGS had extended its all-paper bid for Miltord Docks, the troubled Welsh harbour and hotel operator, until August 28.

acceptances from 67.53 per acceptances from 57.53 per cent of Milford Stareholders to add to the 18.75 per cent stake owned by Sescon Ltd. the Isle of Dogs-based cargo handler and shipper which will be combined with Milford in the new group.

The bid has been extended primarily to allow Milford shareholders whose names have only recently appeared on the register (even though trading has been suspended since February) an opportunity to accept Seacon's 18-for-100 offer.

Seacon intends to end the Milrord listing, even though it cannot force the minority shareholders to sell even if sharenomers to sell even in the 90 per cent acceptance level is reached. Compulsory purchase powers under Com-panies Acts do not apply to Milford, which was chartered by Parliament in 1874.

The offer values Milford at about £562,000, based on Guidehouse Securities' estimate of the value of the new Seacon shares. In the effer document, the Milford board said that the company had net liabilities of £82,500 at May 31.

A Fisher's £15.4m US acquisition

The acquisition is Fisher's largest single US deal, continuing the group's emphasis on operations in California and Florida, which together produce 70 per cent of fresh fruit and 80 per ceut of fresh vegetables exten in the US.

A series of purchases beginning in 1884 has made Fisher the largest fresh produce distributor in Florida, and Tarantino will extend its operations to northern Callfornia from Los Angeles where it owns Coast and Apex Whole

Albert Fisher Group, the food LRT supplies institutional processing and services company, is to pay up to \$25m (£15.4m) for Lee PlaceHay ing non-recurring expenditure, it achieved pre-tax profits of \$3.05m on sales of \$3.1m in 193k and \$1.7m on sales of ing non-recurring expenditure, it achieved pre-tax profits of \$3,05m on sales of \$39,1m in 1988 and \$1.7m on sales of \$20.4m in the first six months of this year. Fisher initially will pay \$15m

Fisher initially will pay \$15m in cash and issues \$80,840 shares (worth \$3m) to the vendors. An additional payment of up to \$7m in cash and shares depends on profits to August 31 1989.

This "earn-out", a standard feature of Fisher's sequisitions of private companies, includes three-year service contracts for Mr. Joseph Tarantino and Mr. Bruno Andrighetto, chief executive and chief operating officer fornia from Los Angeles where towns Coast and Apex Wholesale.

Of Tarantino's two divisions,

Shandwick spends £9.2m on US expansion in PR

Diesel engines for Navy

Manchester - based CBOSSLEY in winning a sam contract to supply fine main propulsion diesel engines for the first of the new Royal Fleet Abrillary supply ships currently being built at Hariand and Wolff in Belfast. The vessel will be powered by two Uresaley-SERT Pleastlek 16 cylinder engines, each with a maximum continuous rating of 11,850 hp at 520 r/min. This contract follows closely the success of another NEI company. Nei Clarke Chapman and NEI Electronics are all part of NEI Clarke Chapman and NEI Clarke Chapman, Gateahead, trees.

BY STEVEN BUTLER

Shandwick is expanding its net-work of public relations subsi-clients including General diaries into the American Mid-Motors, General Electric (of the work of public relations subsi-diaries into the American Middiaries into the American Mid-west, with the acquisition the Detroit-based Casey Com-munications Management for a maximum of \$14.9m (£9.2m). An initial payment of \$2.76m is to be followed by perform-ance related payments over three years until the end of

US), and the Michigan Tele-phone Company. Casey's pie-tax profits in 1986 were \$1.45m. Increased expenses relating to new staff and premises in the current year, however, are expected to lead to emistantially reduced profits. 1989. Profits for the year to the end Shandwick said Casey was last year ranked the 18th largest US at 3719,000.

DSL Bank

The semi-annual report of KNP has been released.

During the first six months of 1987 KNP achieved a considerable increase in sales and profit. Compared to the second half of 1986 the increase in profit amounted to 32%. This is equivalent to profit after tax of Dfl. 9.69 per share.

It is expected that the favourable developments will contime in the second half of 1987.

These excellent results are mainly due to the successful startup of a new paper machine (PM8), the expansion as a result of international acquisitions of majority interests and the effect of the constant high investment level in all our companies.

Three groups, Paper, Board and Packaging, and Distrioution, contribute to our prominent position with a motive team of employees, good products and a high technological

You can find more information on the results of KNP in the semi-annual report, which will be sent to you on request.

Koninklijke Nederlandse Papierfabrieken N.Y./ Royal Dutch Papermills, P.O. Box 1022, 6201 MH Maastricht, telephone (0)43 – 82 22 26.



CONTRACTS

Newspaper plant at Preston

NORWEST HOLST has started NORWEST HOLS'T has started construction work on Prestor's 27m Broughton Newspaper Project for United Provincal Newspapers. Valued at \$8.3m, Norwest Hoist's work involves a newspaper printing plant consisting of a press hall, reel store, publishing and pre-press offices and ancillary buildings together with access roads, car parks and land-scaped areas. Although the contract duration is stheduled for \$8 weeks, section one—mainly-Se weeks, section one mainly the press hall building is to be completed by week 24 to allow the printing machinery to be installed.

£20m orders for Leisure facilities inclide asuma for completion in spring 1989. Willmott Dixon

Contracts totalling over £20m have been won by WILLMOTT last month. At the former Cadby to London Bridge City to London Bridge City to London Bridge Station.

But at the firm in new toom to London Bridge Station. It is month. At the former Cadby to London Bridge Station. It is month. At the former Cadby to London Bridge Station. It is month. At the former Cadby to London Bridge Station. It is month. At the former Cadby to London Bridge Station. It is month. At the former Cadby to London Bridge Station. It is month. At the former Cadby to London Bridge Station. It is month to London Bridge Station. It is month. At the former Cadby to London Bridge Station. It is London Bridge City to London Bridge Station. It is London Bridge City to London Bridge City to London Bridge City to London Bridge Station. It is London Bridge City to London Bridge City London Bridge City Lond

This advertisement appears as a matter of record only.

Fenland sewage works

SHAND, Matlock, has won contracts totalling nearly £5.m. 550,000 sewerage scheme for Included is the civil engineering contract for the Flag Fen sewage treatment works at Peterborough. This turnkey project, with Ames Crosta Babecck for Anglian Flash Road and the £350,000 water, is to construct a 58,000 walgrange Boreficie development in the per day plant and will replace works totalle to cope with a population which has doubled in the past 10 years. Completion is expected in late

New hotel at Chester

Chester International Hotel has and steam rooms, sun-beds, awarded ALFRED MEALPINE licuxed and a multi-gym. The CONSTRUCTION a contract project has been funded through worth £7.5m to build a 150 Government's Business Expanded to the chester. It will feature restaurant, bars, banquet suite, meeting rooms and car parking, months and the project is due

ing at a shortlist of companies distributing "industrial consumables" — unglamorous re-

sumables"—unglamorous re-placement parts, very much in the Hudaco mould. He expects

who helped during the Hudaco buyout and participated in the Lotus buy-in. In as McInnes' number two comes John Per-

£13m Hammersmith office block

APPOINTMENTS

Yorkshire

executive (designate), become

Mr Roy Haskell has been appointed managing director of W. & L. INSTALLATIONS and succeeds Mr John Lewis who is executive cheirman. Joining the board see: Mr Colin MacAskill, Mr Hichael Line and Mr Stephen Cox (engineering) and Mrs Eilem Tuck (see administration).

TIL (MEDICAL) has ap-pointed Mr Christopher Cooke as group financial controller and

Mr Peter Parsons, formerly a director of Kleinwort Benson, has been appointed executive director in charge of UK busi-ness in the corporate finance

company secretary.

at the

DM 100 000 000,-

Floating Rate Notes Schuldverschreibungen --- Serie 225 1987/1997

1987/1997
For the three months 25th August 1987 to 24th November 1987 the notes will carry an interest rate of 3,90% (Fiber less 0,10%) per aroun with a coupon amount for DM 48,75 per DM 5 900,— note, The relevant interest payment date will be 25th November 1987.

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DSL Bank Deutsche Siedlungs- und Landesrentenbank Hassische Landesbenk

Landesbank Seer Girozentrale B. Metzler seel. Sohn & Co.

Sal. Oppenheim jr. & Cie. M. M. Warburg-Brinckmann, Wirtz & Co.

ank of Tokyo (Det Bayerische Lander Berliner Bank

Deutsche Girozentrale – Deutsche Kommunel Hamburgische Lande - Girozentrale -Bankhaus Hermann Lampe lercard, Ŝtein â Co

Morgan Guaranty SmbH

Hakaus & Bunkhardt KGaA

Bankers Trust GmbN

Berliner Hendels- und Frankfurter Benk

org Hauck & Sohn Benklers mmanditgesellschaft auf Aktier Landesbank Rheinland-Ptalz Merck, Finck&Co. Norddeutsche Lande

Versins- und Westbank

Management changes The YORKSHIRE BUILDING SOCIETY has appointed a new senior managément team. Mr Derek Roberts, formerly chief chief executive and also a director of the society. He succeeds Mr Dennis Macnaght, who retires as chief executive on September 3 but will remain a

September 3 but will remain a director. Four internal appointments have been inade at general manager level from September 4. Mr David Anderson becomes general manager (marketing premises). Mr Barry Davids general manager (administration staff), Mr Jim Greenfield general manager (saled) and Mr Robert Jackson general manager (information systems). Each is conremity a deputy general manager. Mr Tony Smith femains general manager (finance). Also from September 4 Mr Phillip Ireland, currently assistant general manager and secretary, becomes secretary and chief solicitor; and Mr Tony Tayler, at present chief accountant, becomes assistant general manager imanager (finance). Mr Derek Roberts, who be-comes chief ensentive of Yorkshire Building Society on September 3

department of DATWA EUROPE. He is joined as associate director by Mr Richard Jackson, pre-viously an assistant director at Hill Samuel.

Notice of Redemption \$60,000,000 Bear, Stearns & Company 13% Notes due 1989 untendificially Gussanteed as to Payment of Principal, Premisin, if any, and Intelest under a Sarety Bond Issue by

The AEtna Casualty and Surety Company NOTICE IS HEREBY CIVEN that Bear, Steams & Company has elected to redeem all of its outstanding 13% Notes due 1989 (the "Notes") on 20th September, 1987 (the "Redetoption Date") at the redemption price of 101½% of their principal amount, in the amount of U.S. \$5,075.00 per U.S. \$5,000 Note (the "Redemption Price"). The conditions precedent to such redesaption ser forth in the reverse of the Note have occurred.

On 20th September, 1987 the Redemption Price will become due and psyable upon all Notes and interest thereon shall cease to accuse on and after said date.

Compose due 20th September, 1987 or prior therem will be read in the

Coupons due 20th September, 1987 or prior thereto will be paid in the

usual matther.

All Notes together with all Coupons appetraining thereto mattering on or after the "Redemption Date" are to be surrendered for payment of the Redemption Price at the stalts offices of triy one of 1) Banklers Trust Company in Loudon, 2) Banklers Trust Company in Loudon, 2) Banklers Trust Company in Paris, 3) Banklers Trust Grabil in Franklutt an Main, 4) Banque Inscarze Belgique, Brussels (formerly Banque du Benelux S.A. Brissels), 5) Swiss Bankle Corporation in Basie, and 6) Banque Innernationale à Luxembourg

18th August, 1987 By: Bankers Trust Company as Trustee

THE HOKKAIDO TAKUSHOKU BANK LIMITED

Garrard House, 31/45 Gresham Street, London EC2R 7BD

US \$20,000,000

Callable Negotiable Floating Rate Dollar Certificates of Deposit due 18th October 1988

In accordance with the provisions of the certificates, notice is hereby given that The Hokkaido Takushoku Bank Limited ("The Bank") will prepay the principal amount on the next interest Payment date, 16th October 1987, together with interest accrued to that date. Payment will be made against presentation and surrender of the Certificates at the Bank's London Branch.

> Agent Bank Saudi International Bank Ltd.

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Cutting the cord liberates sales

Peter Marsh explains how freeing the kettle from its flex has stimulated an old-fashioned market

graffAin's kettle business is sure about its prospects befeoming to the boil as manufaccause of the riskiness of introdproved matters with materials
using new technical ideas in a that stay rigid above looked C. adirect connection with the elec-

tricity supply.

These so-called cordless ketthese so-camed cordless kel-files have in the past year given has boost to electric kettle manu-facturing an activity in which the UK, by dint of its strong tea-larining tradition, leads the

to Of the estimated 9m electric parties made each year world-parties 13m - worth 173m - are 17 sold in the UK. Other important tettle markets are mainly in En stelle markets are mainly in English speaking countries such such and Australia.
Sales are extremely low in the US and continental Europe, where there is a strong preference for boiling water in saucepass, a process that wastes engerty.

ergy. Marketing managers in the industry are monitoring sales of the cordless variety in the UK to see if there is any potential for selling the devices elsewhere. selling the newices elsewhere.
Britain's two biggest kettle
manufacturers - Russell Hobbs
Tower, part of Polly Peck, and
Swan House Wares, owned by
BSR - are keen to increase exposts, especially to West Gereminy, and France where the
commanies believe people need companies believe people need ato be educated into increasing

to be educated into increasing their use of electric kettles. Strictly speaking, the cordless kettle is a misnomer. It requires a base which is plugged into an electricity socket in the normal way. The kettle itself, a jugshaped container made from plastic, sits on top of the base, which contains a switch mechanism to discounser the electricity. which contents a sweet metal-nism to disconnect the electrici-ty supply when the kettle is lifted off. Cordless kettles have been on

sale since last summer when Tefal, a French kitchen equipment company, introduced a device specially designed for the UK. Since then, the business has hotted up. Sales have quickly climbed to account for 5 per cent of the kettle market, above

expectations.
According to Laurence Heyworth, an analyst at Robert Fleming Securities, a London stockbooking firm, cordless kettles represent a natural pro-gression visible in other areas of home appliances such as telephones in which the device has a perceived independence from the electricity supply.

Dampening some of the hopes for the product, ke says he is not

Tower are expected to unveil points out that there are not their versions soon. The belief is that the new models may stimulate sales in a similar way to an earlier breakthrough, the introduction in the early 1980s of jug-shaped kettles made from plastic.

This product has added a new the same concept." Friend points out that there not hear not the same concept." Friend points out that there not hear not the same concept." Friend points out that there not hear not the same concept." Friend points out that there are not their are not the same concept." Friend points out that there are not their are not their there are not the same concept." Friend points out that there are not their are not the same concept." Friend points out that there are not their are not the same concept." Friend points out that there are not the same concept." Friend points out that there are not the same concept." Friend points out that there are not the same concept." Friend points out that there are not the same concept." Friend points out that there are not the same concept." Friend points out that there not points out that there are not the same concept." Friend points out that there are not the same concept." Friend points out that there are not the same concept." Friend points out that there are not the same concept." Friend points out that there are not the same concept." Friend points out that there are not the same concept." Friend points out that there are not the same concept." Friend points out that there are not the same concept." Friend points out that there are not the same concept." Friend points out that there are not the same concept. The same concept." Friend points out that there are not the same concept." Friend points out that there are not the same concept. The same concept. Friend points out that there are not the same concept. Friend points out that there are not the same concept. Friend points out that the not points out that the same concept. Friend points out that the not points out that the not points out that

made possible by the introduc-tion of a type of plastic that re-sists heat. Before that a plastic kettle would quickly have turn-dinto a limp property that the solved.

largely conservative market.

But many of the leading elements in the kettle industry disagree. Companies besides Tefal manager at Russell Hobbs Townsthich have introduced cordless which have introduced cordless kettles include Philips of the pation in the domestic application. Netherlands and D.H. Haden and Mellerware of Britain, ways to sell what is basically while Swan and Russell Hobbs the same concept." Friend, marketing manager at Russell Hobbs Townstherlands and D.H. Haden ances industry of finding new and Mellerware of Britain, ways to sell what is basically the same concept." Friend, marketing manager at Russell Hobbs the same concept." Friend, marketing manager at Russell Hobbs the same concept." Friend, marketing expensions of the cordless devices, is, says Nick Friend, marketing manager at Russell Hobbs Townstand and Indianate in the same and allowed the product of the jugs, and allowed the product of the cordless devices, is, says Nick Friend, marketing manager at Russell Hobbs Townstand and Indianate in the same and allowed the predoccuted to the cordless devices, is, says Nick Friend, marketing manager at Russell Hobbs Townstand and Indianate in the same and Indianate in the same

of jug-shaped kettles made from plastic.

This product has added a new dimension to the business, rivalling sales of the traditional, squat kettles made from aluminum or stainless steel.

Largely as a result of the march of the jugs, which people have usually bought to replace the old-fashioned variety of container in the hope that they are bringing a modern look to their kitchens, the number of kettles sold annually in Britain has almost doubled from its 1982 level of 2.3 m.

In the UK, jugs now account

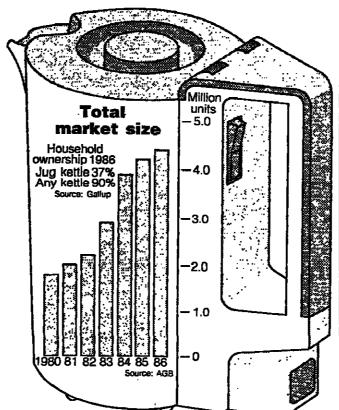
has almost doubled from its 1982 level of 2.3m.

In the UK, jugs now account for about two-thirds of all kettles sold and 55 per cent of the market by value. They are normally less expensive than the metal versions, retailing for £12-£18 as opposed to £20 or more for the traditional types.

The innovation in shape was many as it originally envisaged. Trouble brewed in the spring, however, when Tefal had to recall about 15,000 kettles which had been found to made possible by the introduc-

ed into a limp mess as the water boiled. Plastics manufacturers, such as Celanese, Du Pont and subsidiary, admits he is sur-

39%



prised at the success of the cordless device. 'A lot of it is due to snob appeal. People like to have something different.' Mackey argues, however, that the cordless products have real advantages in that people find them easier to use. They may al-

so be safer because of the absence of trailing wires. Tefal has pitched its product, which sells for about £27, at the top end of the market. It has stopped making lower-priced kettles for the UK.

Swan and Russell Hobbs Tower - which until recently was part of TI, the engineering group, when it operated as two separate companies - has been more cautious about introduc-

ing new models.
According to John Brougham, Swan's chairman, his company generally finds it more profitable to follow other concerns into new markets so it can learn from their mistakes. A case in point, he says, was Tefal's problems with its switches. Pioneers tend to get arrows up their backsides, says says

Much of the technical work in-volving cordless kettles has con-centrated on the base switches, company says it has had signifi-small metal pins which connect cant business in helping UK Much of the technical work in-

have to be engineered so that they are triggered by the weight of the container sitting on the plinth. They have safety devices to ensure that electricity only flows when the jug is in place. The base pins work separately from the heat-sensitive ther-

mostat switches in the kettle body which (in the case of an automatic kettle) turn off the current when the water boils. Strategies for introducing cordless kettles have varied. In Tefal's case, it employed UK design consultants to work on the new kettles, even though the models are French-made. Had-en, which has a strong reputation in the domestic-appliances business for technical ingenu-

ity, has patented its own design

for the base switches. Haden says it originally got the idea for cordless kettles from the US, which in the late 1970s pioneered the concept of cordless irons. These work in a similar way to the kettles, but sales have not taken off so well. Other kettle companies have turned to Otter Controls, a company in Buxton, Derbyshire, which is Britain's main supplier

New bearing on

lubrication

THE CONDITION of the bearings in large rotating machinery, like turbines and compressors, can be closely monitored using an instrument from Muirhead Vactric, of Beckenham in the UK.

Designated SDM 100, the ma-chine is based on work at the Marchwood engineering labo-ratories of the Central Electricity Generating Board. It takes regular samples of the machine's lubricating oil, which are filtered so that the accumulated debris creates a pressure drop across the mate-rial. The filter is in strip form and is automatically advanced at intervals to present a clean

A microprocessor plots rela-tionships between sample pumping rate and pressure drop and the way the filter patches are changing with parenes are enanging with time. Major changes will cause an alarm to sound. The sam-ples are fed into a cassette for analysis.

Recording shock on the move

A NEW transient_recorder from Dynamic Test Systems of Ware, Hertfordshire, in the UK, can monitor the severity of mechanical shocks to goods during transportation.

Known as Triad 4, the unit

can store the data from more than 1.200 transient shocks, taken from the user's accelerometers over a two-week period. The information is kept in a emiconductor memory and the unit can be programmed in terms of sampling rates and minimum shock levels to ac-quire thedata that the user needs. Comprehensive 'play back' facilities are provided, including waveform examina-

A test for the pocket

THE increasing use of very large scale integrated (VLSI) chips is raising the cost of testing modern electronic systems, according to a report from Electronic Trend Publications, the US market re-

search group.
Published in Europe by IPI of Copenhagen, the report, entitled VLSI Automatic Test Equipment, shows that where-as a few years ago the cost of testing was 5 to 10 per cent of the cost of the devices on the printed circuit board, today 45 per cent.

The report is basically a us-ers' guide on how to develop test strategies and buy the

right testers in order to keep downcosts. The figures speak for themselves. In 1986 about \$1.7bn was spent throughout the world on automatic test equipment. It is predicted by the report's authors that by 1992 the world market will reach \$3.3bn (£2bn). The report

Welcome message on silent radio

MOTORCYCLE messengers and Londoners alike will wel-come the 'silent radio' system jointly launched by Storno, the radio equipment company, and Relcom Communications of nersmith, London.

At the moment messengers need to have their radios on loud enough to hear instructions as they ride through the streets. With the new system. only text is sent over the air. If



Edited by Geoffrey Charlish

there is a message, the rider sees a small light flashing on the handlebars. After stopping, he can see the message as a scrolling display on a small

Similarly, routine replies from the rider - like 'job ac-cepted' or 'my location is Ox-ford Street' - are sent silently by using a small keypad. At base, the incoming signals are linked into a computer to allow the controller to monitor the locations of the bikes.

New dimension for typewriter

RANK XEROX in the UK has launched an office unit called X-laser that allows copy pre-pared on the company's elec-tronic typewriters to be printed out on a laser printer. The typewriter magnetic disks containing the copy, and some instructions entered by the typist, are simply plugged

JOHN NUGENT

CONSTRUCTION PLC

into the X-laser unit which is. in turn, connected to the laser printer. The device gives the printer. The device gives me user access to a variety of type fonts to produce, in effect, ty-peset results. The laser printer works at about 20 times the speed of the typewriter.

Public data on failures

A SURVEY of public data net-work users in Europe during one week in January this year showed that, of the 5,223 calls sampled, 1,532, or 29 per cent, failed in one way or another.

The monitoring week was carried out by EUSDIC, the European Association of Information Services. The highest failure rate was in Spain (47 per cent), the lowest in Norway (17 per cent). Patrick Gibbins, chairman of

EUSDIC, which has more than 200 members throughout Europe, comments: We are obviously disappointed at the level of service offered by public

Management by the book

UNISYS, THE \$9bn (£5.5bn) turnover US-based computer group that resulted from the and Sperry, has launched a management system for small to medium-sized libraries. It is designed to run on the compa ny's personal computer range. Written for Unisys by Information Management Engineer-ing, a London software house specialising in library work, the system uses a single data-base for all the catalogue, cir-culation, administrative and other information. It can provide data on books, library users. reservations, orders and dexes. Thousands of b and users can be handled and searches carried out quickly. Functions can be performed with a few, easily learnt key-strokes, says the company.

In the world of retail security, there's a brand new team that stands for advanced technology and commitment to the customer:

Market volume segmentation

Standard automatic

Jug

automatic without ater gaug

Non automatic

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Merchandise protection for the modern retail environment.

Retailers today, more than ever before, are faced with the dual problems of shrinking profits and increasing losses due to shoplifting. Now, there's a new team to help solve those problems for stores throughout France, Germany, Austria and Switzerland.

ADS ANKER, a name synonymous with retailing, has added CHECKPOINT's Electronic Article Surveillance (EAS) systems to its product lines. With CHECKPOINT, ADS ANKER can offer customers a more complete solution for merchandise protection, time and money control.

Together, ADS ANKER and CHECKPOINT are committed to providing superior system performance, the best in customer support, professional training and product innovation. ADS ANKER chose CHECKPOINT EAS systems because they offer the most advanced technology available, featuring detectable and disposable tags and labels, to make merchandise protection both simple and reliable.

Contact ADS ANKER for more information. And take advantage of the ADS ANKER-CHECKPOINT commitment to reliable merchandise protection that is effective, efficient, automated-and profitable for you.



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The FT / British Venture Capital Association

Venture Capital Financial Forum

London, 3 & 4 December, 1987

This will be the fifth in the highly successful series of Venture Capital Financial Forums arranged by the Financial Times and the British Venture Capital Association. The event provides a unique opportunity for investment managers and senior executives from financial institutions and industrial companies to meet some of the leading venture capital backed companies in Britain-all of which will either be raising additional venture capital funding or seeking a public quotation, be it on the USM, the third market, or by way of a full stock market listing, in the foreseeable future. The Forum is also for those raising equity for the first time.

This two-day Forum is arranged to allow the maximum amount of time for meetings between delegates and participating companies. Both afternoons are set aside for private meetings following the short formal presentations made by each company in the morning. It is anticipated that there will be presentations from some 30 companies across the UK and covering a wide range of industrial and service sectors including: Biotechnology, Engineering, Computers, Electronics, Instrumentation, Health Care, Retailing, Media and Communications.

The Council of the BVCA will choose up to 30 companies to make presentations. Any British company which would like to make a presentation should contact Victoria Mudford on telephone: 01-836 5702, telex: London 8953833 TOMCLI G.

For further details, please complete and return the form below. Due to the format of the Forum, attendance will be limited and early booking is therefore advised.

Venture Capital Financial Forum

Please tick ()

- I am interested in attending the Forum as a delegate, please sent a registration form and further details.
- My company is interested in making a presentation at the Forum, please forward my company details to the

To: Financial Times Conference Organisation, Minster House, Arthur Street, London EC4R 9AX, UK. Tel: 01-621 1355 Telex: 27347 FTCONF G Fax: 01-623 8814						
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Fax No:						
Type of Company						

COPPER PRICES on the London Metal Exchange extended last week's sharp fall to reach the lowest levels for more than five weeks. As

weakness in the New York

market encouraged sellers London prices were pushed

below chart support levels, traders said. Aluminium

Rhizomania found in Suffolk beet crop

RHIZOMANIA, a serious viral disease which hits the yield of sugar beet, has been discovered on a farm in Suffelk—the first time the disease has been found in a UK crop.

The Ministry of Agriculture has put the farm under strict quarantine, and said that "strong measures will be taken to eradicate it." The incident did not mean that rhizomania had become estab lished here, it said, adding that its campaign to combat the disease remains firmly in

The National Farmers Union believes that if the disease does spread from the outbreak, the consequences for sugar beet growers and for UK processors will be

Rhizomania - or root madness — reduces both the yield of a sugar beet crop and its sugar content, and also affects other beet crops. There is no known cure, and scientists have been concentrating their efforts on producing varieties of seed more resistant to the

It has been widespread on the continent in recent years, and since 1984 the Ministry of Agriculture has put import controls on beet seeds and plants. The Ministry has also plans. The ministry has also required all imported seed potatoes to come from areas clear of the disease, and all second-hand agricultural machinery to be washed before it is allowed into the

The NFU, however, said yesterday that it was clear the Ministry's approach to

"We have repeatedly warned that Ministry actions to prevent the arrival of the disease on UK shores were inadequate," said Mr David Naish, NFU deputy president, "and regrettably we have been proved right."

The NFU wants the Ministry to insist that all soli-carrying imports, such as vegetables, which can carry the virus to the UK, are washed in the country of origin before shipment.

LONDON METAL EXCHANGE WAREHOUSE STOCKS last Friday)

Aluminium standard high grade	+ 6,225 to 89,750 +14,350 to 34,200
Coper	+ 3.750 to 109,125
Lead	- 2.350 to 23.350
Nickel	- 1,308 to 3,372
Tin	- 555 to 22,515
Zinc	+ 75 to 29,280
	(ounces)

unchanged at 20,014,000 | Pakistani purchases of Sri

Drooping prices spark off MARKETS Spanish sunflower war

Last week hundreds of pro-testers took to main roads in protest against the prices being paid by the oil-extracting industry, which have fallen by a third since last year. Talks last Wednesday be-

tween Madrid agriculture officials, farmers' organisations and representatives of the main processing companies broke down without agreement.

down without agreement.

Intervention buying would save the day for the farmers since the price set by the EC works out at Pta 57.5 (28p) per south as well as Castile and Aragon, mostly in dryland price of Pta 45 per kilo they have been receiving this year.

But, under the Community's July farm price agreement, the starting-date was set for October 1. Much of the harvest in southern Spain is by now already in.

The factors that have com-bined to spark off the conflict per kilo. are the existence of oil sur-Because pluses left over from last year, weak oil prices, the anxiety of

The Government has promised to try to bring forward the EC intervention date, which is geared to a late September servest such as France's. Its offer to make grain silos available for the temporary storage of seed until the sup-

port price took effect was rejected by growers because

of the onerous financial charges Mr Carlos Romero, the Agri-culture Minister, is now in the line of fire because of alleged

HOLDAY MOTORISTS in the Seville region of Spain can expect to run into the 'sunflower war" today as farmers resume a two-week-old campaign to force their Government and the EC to prop up drooping seed strong crop forecasts and, southern Spain's year, and extra imports of other seed-olls were authorised in a hid to ease the pressure on consumer prices. The final intervantion date, which is geared to a late September

tonnes.

This resulted in a surplus of sunflower-seed oil estimated in the industry at 50,000 tonnes. Consumption, which takes second place to olive oil in the Spanish market, was slightly down at 256,000 tonnes.

The current crop is forecast at as much as Im tonnes of seed, enough to produce 400,000 tonnes of oil and a further surplus of perhaps 100,000 tonnes. Industry representatives say Spain needs to export this quantity by the end of the year in order to solve the

year in order to solve the problem.

They say they are not prepared to go beyond the Pta 45 per kilo level — or Pta 48 per kilo under certain conditions — unless prices for oil also rise. Farmers claim that, as a result of their threat to withhold supplies at these prices the promatch a sharp rise in the cost of seed, averaging about Ptz 71 per kilo.

Because of widespread drought, production of sunflower seed was forecast at only 800,000 tonnes compared with our inner threat to withhold supplies at these prices, the processors have begun to break ranks. Processors, by contrast, say that the threat has proved an empty one and that they have been receiving increased quantities.

US and Canada in potash deal

THE Saskatchewan potash industry is up in arms following a US Commerce Department preliminary ruling that duties of up to 85.2 per cent should be imposed against producers in the heavily resource-dependent Canadian province.

US producers, who alleged that Canadian exporters were guilty of dumping by selling potash at below production cost, had originally sought a 43 per in the US market."

poses duties against the five per cent of its output valued at US\$340m to the US market. The industry employs around 3,600 people in the province and last year produced C\$35m in local government royalties. A final Commerce Department trade minister, Mr Bob with above 35 per cent duty decision favours the US producers, the case will go to the in the US market." US producers, who alleged that Canadian exporters were guilty of dumping by selling potash at below production cost, had originally sought a 43 per cent duty.

The preliminary ruling im
A final Commerce Department rade minister, Mr Bob ment ruling on the duties is due ment ruling on the duties

Sri Lanka tea outlook brighter

likely to match last year's but seek to reverse this trend.

buying policy.

A Sri Lankan delegation led at that country's failure to but, although the trade delegation by the Deputy Minister of respond to its calls for that but, although the trade delegation has not yet returned, a senior finance ministry official trade. Tea is Sri Lanka's main political relationship built up export to Pakistan, which until between Sri Lanka and Pakistan.

demand is likely to be given a. The first was its concern at Pakistan has been a boost by a change in Pakistan's the growing trade imbalance in spicuous absentee from favour of Kenya, and irritation

THE SRI LANKA tea trade is expecting better market conditions in the second half of the year. Total 1987 output is unpurchases

Pakistan has been a con-

export to Pakistan, which until between Sri Lanka and Fakistan in recent years, however, Sri Lanka's market share has been eroded by increasing purchases of cheaper Kenyan tea by the Pakistani private sector.

These factors arounded to boost the average price to a standard provers. These factors encouraged above Rs 40 (87p) per kg.

New Zealand's willing victims

LAST WEEK I met Mr Peter Elworthy—an old friend and a man with a mission. A member of an old-established family of New Zealand's Canterbury settlers, he is an innovative farmer with sheep, cattle and farmer with sheep, cattle and deer on a large acreage in South Canterbury—and he has just finished a three-year term as president of New Zealand's Federated Farmers, the equivalent of Britain's National Farmer's Union.

Like most New Zealand to understand the time and could not understand the time, but to accept it with how shrewd and sensible men, the time, but to accept it with hardly a word of protest seemed to me at the time farmers undoubtedly are, could grantitious masochism.

The three We Flavorthy and

Lange Governmen't removal or farmers all subsidies from the farming have fallen for that one, sector, a move which would certainly have incurred the wrath of farmers' leaders anywhere else in the world. But the (NZ) dollar remains fairly strong, in spite of a poor balance of trade figure and so on."

good grace.

The subsidies, which were quite modest by EC and US standards, had been instituted about ten years ago in response to increasing protectionism and the New Zealand analysis and the New Zealand analysis and the New Zealand analysis sector has done extrato increasing protectionism and subsidised competition on the world market, which were steadily reducing the country's export earnings. They were aimed at increasing output of

tion of subsidies met with the disapproval of established disapproval of established farmers, who had prided themselves on their unsubsidised production. But they did not refuse the advantages once they

Were offered.
The subsidies caused marked rise in prices of land and breeding stock as many of and breeding stock as many of At the time the new policy the younger farmers took was initiated the Government advantage of cheap loans to set was also proposing to remove up in business—in fact many saw expansion as their patriotic

Within a few months of com-ing into power in 1984 Mr extent, Lange's Labour Government had If th halved orices received by EC farmers organisations has a gammodity markets will once a gammodity once



which most of New Zealand's farmers undoubtedly are, could have fallen for that one.

financial sector has done extra-ordinarily well. Most farmers, however, have done very badly

hand any fortunate enough to have substantial savings have benefited from the buoyant stock market and from interest rates which would warm the

heart of any Shylock. protection from much of local industry and to reduce import tariffs, but somehow that has not happened to the same

If the leaders of any of the

But then Mr Elworthy and

those who think like him have a cause in which they believe an almost fanatical sincerity. In their analysis of what is

wrong with the world's food commodity markets they blame the subsidisation of farming in the rest of the world, which first of all causes surpluses and then drives countries to subsidise exports into markets. sidise exports into markets which New Zealand and other primary producing countries used to think of as their own.

time denying these same tax-payers the chance of eating cheap produce from New Zea-They claim that the New Zealand climate is so congenial to pastoral farming that they

are the cheapest producers of meat and dairy produce in the world—farmers in other coun-

while because thanks to their cost structure, probably the lowest in the world, they will be able to beat all the competition from which ever source. I would agree whole heartedly

with the low cost argument.

New Zealand's dairy farmers
are receiving about 25 per cent
of the UK milk price and its sheep farmers about a third of the UK lamb price. But for how long can these sort of prices remain viable when economic survival is dependent on spend-ing virtually nothing on main-tenance and fertilisers? Experience elsewhere shows that once these essential inputs are cut back there is a gradual reduc-tion in output which accelerates as the last fertiliser dressing recedes further into the past.
Mr Elworthy and his counter-Mr Elworthy and his counterparts in other primary produc-ing countries have been propa-gating their brand of agricul-tural economics at farmers' forums and he is trying to interest UK farmers in them this week during visits to farms in Wales, where both dairy and aheen farmers are under con-

export earnings. They were simed at increasing output of meat, wool and dairy products and took the form of deficiency payments and interest subsidies.

Some have seen their financial situations deteriorate to an appalling degree, with their net though the same the said that introduction of subsidies met with the disapproval of established substitutions deteriorate to an appalling degree, with their net though their governments to think of as their own.

They cannot understand how it is that taxpayers in the EC, that taxpayers in the EC, and elsewhere have allowed their governments to the same that the same taxen to think of as their own.

They cannot understand how it is that taxpayers in the EC, and elsewhere have allowed their governments to the same taxen taxe ments, together with that of the protectionism rampant almost everywhere else in the It is difficult at this time to

see any other government following New Zealand's example in the near or even the distant future. It seems to me that both the New Zealand Government and tries, such as Canada and tries, such as Canada and Mr Elworthy were premature in advantages for grain. The New the actions they took three Zealanders are convinced that years ago. New Zealand still has foreign debt amounting to the last or cent of gross domestic soon dawn worldwide and that 70 per cent of gross domestic commodity markets will once product and a large current again redect supply and demand account deficit on the balance of

Cush 3205-65 —35,6 #616/8516 5 months 3270-5 —41,5 8349/8216 Official closing (am): Cash 2315-25 (3295-05): three months 3215-20 (3202-2): estiment 3220 (3305). Final Karb Close: 3230-5. Ring Turnover: 3,258 tonnes. ZINC

499.5-3.5 -1.5 499 499.6-5 -0.75 495/491

LONDON METAL EXCHÂNGÉ. Calls Pubs Nov. Jan. Nov. Jan. Aumin-ium 1,675 87 50 68 118 99.5% 1,700 554 414 —

Am Eagle. 8479-477 (£289-252)
Mapieles? 1472-476 (£290-1,-3914)
Krig-176d. 8459-469 (£291-883)
Li Krig. \$180-121 (£734-744)
Angel.... \$470-475 (£2881,-890-1)
1/19 Angel \$481-501Noble Plat. \$615-585 (£3774-3834)

INDICES

Aug. 21Aug. 21 Mith ago, Yearago DOW JONES

prices also came under pressure, although they closed above the lows reached in the middle of the afternoon session. Early falls reflected copper's weakness but further downward pressure was pro-vided by the announcement of sharp rises in LME stocks last week, especially for high grade metal. An uptura in sterling's value against the dellar was quoted as a lead-ing factor in the nickel market's weakness, and the situation was compounded by stop-loss selling after the stop-loss sailing after the three month's price dropped below a chart support level in mid-afternoon. By way of contrast cocoa and coffee prices were somewhat firmer. A surge in the New York prices helped to boost coffee futures while short-covering following last week's fall two following last week's fall two following last week's fall to two-month lows lifted cocoa. London's automated white sugar contract, the market's sugar contract, the market's newest and fastest-growing baby, reached another land-

ALUMINIUM

99.7% | Unofficial + or | High/Low purity | (close p.m.) — | \$ per teems 1700-10 47.5 1705/1695 Official closing (am): Cash

); three months 1895-705 (1785
(0); settlement — (—). Fins
(arb Close: 1700-10, Ring turnover 99.5% E per purity tonne 1108-11 -9.9 1195/1102 1848/1025 Official closing (sm): Cath 1100-2 (1158-3): three months 1029-30 (1072-4); settlement 1102 (1169). Finel Kerb Close: 1036-8. Ring turnover: 3,380 tonnes.

mark yesterday with turnover topping 4,000 lots (50 tonnes each) for the first time.

LME prices supplied by Amalgamated Metal Trading.

Unofficial + or close High/Low 1018-9 - 39 1655/1654, 1008-85 - 30,25 1655/1696 Official closing (am): Cash 1034.5-5 (1078-8.5): three include 1024-4.5 (1005-8): sextement 1025 (1078.5). Final Kerb Close: 1011.5-2.

Official closing (am): Cash 1030-1 (1072-6): three months 1014-6 (1062-

LEAD

Cash 410-1 +0.5 416412 3 Months 390-90.5 +1 593/589 Official closing (sm): Cash 417-8 (405-7); three months 383-4 (389.8-90); settlement 418 (407). Final Kerb Closet 380.5-1. Ring turnover; 12,150 tonnes. US Spot: 42 cents per pound. NICKEL

Gopper 978 - 191₆ 351₆ 361₆ (Grade A) 1,000 40 391₆ 30 481₆ 1,025 35 27 - -

KUALA LUMPUR TEN MARKET: Clote 18.86 (18.76) Hoggit per kg. Up 0.07 ringgit per kg.

US MARKETS

1668.4 1673.2 1614.7 1445.2 Dow Aug, Aug. Mith Year Jones 21 20 ago ago

Maste #1.800.2104.40 +1.862.00 No. 3 Hayd Wint. 1

Unofficial + or close (p.m.) - High/Low & per tonne

Unofficial + or close (p.m.) — High/Low

Official closing (sm): Cash 462.5-3.5 (466-5); three months 482.2.8 (467-7.5); settlement 483.6 (466); finel Kert Closet 484-5. Ring turnover: 8,675 tonnes. US Pricis Western: 47.5-48.5 centre use per periodici.

REUTERS

Spot 128.54 129.14 - 117.66 Fut 130.08 129.56 - 117.52 (Base: December 31 1931 = 190) MAIN PRICE CHANGES

Barley Fut. Nov. &101.30 |+0.78 £100.50

Cescos Pt. Dec. | R1891.6 | 18 | x1841.5 |
Coffee Pt. New | 21882 | 0.5 | x1285.5 |
Cotton A Ind.* | 97.28c | -0.6 | 94.90c |
Cas Oil Oct. | 8149.5 | -7 | 165 |
Rusber (Rilo) | 65.5p | 0.73/95.5p |
Wooltops 64e | 349.5 | 5164.8u |
S165. † Unquoted, † Fer 75-ib flask. c Cents pound. Commountort. v Oct. Aug-Sapt. w Oct-Nov. T Sept. u Sept-ct. y Nov.

SiLVER Sullion - D.St. + or p.st. + or p.st. - Unoff or Unoff or D.St. pot 467.60p -1.15 779q months, 479.70p -1.55 791q months, 492,15p -2.50 months, 616.05p -2.25

Sulsa: 2.084 (3.528) lots of 5 tonnes. ICO indicator privae (US cents per pound) for August 21: Comp. darly 1975 (97.67 (97.35); 15-day average 96.52 (95.62).

Opening a little steedler futures gained ground and closed at the highs. Physical interest was signle seen only in the second-hand market with both producers and consumers content to stay on the sidelines, report Gill and Duffut.

1849-1830 +0.0 1855-1238 1891-1830 +18.0 1835-1278 1891-1830 +18.0 1835-1278 1892-1847 +18.5 1844-184 1864-1865 +11.6 1886-1886 1861-1865 +11.6 1876-1876 1404-1406 +9.6 1465-1835

Select 4,529 (1.434) locs of 10 topnes. ICCO inclinator prices (SDRs per 1000.02 (1883.44); 10-day average for August 25: 1890.06 (1887.11). FREIGHT FUTURES Despits just a 0.5 point fail in the BFI, futures dropped to trade limit-down just before the close. Traders cited lock of fresh physical news as the reason for the decline as old longs liquidated positions, reports Clarkson

DIT CATES 1180 1256/1180 1170 1183 1184,4/122 1176/1180 1160/1165/1180/1165 1205 1080/1060/1060/1048 1060/108 1110 - 1180 1100 - 1140 1176 - 1800 1185 Turkéver: 450 (186).

GRAINS Wheat again firmed an step-lose commission house buying interest, touching new contract highe at \$1.50 Mg, before eacing on teen trade profitability. Barrey remained in a narrow range closing with merchant selling, reports T. G. Roddick.

Sep. 108.76 +1.29 Nov. 104.40 +1.50 1.44h 107.00 +1.50 1.50 Nay 112.45 +1.15 1.44b +0.50

RUMOURS of military setion in the Enif spurred a receivery in crude oil futures following early decitines on trade selling which elected commission house sell stops, reports Drezel Burnham Lambert Trade buying at the lowsp rumpted short-covering to pare losses, but the market, remained choppy in good volume. The precious metals, two, reacted to the situation in the Gulf with general short-covering steady ing the markets further after local trade and commission house buying. Flatinum led the way, steadying early in response to the continuing strike in South Africa, but profitaking and trade selling was noted, which tended to put a lid on the advances. Copper reacted to Friday's sell-off with trade buying, short-covering and general fresh buying emerging to steady the market. Sugar fell on early commission house selling

NEW YORK

Prey 75.00 74.55 73.40 72.95 72.10 71.65 71.30 71.30

COTTON 50,000 fb, cer

POTATOES

RUBBER

& per tonne

WORLD "It" Prev (right Low 81.80 79.80 79.80 77.80 77.80 77.80 77.80 77.80 CHICAGO. Close Prev High Low 55.15 65.65 65.60 66.30 114.50 104.53 106.20 104.40 112.76 114.50 104.53 106.20 104.40 107.75 112.76 113.51 114.60 114.00 107.75 114.63 112.51 114.60 114.00 116.00

Closs 513.0 508.6 614.2 520.4 524.2 523.6 616.4 ORANGE JUICE 15,000 Ib, cents/lb

SPOT PRICES: Chicago loose land 14.50 (same) cents per pound. Handy and Harman silver builtion 775.5 (755.0) Weekend weather had a short-lived impact upon futures, with April obser-ing 80p up before coming uniter persistent seiling pressure. A weather Dutch quote and an easier UK physical market probably contributed several sentiment. Values were eroded steedily throughout the seasion, reports Coley and Harper.

SUGAR LONDON DAILY PRICE—Raw sugar \$154.90 (£95.40), unchanged (down 20) a tonne for September-October delivery. White sugar \$185.00, up \$2.00.

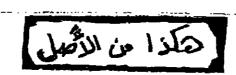
\$ per torme Latest | Change ORUDE OIL-FOR (\$ per barral) Sapt.

Sales: No. 8 3.364 (1.755) fots of 50 tonies; no. 5 4,488 (2.047). Tate & Lyle delivery price for granulated basis sugar was £200.00 (same) a tonne for export. International Sugar Agreement—(US cents per pound fob and stowed Caribbean ports). Prices for August 21: Daily price 5.80 (same): 15-dey svarses 5.72 (5.71). PARIS—(Fir per tonne): Oct 1107/1109, Dec 1112/1117. Mer 1157/1109. May 1185/1190. Aug 1215/1220, Oct 1229/1245. PHYSICALS—Closing prices (buyers): Shot 88.50p (68.23p): Out 68.00p (68.50p); Nov 68.25p. The Kuels Lumpur fob prices (Melay/Singapore beints) per kg was RSS No 1 263.0 (263.5); SMR 20 231.5 (seme).

SOYABEAN MEAL GAS OIL FUTURES URE .

148.00 -6.75 152.80 48.90 148.50 -7.00 158.75 48.60 150.50 -5.80 158.86 42.5 152.00 -8.76 157.88 52.00 755.0-125.0 + 0.50 125.0-125.0 + 0.50 125.0-125.0 + 0.50 126.7-125.0 + 0.60 126.7-127.0 - 0.40 115.0-124.0 -Turnover: 8,513 (4,865) loss of 100 Sales: 114 (323) lots of 20 tohnes. COTTON

There were 29,254 packages on offer at the London suction, including 8,000 packages in the offshore section, reports the Tee Brokers' Association. Demand was again very selective but rather more general except for dust grades. The first new season's Assems were well supported with good LIVERPOOL. Spot and shipment sales for the week ending August 21 amounted to 1144 tonnes, egainst 1196 tonnes in the previous week. Buying was centred on Latin American, African was centred on Latin American. Alrican Chinese and Middle Eastern qualities.



هكر اعن الآجل

CURRENCIES, MONEY AND CAPITAL MARKETS

FOREIGN EXCHANGES

Bank of Japan supports dollar

at the London close, after a ner-vous day when fear of central bank intervention prevented any sharp decline, and figures on US personal income and consump-tion had no impact.

The Bank of Japan intervened

heavily in Tokyo to support the dollar, but with the yen remaining in the spotlight, there was little reason for European central hants to become involved.

The West German Bundeshank and out of the meaning and the meaning a sized out of the market, and although. Japanese officials encouraged the idea of co-ordinated intervention involving the Federal Reserve, dealers suggested the US central bank was reliefly to so that for the federal that the federal bank was nlikely to go too far down this

They added Mr Alan Greenspan recently appointed chairman of the Rederal Reserve Board, would the Rederal Reserve Board, would not niske any move likely to bring criticism so early in his term of office, and doubted whether the Federal Open Market Committee agreed to any tightening of monet-ary policy earlier this month.

ary policy earlier this month.

Congress meets early next month, and after the very bad US trade figures for June, there will be increased pressure for trade protection measures and epopuragement of a further weakaning of the dollar to correct the US balance of payments details.

the US balance of payments deficit.

Rumpurs were denied in Tokyo that the Japanese Trade Ministry was to ask for voluntary restraints in the volume of exports abroad, in an effort to ease trade frictions. The dollar fell at the London riose to Y141.95 from DM 1.8180; to FFr 2022 from DM 1.8180; and to SW. 60725 from FFr 6.0775; and to SFr 14965 from SFr 1.6045:

E IN REW YORK							
Aug. 24 Labest Previous Close							
£ Spot 1 month 3 require 12 months	1.4300-1 0.45-0.4 1.31-1.2 4.38-4.2	14 pen 18 pen	1	320-1.633 42-0.40 pm 27-1.25 pm 40-4.35 pm	A		
Forested presidents and discounts apply to the D.S. follow. STERLING INDEX							
		Assg :	24	Previous	5		
10.00 at 11.00 pc 1.00 pc 2.00 pc	B. Sansan B. Spanne	ה ה ה ה ה ה ה ה ה ה ה ה ה ה ה ה ה ה ה		72.4 72.4 72.3 72.4 72.4 72.5 72.5 72.5	-		

4.00 00	4	. 72.7	72.6				
CURRENCY RATES							
Au. 21	100	Special Drawing Rights	European Currency Unit				
Sterling U.S. Oofber Canadian 5	35	0.790804 1.2872	0.698249 1.13744 1.50676				
Austrian Sch. Belgian Franc Danish Keton	1.7	WA WA NA	14.5728 43.0719 7.97969				
Designe Mari Meth. College. French Franç. Hallan Licz	\$	2.3476 N/A 7.84480 N/A	2.07241 2.33596 4.92813 1500.85				
Appense Ved Morney Error Spenith Papen		182.65 N/A N/A	162.369 7.62140. 139.165				
Swedish Virgini Swish Figure Greek Brack:	75 ₂ 3.5 205 ₂	AUA NA NA	2.25401 1.71127 157.774 0.774768				

*CS/SDR HER for Aug. 22; 1.70270.

CURRENCY MOVEMENTS

	Index.	Changes 76					
Steeling	72.7 101.1 78.1	-21.0 -6.00 -10.1					
Austrian Schilling Selgiasi Figure Gariela Krone	137.5 99.7 90.8	+101 -4.7 +1.1					
Chrische Mark	146.6 173.3 134.7	+21.6 +23.4 +14.3					
French Franc	71.2 47.1 224.3	-132 -184 +673					
Mingin Guaranty changes: average 1980- 1982-100, Bank of England Index (Base average 2973-1007.							
	£ .]						
Argentine 3.5245	3.5595 -2.2805	21570-2.1450 1.3970-1.3980					
	77.750	47.325-47.555					

2975=2007.		-
OTHER	CURRENCE	E\$
Asq. 24		5
1-4-51		
Affective	3.5245-3.5595	2.1570-2.1650
**************************************	2,2775-2,2805	1.3970-1.3980
	77.320-77.750	47.325-47.555
PROPERTY.	7.1905-7.2030	4,4120-4,4140
CALCULATION	223.70-227.75	137.45-139.70
wood wood .	12,7555-12,7690	7.8065-7.8075
	116.25	71.25
Marchaell .	1312.50-1324.35	804,30-810.90 0.28110-0.28130
	0.45950-0.45990 61 55-61.65	37.70-37.80
Charles .	4.1785-4.1245	2.5205-2.5220
22.5	2400 35 3505 05	1469.00-1477.00
7 Tarkeni	2,6970-2,7020	1.6540-1.6560
Sand Inc.	6.1275-6.1320	3.7500-3.7505
	34395-34445	2.1055-2.1065
5 44 44	13420-13580	2.0515-2.0555
5772	5.6485.5.8730	3.4780-3.6035
Talanta	49 10-49 35	30.05-30.15
TAF	6,0005-6,0065	3,6725-3,6735
	حفوروم-ومورون	3.81253.0133

MONEY MARKETS **UK** rates show little change

INTEREST RATES showed little overall change in London yester by Exchequer transcations which added £85m and bank's balances brought forward £85m above for bad news and tending to ignore any encouraging economic data.

The formand was a second to the formand for the form

There seemed to be little prospect of much change ahead of the long weekend and next wee's break down on banking figures. Next week also sees the release of July brade figures and while there appeared to be little pressre at the moment on interest rates,

UK clearing bank base isading rate 16 per cent since August 7 isading rate 16 per cent bend I and £15m of local authority bills in band 2 all at 9% per cent Late assistance came to £205m, making a total of £515m.

On Bank of England figures the support for the US currency ear-dollar's index declined to 101.1 lier in Tokyo by the Bank of

from 1013.
STERLING—Trading range against the dollar in 1987 is 1.6885 to 14716. July average 1.6806. Exchange rate index rese 0.1 to 72.7, compared with 69.9 six

Sterling was generally firm, but finished below its best levels of the day. Weaker oil prices encouraged caution, and the pound remained on the sidelines, having weathered this month's economic news without major problems, and now awaiting the July trade figures next Tuesday.

Sterling rose 20 points to \$1.6305-1.6315. It also improved to DM 2.9625 from DM 2.96 and to FFr 9.9050 from FFr 9.90, but fell to SFr 244 from FFF 9.90, 501 fell to SFr 245 and to Y231.50 from Y232.50.

D-MARK—Trading range against the dollar in 1887 is 1.9385 to 1.7698. July average 1.8480. Exchange rate index 146.6 against 147.9 six months

ago.

The D-Mark was only a little firmer against the dollar in Frankfurt, in spite of the lack of firmer against the dollar in Frankfurt, in spite of the lack of intervention by the West German Bundesbank, after heavy

The Bundesbank was not seen on the open market and did not intervene when the dollar was intervene when the dollar was fixed at DM 1.8238 in Frankfurt, compared with DM 1.8283 on Friday. This was the lowest fixing level since July 1.

The dollar closed at a 10-week low of DM 1.81575 in Frankfurt, compared to the compared to t

JAPANESE YEN—Trading range against the dollar in 1987 is 159.45 to 138.35. July average 150.25. Exchange rate index 224.3 against 209.0 six months

against DM 1.8190 before the

The yen finished below its peak in Tokyo, after heavy intervention to support the dollar by the Bank
of Japan, estimated at \$500m.
The first intervention was in
early trading when the dollar
threatened to fall below YI41 and there was further official buying in the afternoon, pushing the dol-lar up to a peak of Y142.80, before it closed at Y142.65.

MS EUROPEAN CURRENCY UNIT RATES						
	Ecu central rates	Currency amounts against Ecu Aug. 24	% change from central rate	% change adjusted for divergence	Dhergence Unit %	
rigian Franc	42.4582 7.85212 2.05853 6.90403 2.31943 0.768411 1483.58	43,0719 7.97969 2,07241, 6.92813 2,33596 0,774768 1500.85	+1.45 +1.62 +0.67 +0.35 +0.71 +0.83 +1.16	+0.81 +0.98 +0.03 -0.29 +0.07 +0.19 +1.10	± 1.5344 ± 1.6404 ± 1.0981 ± 1.3674 ± 1.5012 ± 1.6684 ± 4.0752	
langes are for Ecu, lissument calculated OUND SPOT-	by Financial	Times.	•			

THE PARTY OF	140	3.36 3500.	80 +TTP		1.10 ±	4.0752		
Changes are for Ecu, therefore positive change denotes a weak corrency. Adjustment calculated by Financial Times.								
POUND SPOT-FORWARD AGAINST THE POUND								
Appest 24	Day's spread	Clase	One month	% p.s.	Tiaree months	% pa		
US	1.6250-1.6350	16305-16315	0.45-0.42c pm	3.20	1.31-1.26 cm	3.15		
Canada	21510-21610		0.23-0.13c pm	1.00	0.62-0.50 pm			
Metherlands .			112-114c pm	4.94	474-374C per			
Belgium	61.50-61.75	63.55.63.65	22-15c pg	3.60	63-50 am			
Dermark	11.401-11.431	11411-11426	part or dis		1-11- de			
ireland	1 2080-1 2110	1.1085-I.1095	0.06dis-car	0.32	0.14-0.04pm	0.32		
W. Germany .	2.95%-2.97	2954-2964	14-1'spf pm	639	44-42 00	1 225		
Portugal	232,30-233,80	233.20-233.30	66-116 c dis		242-324 ds			
Spain	198.80-199.70	199.25-199.35	86-118c dis	-6.14	197-245 ds	-4,45		
Haly	2146%-21511,		7-115re dis	-5.03	18-2265	-3.73		
Norway	10.871-10.924	30.891 ₂ -10.907 ₂	52 Vare de	-4.33	10 - 11 ds			
France	9.90-9.93	9.90-9.91	17-15c pm	212	45-31-000	159		
Sweden	10.374-10.402		a- are con	0.72	14-14 00	040		
freeze :	771 7924	291 222	10.300.00	0.52	**************************************	1000		

Austria Switzerland	20.81-20.84 2.434 ₂ -2.454	20.81-20.84 2.43 ¹ 2-2.44 ¹ 2	104-97, 900 pm 15-14, c pm	5.94 7.07	30%-28% pm 41 ₆₋₃₇₆ pm	523 526
Belgian rate is 2-53-2-48 c pr	for convertible n. 12-month 4.4	francs, Finan 0-4.30 c pm.	cial franc 61.95-6	2.05.	lix-month forwa	rd dolla
DOLLAR	SPOT-FO	RWARD /	against ti	IÉ DO	HLAR	

DOLLAR SPOT—FORWARD AGAINST THE DOLLAR										
Aug. 24	Oay's spread	Close	One month	% pa	Three asonths	- p.s.				
UK1	1.6260-1.6350	1.6305-1.6315	0.45-042c pm	3.20	1.31-1.26 pm	3.15				
belaudt	14645-14730	1.4720-1.4730	0.28-0.23c pa	2.09	0.95-0.83 pm					
Causada	1.3200-1.3255	1.3210-1.3220	0.23-0.26c pm	-2.22	0.69-0.72pm					
Netherlands .	2.0450-2.0570	2.0465-2.0475	0.31-0.28c pm	1.72	0.90-0.86cm					
Beiglum	37.70-37.95	37.70-37.80	3pm-par	0.48	7-2pm	0.48				
Decement	6.9812-7.021,	7.00-7.00%			4.60-5.30 ds	-2.82				
W. Germany .	1.8125-1.8255	18155-18165	0.50-0.47pf pm	3.19	144-13900	3.10				
Portugai	1424-143	1423-143	85-115c dis	-8.38	260-310 de					
Spain	122.05-122.75	122.18-122.20	80-110c dis	-9.29	230-270 ds	-815				
italy	1314-13213	13164-13164	8.00-11.00lire de	-8.64	22.00-23.50ds	-6.89				
Norway	6.6712-6.7114	6.68-6.680	4.00-4.50 0ce dis	-7.6I	11.60-12.10ds	-7.07				
France	6061-6104			-1.30	225-235 de	-1.57				
Sweden	5.354-6.394	6364-637			375-415,64	247				
Japan	141.80-143.40	141.90-142.00	0.41-0.38 ₇ pm		1.12.1.07 pm	. 3.07				
Anterio '	12.75%-12.82%	12.784-12.784			8.75-7.75 om	2.57				
Swizzerland _	1.4950-1.5080	1.4960-1.4970	0.51-0.46c pm	3.86	1.28-1.23 pm	3.33				

† UK and treiand are quoted in US currency. Forward predit the individual currency. Relatin rate is for convertible iusts and discounts apply to the US dollar and no

Aug. 24	Short term	7 Days notice	. One Month	Three Months	Six Months	(Jee Year
Sterling	10-94	97-93	97-94	104-104	10,2-10,2	104-105
J.S. Deltar	62-62	6.62	64-65	7-6%	74-74	74.75
ac Dollar	83,-812	834-832	87-85	94.9	95,93	97,-95
. Collider	AUA.	54-54	54-54	54.54	54-54	52-54
w. Franc	3-5	7-6%	34-34	. 312-313	4-35	4-3%
eutschmark	3H-3H	38-39	39.39	35.32	43.43	44.44
r, Franci	7-2-7-4	72.72	78-79	87.87	9-8%	94-94
udan Live	1212-1012	134-1112	137-133	135-137	13-124	12 - 120
Fr. (Fla.)	6464	69-6%	69-612	611-62	7-612	74-7A
Fr. (Con.)	64.5	64-511	62.6	64-64	7-65	7-7
	34-34	34-312	33-31	44.4	43,44	43-42
. Krone	95.9	94.95	10.95	102 104	20%-10%	11-105
chan \$5ing	6262		613-613	75.65		74-74
2200 22000	0.8-0.5	614-62	60-65	79-91	7 <u>8</u> -7 <u>8</u>	/4-/%

	0.503	016-016	- 11 - 1E	116-46	718 716	1 1 1 1
Long-term Euro	dollars: Two y	ears 82-82 F	our cent; three	years 87 ;-8 5; pr	er cept; four y	ears 9,2-818 pe
cost; five years 94 two days' notice.		nomical. Short	-term rates are	call for US Dei	lars and Japa:	nese Yen; other
EXCHANGE	E CROSS	RATES				•
	7				7 1	

_	coat; five y	1813 94-9	itaus: Two	years 6/ A nominal	,-8% per . Short-te	ceat; time rai raies a	e years 8 re call fo	7g-87g per rUS De§k	cept; for us and Jay	r years 9, panese Yo	2-812 per 2-812 per					
_	two days											CURE	ENCY	FUTU	RES	
3	EXCHA	NGE	CROS	S RA	TES						•	POUND	-\$ (FORE	DICE NO	HAHGE)	
5	A09. 24	£	\$	DM	Yes	F Fr,	S Fr.	H FL	Lira	C S	B Fr.	Spot 1,6305	1-mth. 1.6262	3-mb. 16177	6-mth. 1-6055	12-mb. 1-5870
;	£	L 0.613	1.631	2.963 1.816	231.5 141.9	9.905 6.073	2.440 1.4%	3.338 2.046	2147. 1317.	2158 1323	61.60 37.77	S	EHLINE	St per é		
) 10	DM	0.338 4.320	0.551 7.045	12.80	78.14 1000.	3.343 42.79	0.824 10.54	1.127 14.42	724.B 9275.	0.728 9.320	20.79 266.1	Sept. Dec.	Latest 1.6315 1.6185	High 1.6320 1.6200	1.6255 1.6120	Prev 1.6295 1.6170
) 103 1	F Fr. S Fr.	1.010 0.410	1.647 0.668	2.991 1.214	233,7 94,68	10. 4.059	2.463 1.	3.370 1.368	21,68. 880.0	2.178 0.884	62.19 25.25	idar. June	1.6020	1.6025 1.6020	1,6025	1.6065 1.5955
	H FL Lim	0.300 0.466	0.489	0.888 1.380	69.35 107.8	2.968 4.613	0.731 1.136	1 1554	643.4 1000.	0.646 1.005	18.46 28.69		Close	High	Low	Prev
	C S B Fr.	0.463 1.623	0.756 2.648	1.373 4.809	107.3 375.8	4.591 16.08	1.131 3.961	1.547 5.418	995.2 3486.	1 3.502	28.55 100.	Sept. Dec. May. Estimates	1.6308 1.6180 1.6055 I wolume 8	1.6308 1.6152	1.6290 1.6127 —	1.6278 1.6137 1.6030
_	Yen per 3	,000: Fi	ench Fr	per 10:	Lira per	1,000:	Belglan I	Fr per 1	00.				quilitz obes		(892)	

ases of £25m of Treasury bills and £250m of eligible bank bills in

er 1	,000:	Belgian i	Fr per 1	00.			ħ
	Fī	LON	DON	NTER	BANK	FDIN	G

CLLOO a.m. Aug. 24) 3 months U.S. dollars 6 months U.S. tid 6 ff offer 7 iz bid 7 lg The fluing rates are the arithmetic means, counded to the meanest one-sisteenth, of the bid and offered rates for \$10m quoted by the market to five reference banks at 11.00 a.m. tach working day. The banks are National Wastminster Bank, Bank of Tokyo, Deutsche Bank, Banque Nationale de Parks and Morgan Guerancy Trust. **MONEY RATES**

1101121 101120						
NEW YORK (Larachtime) Prime rate Tel. funds Tel. funds at later vention	825 TA 7.75 St	e weeth		.06. Foury 5.29 Five y 5.55 Seven 5.99 10 year	Bonds year ear year	82 83 86 87
Angest 24	Oversight	Oue Month	Turo Montis	Three Months	Six Months	Lombard Intervention
Frankfart	390-400 73-74 3-14 54-54 3-21875 11-114 7-25 9-94	3.80-3.95 7-3-7-3 3-3-4 5-3-5-4 3.65625 124-124 6-3-6-2 9-9-9-1	380-395 7월-7월 91 ₂ -93 ₄	711-81 33-34 54-51 89 124-124 63-68	410-4.25 8%-8% 	5.0 Tr ₂
ONDON MONE				Three	l str	One
Aug. 24	Over- night	7 days notice	Month	Months.	Months	Year
sterbark terling CDs. noal Authrity Deps. noal Authrity Bods scoots Mici Deps. nospany Deposits leancy House Deposits reasony BHs (Bay)	123 ₂₋ 9 94 10-9 97 10-9	104-9% 	9%-9% 911-4% 9% 9% 9% 9% 9%	10 ¹ 4-10 ¹ 8 10 ¹ 4-10 ¹ 4 9 ¹ 4 10 ¹ 4 10 ¹ 4 10 ¹ 4 9 ² 1 9 ² 1	102-10% 102-10% 102 102 103 104 105	

traders were a little wary lest the surborities should create a precedent by raising rates in advance of any had news.

Three-month interbank money of 36 per cent. Applications were due in yesterday with successful money opened at 1044-104 per cent inchanged from Friday. Overnight money opened at 10-94 per cent and rose to 114 per cent departure from the Bundesbank's polymer of any parture from the Bundesbank's normal practice of offering funds today. The facility marked a novel departure from the Bundesbank's normal practice of offering funds in the first three weeks of the month of any offering the market money opened at 10-97 per cent. The Bank of England forecast a advances were taken at 10 per cent. The Bank of England forecast a and dealers also pointed out the factors affecting the market including the repayment of any sale and dealers also pointed out the factors affecting the market including the repayment of any sale and dealers also pointed out the aniouncement call money had been quoted at 4.00 per cent up from 3.75 per cent on the first sale up of Treasury bills draining Friday.

Late assustance came to Late antoning dath the Bundesbank and advance of surface and satirity pers.

Sarting Ch.

Sar

FINANCIAL FUTURES

Gilts cautiously firmer

Sept. Calls—Last
Sept. Oct. Nov. Dec. Sept.
18.35 18.35 18.35 18.35 18.35
13.35 13.35 13.35 0.00
8.35 8.35 8.35 8.35 0.00
3.35 3.65 4.04 4.43 0.24
0.50 1.15 2.00 2.14 2.42
0.01 0.22 — 0.87 6.73
0.00 — 0.29 11.92
0.00 — 0.29 11.92
0.00 copen int. Calls 271 Pats 1,429

Class High Low Prev. 106.10 106.40 105.55 106.10 106.00 106.10 105.30 105.50

Close High Low Prev. 223.10 223.70 222.00 220.15 227.60 — 224.65 cased galance 1,725 (1,807) cas day's open int. 7,1% (16,625)

High 92.39 92.37 92.04 91.76

92.84 92.31 91.98 91.71

THREE-MONTH EURODOLLAR Sim points of 100%

stineated waterne 4,125 (--) revious day's open int. -- (31,054)

LIFFE £/\$ OPT10HS \$25,000 (cents per £1)

LONDON

20-YEAR 12% NOTIONAL GILT £50,000 32mm of 100%

LONG GILT prices finished stron-ger in the London International figures. The contract touched a 89.58.

Financial Futures Exchange high of 114-30 before coming back

US Treasury bonds also traded

Financial Futures Exchange yesterday. Trading volume was relatively subdued as investors took a more cautious view ahead of the release of important economic data next week.

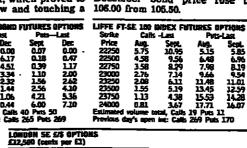
Short covering pushed prices former in the morning as dealers covered positions on reduced and the complete analysis of hopes of another rise in base rates and next week's UK trade figures consumer prices in July appeared to hopes of another rise in base rates and next week's UK trade figures after last week's disappointing money supply figures.

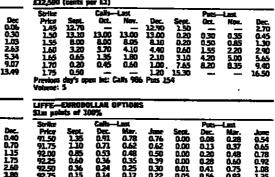
The September price opened at 114-20.

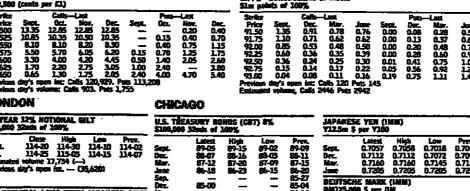
The September price opened at 114-20.

The September price opened at 114-20 on Friday after suggestions that the authorities were keen to ensure that the recent rise in base rates would be seen as adequate to offset market.

LIFE IN TREASURY SAME DEFINITIONS AT TREASURY SAME DIRECT STREASURY SA







12482 92.83 92.31 91.99 91.71 91.45 91.24 91.04 90.87 92.02 91.74 91.49 91.26 91.05 90.87 RD & POORS 500

85-00

Company Notices

SOCIETE GENERALE ALSACIENNE DE BANQUE SUS 40.000.000 FLOATING RATE NOTES DUE 1995

We inform the bondholders that in accordance with the terms and conditions of the notes, Société Générale Alsacienne de Banque has elected to redeem all of its outstanding notes on October 15. 1987 at 100%.

Interest on the said notes will cease to accrue on October 15, 1987. The notes will be reimbur-

sed, coupons nr 6 due April 1988 attached according to the terms and conditions of the notes.

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PROPERTY ALONG **THE M25**

The Financial Times proposes to publish this survey on Friday 16

1) PLANNING

Local authorities have been working towards a regional strategy but there remains concern about how to reconcile preservation of the Green Belt with the need to maintain the momentum of economic

RETAIL CENTRES

The survey will examine the demands to establish major out-of-tow

HOUSING The latest develo

ents will be surveyed, and a look will be taken at demands to set up new villages that more often than not have be turned down as planners have sought to direct new developments into existing urban fabric. COMMUNICATIONS

A look at how transport problems may have crucial implications for

5) THE QUADRANTS

a me. quantum as a) THE NORTH WEST e.g. Slough, Uxbridge, Hemel Hempstead, Warford, St Albans becoming a target for relocating

corridor. A look at its rapid growth and the consequences of that.
c) THE NORTH EAST d) THE SOUTH EAST will be affected by the Channel Tunnel
—the main developments will be reviewed and analysed.

For further information contact: ma Dawson on 01-236 9763 or your usual Financial Times representative

FINANCIAL TIMES EUROPE'S BUSINESS NEWSPAPER

£WORLD VALUE OF THE POUND

The table below gives the latest available rate of exchange for the pound against various currencies on Aug Market rates are the average of buying and selling rates except where they are shown to be otherwise. In from those of foreign currencies to which they are tied. Abbreviations: (A) approximate rate, no direct quotation available; (F) free rate; (P) based at U.S. dollar partites and going sterling-dollar rate; (T) tourist rate; (Bas) basic rate; (bg) baying rate; (Bh) bankers' rate; (cm) commercial rate; (ch) convertible rate; (fn) financial rate; (ecf) exchange certificate rate; (nc) non commercial rate; (nom) nominal; (o) official rate; (sg) selling rate; (c) controlled rate.

COUNTRY	CURRENCY	VALUE OF £ STERLING	COUNTRY	CURRENCY	VALUE OF £ STERLING	COUNTRY	CURRENCY	VALUE OF £ STERLING
Alghanistan	. Afghani	99.25	Ghana	Cedi	266.9920	Pagama .	Baiboa	1.6310
Albania	. Lek	10.4645	Gibraitar	Gibraltar £	1.0	Papet New Guinea	Kina	1.4595
' Algeria	. Dinar	7.6004 9.905	Greece	Drachma	225.725	Paraguay	Gaarani	(523.26
Andorra	(French Franc Scanish Peseta	7.740 199.30	Greenland	Danish Krone E. Caribbeau \$	11.42 4.3943			(1312.25 (exclo)25.98
Asgola	. Kwanza	4B.8095	Gradaloupe	Local Franc	9.905			32.52
Antigua	. E. Caribbean \$	4.3943	Guam	U.S. \$	1.6310	Peru	lati	47.29
Argentina	. Austral	3.5420	Gueterala	Onetzal	{1.6310			60.58
Aroba	. Floris Australian S	2.9358 2.2790	Guines	Franc	l(F) 4.4519 553.35	Philipplaes	Philippine Peso	32.50
Austria	. Schillies	20.825	Guinea-Bissau	Pesa	1057.88	Pitcaim Islands	(£ Sterling New Zealand S	2.6995
Azores	. Portuguese Escudo	233.25	G-72/12	Suyanese \$	14.62	Poland	Zioty	454.71
Bahamas	. Rahama S	1.6310	Haiti	Gourde	8.360	Portugal	Escudo	233.25
Bahrain	. Banara a	0.6130	Hondoras	Lémoira	3.2704	Puerto Rico	U.S. \$	7.6310 .
Balearic Islands	Spanish Peseta	199.30	Hong Kong	H.K. S	12.7625	Qatar	Catari Ryal	5.9230
Bangladesh	. Taka	49.60	Hungery	Forial.	77.3499	Reunion Işle de la Romania	French Franc Leu	9.905 (N/C) 16.26
Barbados		3.2804	iceland	icelandic Krona	63.4385	Rwanda	Rwanda Franc	129.36
. Belgium	. Belgian Franc	((cm) 61.60 (fm) 62.00	india	Indian Rupee	21.10 2683.34	St. Christopher	E. Caribbean S	4.3943
Belize	. 8 \$	3.2600	trao	Rupiah Rial	2683.34 116.25	St. Helena	St. Helena £	1.00
Senin	. C.F.A. Franc	495.25	Iraa	Iraqi Dingr	0.5076	St. Lucia	E. Caribbean S	4.3943
Bernuda	. Bermudlen \$	1.6310 21.10	Irish Republic	Port	1.1090	St. Pierre	Local Franc E. Caribbean S	9.905 4.3943
BhetanBolivia	. Ngultrum . Bolivlaso	(a) 3.3904		Shekel	2.6200	Samoa American	U.S. \$	1.6310
Botswana	. Pola	2.7450	Italy	Lira C.F.A. Franc	2147.25 495.25	San Mariao	Italian Lira	2147.25
Brazii	Cruzado	77.54	_			São Tomé & Principe	Dobra	58.8237
British Virgin İslands	. U.S. \$	1.6310	Jameka	Jamaican Soliar Yen	8.770 231.50	Şəpdi Arabla	Sandi Ryal	6.1298
Branei	. Brunei \$. Lev	3.2575 1.3860	Japan	Jordanian Distar	0.5545	Seregal	C.F.A. Franc S. Rusee	495,25 9.00
Burkine Faso	. C.F.A. Franc	495.25				Sierra Leone	Leone	(a) 48.05
Burma	. Kest	10.8865	Kampuchea	Riei Kenya Shiiling	N/A 26.40	Singapore	Singapore \$	3,4422
Burtandi	Berund Franç	201.50	Keryt	Australian S	2.2790	Solomon Islands	Soloman 1s. \$	3.2575
Chroenton	C.F.A. Franc	495.25	Korea (North)	Won	1.530	Somali Republic	Somali Shifling	196.05 ((Cm) 3.3900
Canada	Canadian 5	2.1580	Korea (South)	Won	1318.43	South Africa	Rand	(Fn) 5.7708
Canary Islands	Special Peseta	199.30	Kuwait	Kuwaki Dinar	0.4597	Spain	Peșeta	199.30
Cape Verde Islands	Cape V. Escudo	145.60 1.36	Laos	New Kip	57.09	Spanish ports in North Africa	Peseta	199.30
Cayman Islands	Cayman Isles \$ C.F.A. Franc	495.25	Lebanon	Lebanése £ Majuti	368.6288 3.3500	Sri Lanka	S.L. Rupee	48.00
Chad	C.F.A. Franc	495.25	Liberia	Masuru Liberian S	1.6310	Sudan Republic	Sudae £	4.080
Chite	Chilean Pess	369.88	Libra	Libyan Dinar	0.4992	Surinza	S. Guilder	2.910
China	. Resminbl Yuan	6.0754 408.81	Liechtenstein	Swiss Franc	2.44	Swaziland	Lilangeni Swedish Krona	3.3500 10.3850
Colombia	Col. Peso C.F.A. Franc	495.25	Luxembourg	Luxembourg Franc	61.60	Switzerland	Swiss Franc	2.44
Congo (Brazzaville)		495.25	Macao	Pataca	13.0918	Syria	Syriam £	(p) 6.400
Costa Rica	. Cotoe	102.4918	Madeira	Portuguese Escudo	233.25	Taiwan	New Talwan S	49.2250
Cobs	. Cuban Peso	1.2761	Malagasy Republic Melawi	M.G. Franc Karacka	1897.25 3.6475	Tanzania	Tan. Shilling	108.50
Cypnis	Cyprus £	0.7830 ((com) 8.90	Malaysia	Ringgit.	4.1216	Thalland	Baht	41.40
Czecłosiowakia	Koruna	{mc 15.51	Makilve Islands	Ruflyra	11.42	Togo Republic Togo Islands	C.F.A. Franc Palanca	495.25 2.2790
		lm 15.05	Mali Republic	C.F.A. Franc	495.25	Trinidad & Yobago	Trinktad & Tob. \$	5.870
Denmark	Danish Kroner	11.42	Maita	Makese £	0.5665 9.905	Tunkia	Tunislan Dinar	1.3821 (sq)
Dilbouti Republic of	Dilbouri Franc	290.00	Marriania	Cuculya	121.7370	Turkey	Tarkish Lira	1432.18
Dogrinica	E. Caribbean \$	4.3943	Mauritius	Maoritian Rupee	21.25	Turks & Calcos Islands Tireals	U.S. \$ Australian \$	1.6310 2.2790
Dominican Republic	Dominican Peso	5.1836	Mexico	Mexican Pero	{2341.81 {2402.7	Uganda	Ucanda, Shilikng	93.20
	Sucre	f(a) 260.00	Migselos	Local Franc	9.905	United States	U.S. \$	1.6310
Ecuador		(F) 304.96	Monaco	French Franc	9.905	Urequay	Uruguzy Pesa	383,45 6,0035
Egypt	Egyptian £	3.55 8.176	Mongolia	Tugrik	5.47	USSR	U.A.E. Dirtam Rouble	1.0258
Equatorial Coinea	Colon C.F.A. Franc	495.25	Montserrat	E. Caribbean \$ Dirham	4.3943 13.52 (sp)	Varuatu	Vatu	177
Ethiopia	Ethiopian Birr	3,3525	Mozambique	Metical	657.51	Vatican	italias Lira	2147.25
Falkland Islands		1.0	-				-renew Clin	((4) 7.010
Farne Islands	Danish Kroner	11.42	Namibla	S.A. Rand Australian S	3.3500 2.2790	Venezuela	Boliver	((5) 12.230
Fill Islands	FHI S	2.1070	Naziru (stands	Negalese Rupee	34,1775		_	(6) 49.10
Finland	Markka	7.1968	Netherlands	Guilder	3.3375	Vietnam	Dong	(6) 130.20
France	Franc	9.905 495.25	Netherland Antilles	Antillian Guilder	2.940	Virgin Islands U.S	U.S. \$	1.6310
French C'ty la Africa French Guianna	C.F.A. Franc	495.25 9.905	New Zealand	N.Z. S	2.6995	Western Samoa	Tala	(A) 3.3894
French Pacific Islands	Local Franc C.F.P. Franc	179.00	Nicaragua	Cordoba	3270.40	Yemen (Month)	Ryal	(A) 16.65
A ARINAM L PATRICIPATION OF	ALL ITEM		Niger Republic	C.F.A. Franc Naira	495.25 6.5868	Yemen (South)	S. Yemen Dinaz	0.5582
Gabon	C.F.A. Franc	495.25	Nigeria	Norweelan Krone	10.90	Yugoslavia	New Y. Dinar	1216.86
Gambia	Dadasi	12.1086	Omen Sultanete of	Riel Omeni	0.6265	Zaire Republic	Zaire	195.1661
Germany (East)	Osimark	2.9625 2.9625			26.00	Zambia	Kwacta	12.50
Germany (West)	Deutsche Mark	27067	Pakistan	Pakistan Rupee		Zimbabwe	Zimbatrwe \$	27175
+Pare is the h	Carden makes (costed	lled) tt Naw see d	official rate (1) Ecception	ands (2) Prefere	etial cuts for price	ty imports such as foodstof	k (A) Desfarantial	rate for Dublic

State is the transfer market (controlled). \$\footnote{\text{2}}\$ Now one official rate. (1) Essential goods. (2) Preferential rate for priority imports such as foodstuffs. (4) Preferential rate for Public Sector Debt and Essential Imports. (5) Preferential rate. (6) Free rate for the bury imports, remittances of money obtroad and foreign transf. (7) Parallel rate. (9) Banknote rate. (10) Rate for exports. (14) Nearly at business transactions. (15) Nigerita, Auction price for dollar N/A. (16) Bolivita, New Currency Introduced (Bolivitane, worth 1m Pensy) 1,9s 1 1987.



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WORLD MARKETS

FT-ACTUARIES WORLD INDICES

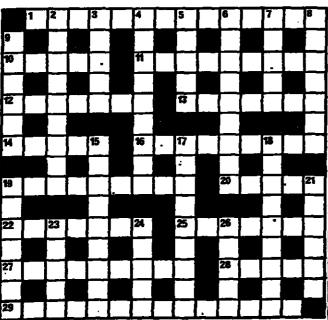
Jointly compiled by the Financial Times, Goldman, Sachs & Co., and Wood Mackenzie & Co. Ltd., in conjunction with the Institute of Actuaries and the Faculty of Actuaries

NATIONAL AND REGIONAL MARKETS		MONDAY AUGUST 24 1987 FRIDAY AUGUST 21 1987				LIGUST 21 1987 DOLLAR INDEX					
Figures in parentheses show azember of stocks per groupling	US Dollar Index	Day's Change %	Pousti Sterling Index	Local Currency Index	Gross Div. Yield	US Dollar Index	Pound Sterling Index	Local Curvency Index	1987 High	1987 Low	Year ago (approx)
Australia (93)	157.20	+0.0	142.90	146.12	2.49	157.19	143.06	146.68	158.03	99.92	74.04
Austria (16)	9715	i ÷ãī	88.31	91.71	225	97.01	88.29	91.71	101.62	85.53	93.59
Pr. 1 - 1 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1	124 00	+02	122.61	126,40	3.75	134.59	122.50	126.30	134.89	96.19	89.95
Seignary (49) Denmark (39) France (121) West Germary (92) Hong Kong (45) Ireland (14)	138.92	<u>-05</u>	126.28	132.93	219	139.65	127.10	134.04	141.78	100.00	97.87
P.——— /20)	119.48	1 +03	108.61	113.79	244	119.10	108.39	113.47	124.10	98.18	94.65
	111.24	+15	101.12	105.96	2.66	109.55	99.70	104.43	121.82	98.39	97.98
Mari Company (02)	104.62	1 -02	95.10	98.77	1.92	104.87	95,44	99.11	104.87	84.00	96.60
Was Kee (45)	136.80	<u>-17</u>	124.35	137.11	2.67	139.12	126.62	139,43	142.69	96.89	7734
Hong Rong (150	14117	+13	128.32	135.09	331	13931	126.79	133.26	145.41	99.50	85,74
Hele (76)	85.12	-25	77.37	83.69	278	87.29	79,44	85.89	11211	84.74	106.27
169 (70)	153.07	+21	139.14	137.34	0.49	149,93	136.45	135.24	161.28	100.00	101.82
44441 (*130)	18216	+02	16558	176.88	210	181.83	165.48	176.84	193.64	98.24	85.30
Maraysid (70/	326.92	+42	297.17	525.43	0.57	313.86	285.65	503.07	326.92	99.72	6039
Mathematical (27)	130.15	-10	11831	121.60	3.69	131.41	119.59	122.80	13141	99.65	98.41
Many Tankand (20)	124.22	-0.9	11292	109.17	273	125.32	114.05	110.23	125.32	83.93	70.63
Ireland (34) Iraly (76) Japon (458) Malaysia (36) Mether (37) Nether land (37) New Zealand (24) Norway (24) Singapore (27) South Africa (61) Social (43)	17123	-0.9	155.65	155.31	176	172.79	157.26	156.72	172.79	100.00	101.42
NOTHER (27)	172.32	+21	156.64	167.23	149	168.75	153.58	163.62	174.00	99.29	89.71
3//94/UT (2//	17293	+0.9	15719	133.83	310	171.45	156.04	133.88	198.09	100.00	80.26
Spain (43)	147.44	+0.7	134.03	136.44	291	146.47	133.30	135.42	147.44	100.00	96.81
3020 (43/	130.84	+0.8	118.94	223.34	1.88	129.78	11811	122.38	130.84	90.85	96.71
Sweden (33) Switzerland (53) United Kingdom (335)	108.99	-02	99.07	301.12	1.63	109.22	99.40	101.87	109.22	92.01	95.52
39(1267 1260 1307	148.47	+0.9	134.96	134.96	327	147.08	133.86	133.86	16287	99.65	96.55
USA (590)	136.10	-07	123.71	136.10	3.27 2.69	137.02	124.70	137.02	137.02	100.00	103.50
Europe (931.)	124.86	+0.3	113.50	116.09	2.82	124.44	113.25	115.84	128.35	99.78	97.38
Pacific Basin (683)	152.70	+1.9	138.80	137.65	0.63	149,85	136,38	135.76	158,77	100.00	99.90
Euro-Pacific (1614)	141.64	+1.3	128.75	129.09	1.40	139.76	127.19	127.84	143.65	100.00	98.91
North America (719)	136.24	-0.7	123.85	135.95	2.66	137.16	124.83	136.88	137.16	100.00	103.20
Europe Ex. UK (596)	130.22	-0.2	100.20	204.A3	2.44	110.41	100,49	104,73	110.41	98.02	97.92
Pacific Ex. Japan (225)	148.16	-0.5	134.69	140.90	. 2.49	148.84	135.47	141.85	149.65	99.92	75.96
World Ex. US (1818)	142.01	+1.3	129.09	129.54	1.45	140.21	127.61	128.38	143.38	100.00	98.63
World Ex. UK (2073)	138.82	+0.5	126.19	131.90	1.78	138.14	125.73	131.58	138.82	100.00	100.90
World Ex. So. Af. (2347)	139,45	+0.5	126.76	132.12	2.91	138.72	126.25	131,72	139.45	100.00	100.64
World Ex. Japan (1950)	133.27	-0.3	121.14	129.53	271	133.68	121.67	130,03	133.68	100.00	99.89
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EUROPEAN OPTIONS EXCHANGE

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SOLD C	\$480 \$500 \$520	222	13.90	20	17.50B	10	32	\$461.20	•
GOLD C	\$520 \$460	185	14.50	16	1750	(=	i –	1 :	
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SILVER C SILVER C	\$850 \$900	=	15] 3	- 65 49) —) -	\$787	
SILVER C	2400			 ,	L = - st 87	<u> </u>	l — lov 87		-
SEE C	FI.205		p 87			10	4.10A	FL204.75	-
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			ct. 87		n. 88		r. 88		
ABN C	PL520 FL520	638	1510	54	30	8	40	FLSSI	•
ABN P AEGON C	FI.520	638 66 214	1510 1750 650	54	30 10			FL510 FL100.50	•
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FT CROSSWORD PUZZLE No. 6,413 TANTALUS



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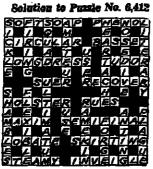
TOTAL VOLUME IN CONTRACTS: 43,653 A=Ask 8=8id

- 1 Non-drinker, strangely, is not late at bar (5, 9)
- 16 Some Sherpas take this food
- (3)
 11 The same unrelated gather-
- 11 The same unrelated gathering (9)
 12 Underworld body of followers cut asunder (7)
 13 Turn about in capsized barge and discover plant (7)
 14 Look pleased with Emil's new appearance (5)
 16 Turned up 20—almost! (9)
 19 Study route to large hall (9)
 20 Severe rebuff for one who pries (5)
 22 Young animal returns with many in a Roman Trumpet

- 28 An attractive type of accent
- 29 Congreve's aged celibate (3,
 - DOWN
- 2 Old boy goes to meeting with fixed idea (9)3 Girl for example lifted saw
- (5) 4 Grown-up twice upset about
- nnfaithful person (9)
 5 Jargon used by Son to
 Archbishop (5)

- upon a land in which it seemed always—(Tennyson) seemed always—(Tennyson)
 (9)
 7 Tend railwaymen going to Home Counties (5)
 8 Read it! A possibility to shine (7)
 9 Garden tools on card table?

- 12 Underworld body of followers cut asunder (7)
 13 Turn about in capsized barge and discover plant (7)
 14 Look pleased with Emil's new appearance (5)
 15 Turned up 20—almost! (9)
 19 Study route to large hall (9)
 20 Severe rebuff for one who pries (5)
 22 Young animal returns with many in a Roman Trumpet (7)
 23 Sodium smell starting to develop (7)
 24 Last three of 26 are we hear born bitter (5)
 25 Sodium smell starting to develop (7)
 26 Sodium smell starting to develop (7)
 27 Story-teller near court building (9)
 28 An attractive type of accent



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BASE LENDING RATES

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AUTHORISED

UNIT TRUSTS

Members of the Accepting Houses Committee. 47-day deposits 574. Samewise 7,6674. Top Tim-62,500+ at 3 months sociol 9,31%. At call when \$10,000+ remains deposited. I Morragge base rate. § Denning deposit 4,98%. Morrowse 10,5%.

FINANCIAL TIMES **CONFERENCES**

Retail Financial Services from now to 2000

London, 15 & 16 October, 1987

The Financial Times stages a Retail Financial Services conference every second year and this October sees another forum reviewing the significant developments in Britain, Continental Europe and the United States. The debit card problems, an issue of considerable interest today, will receive particular attention.

Among the speakers who have agreed to participate are:

Mr Foster L Aborn John Hancock Mutual Life Insurance Co

Mr Raoui Bellanger Groupement des Cartes Bancaires

Mr Colin J Finch Hambro Countrywide PLC

The Hon Seymour H Fortescue Barclays Bank PLC

Mr Russell E Hogg MasterCard International

Mr James Larkin American Express Company

A FINANCIAL TIMES INTERNATIONAL CONFERENCE THE BANKER

Retail Financial Services from now to 2000 To: Pirantial Times Conference Organisation Minster House, Arthur Street, London EC4R 9AX Tel: 01-621 1355 Teles: 27347 FTCONF G Telefac: 01-623 8814

超號 lie Eliferd & Co Ltd where Appen Frequent Property Services and Carlotte Property Services Control Hambry General Fund Managers Ltd (g) Admin., 5, Rayleigh Rd, Hattan, Brestwood, Essex les (x)(h)(c) 三歸 ### 811 ### 215 ### 27.4 47.1 27.4 27.4 27.4 27.4 27.4 140.7 30.4 119.4 98.0 80.7 715.9 221.5 221.5 221.5 25.5 25.5 175.9 176.5 1919 Tabl Tabl

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28	LONDON SHARE SERVICE	Financial Times Tuesday August 25 1987
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19 144 Statey Continental 185 + 15 80c 27 400 170 Latina (J.) 21 375ct+10 48.23 12 30 13.1 44.3 36-1 Star Co. inc. St. 39 53.00 47 193 88 Lawrence (W.) 59 + 13 4.0 26 3.4 15.4 42.2 32 37 180 inc. St. 30 5 5 7 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	State Prior State Prior State Prior State Prior State Prior State State Prior State Stat	7 Allest Plant Sp. 67 +1 1.0 20 20 29 6 10 9 Winneys Parcelle 9 14 13.7 20 29 1.4 13.7 2 Manuer 400 +10 15.07 35 26 19.9 300 100 -14.00pc Carr 1975 20 29 1.4 13.7 20 29 1.
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LONDON SHARE SERVICE

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Sept 14 Sept 24 Sept 25 Oct 5 Maw time dealings may take place from 9.00 am two business days earlier.

bought a 3.3 per cent stake. US buyers chased Racal again on its cellular telephone prospects.

But gains in Imperial Chemical Industries, Fisons and Greeted little more than a correction from last week's falls. The bond market chalked up most of its gain within the first The UK securities markets yesterday continued their recov-ery from last week's shakeout, although the mood remained cautious in both the equity and Gov-ernment bond sectors. With no important UK economic statistics due until after the Bank Holiday weekend, equities opened the extended three week trading

most of its gain within the first hour, when short covering by

marketmakers reflected calmness in the money markets. Some small

retail support was seen during the but the mood

RAT Industries advanced 14 to

639p following news that a US Federal Appeals Court in Atlanta

has upheld a lower court ruling that the existence of the health

warning on cigarette packets pro-

who built up a 3.3 per cent stake in the merchant bank — triggered a substantial mark up of Morgan shares which moved ahead to

Other merchant banks also made good progress. Hill Samnel, where Union Bank of Switzerland

pulled out of merger discussions last week, added 17 more at 6910 on talk that another bid is immi-nent. Guinness Peat drifted back

to 110p, awaiting the suggested full bid from 29.98 per cent share-

holder Equiticorp of New Zea-land. S. G. Warburg put on 4 to 474p; BZW in its current financial

sector review says the shares have sound medium term attractions and should be picked up on any weakness. Kleinworf Benson were

made early progress in the wake of a newspaper story that Midland Bank is seeking to buy a life com-

ccount firmly. Fears of an imminent rise in UK interest rates were calmed by favourable weekend commentar-ies from the City analysts, and Gilt-edged stocks added half a

The equity sector opened sharply higher and moved up to show a 30 point gain on the FT-SE at mid-session, despite weakness in oil half-yearly results on September shares as crude prices fell back on Confirmation that the heavy buying of Morgan Grenfell shares in the middle and end of July had been carried out by Hanson Trust

There was little strength behind share gains, and a dull start by Wall Street halved London's early rise. The market steadied at the close, when the FT-SE 100 index showed a net rise of 19.3 to 2225.1, and the PT Ordinary Index was close a net 23 up at 573p.

tors was restrained by underlying uncertainty over domestic uncertainty over domestic interest rates. "The next move (by rates) will be up rather than down," prophesied a dealer at a large US house, "we are OK for the moment, but come Christmas, UK base rates are more likely to be at 11 per cent than 9 per cent." The next hurdle for the markets comes a week today when both the UK trade figures for July and the latest survey of opinion by the Confederation of British Industry

Confederation of Bruss.

are expected.

Nomura Securities made a quiet start as marketmaker in UK equities in London, with its SEAQ across the board led by NatWest—up 11 more at 723p — while Barcupt 1 more at 723p — w equities in London, with its SEAQ across the board led by NatWest—screen service offering to deal in large size only in British Gas, with lays rose a like amount to 560p. its other nine blue chips marked "1 x 1" (signifying 1,000 shares bargain sizes as buyer or seller). Royal Bank of Scatland, recently the subject of Press rumours of a bargain sizes as buyer or seller). Nomura has long been a major Combined Leasing Finance retail investor in Glaxo, Fisons, jumped 8 to 270p amid talk of an British Telecom and Beecham, as well as in the other stocks in which it will now make markets.

Insurances were mixed. Lifes which it will now make markets. Mr Tony White, of the marketmaking team, said Nomura

hopes to extend its list on "review-ing the situation after a couple of Shell stood out against the trend. sness stood out against the trend, as a slide in oil prices took the Brent contract below the psychologically important \$18 a barrel mark British Gas eased with the rest of the energy sector but saw

only light innover.

Consumer stocks continued to respond to High Street spending levels, and the merchant banking sector was active behind Mergan Grenfell, which bounced ahead on s that Hanson Trust had

EQUITY GROUPS

Recovery trend maintained but both Gilt-edged and

equities trade cautiously

	FINANCIAL TIMES STOCK INDICES													
	- A	1	Apq.	Aug. Aug.	Year	19	87	Since Compilation						
	Adg. 24	A#9, 21	20	19	18	ago	High	Low	High	Low				
Government Secs	85.55	85.23	85.11	86.18	86.36	89.54	93.32 (85)	84.49 (6/1)	127.4	49.18 (3/1/75)				
Fixed interest	92.19	92,48	92.82	93.71	93.45	95.72	99.12	90.23	105.A (28/11/47)	50.53 (3/1/75)				
Ordinary 🛡	1752.1	1727.2	1,700.2	1,7124	1,732.2	1,271.2	1,926.2	1,320.2	1,926.2	49,4				
Gold Mines	416.5	418.8	429.3	422.9	408.6	235.9	497.5	288.2 (19/2)	734.7 (15/2/83)	43.5 (26/10/71)				
Ord. Div. Yield	3.29	3.34	3.39	3.37	3,33	4.35								
Earnback Ykl.%(full)	8.07	8.19	8.31	8.37	8.27	10.52		dices	Aug. 21	Aug. 20				
P/E Ratio (net) (*)	15.22	15.00	14.78	14.63	14.80	11.59	Gift Edged	Bargains	117.8	119.0				
SEAQ Bargains (5 pm)	40,534	43,885	37,877	31,858	31,528	-	Equity Barg	alııs	2189.3	258.2 3615.7				
Equity Turnover (£m)	· —	1,083.14	1,788.62	1,435.65	1,525.91	451.04	5-Day Aver		1					
Equity Bargains	_	46,525	39,844	37,723	37,916	16,348		Bargains	1102	111.2 255.0				
Shares Traded (mil)	_	591.0	475.2	464.6	426.9	201.6	Equity (Sarq Equity Vatu	255 t	263.9 2832.8	2846.8				
♥ Opening	10 a.m.	[33	a.m.	Noon	7 17	p.m.	2 p.m] [3	p.m.	4 p.m.				
	1749.3		33.7	1757.1		757.0	1756.		48.7	1749.4				
Day's High 1758	3.0 Da	y's Low]			wt. Secs 15 1974, *Nil:		ed lat. 1928,	Ordinary 1/7/	35, Gold M	lnes 12/9/55,				
	LONDO	REPOR	T AND	LATEST	SHARE	INDEX:	TEL. 01-2	46 8026						

market Alfred McAlpine were 7 better at 562p awaiting today's

first-half figures.

Reports that joint "shop "brok-ers Kleinwort Grieveson and County NatWest had downgraded their respective profit forecasts for the current year, in the former's case from some £67m to around £54m, severely depressed the Margnet and Southerns share price which dipped 56 to 272p.

221 %p following acquisition news, while Wiggins rose 12 to 281p on dockland development prospects Old takover favourite leading from firmed 7 to 177p. Jenseen firmed 7 to 177p.

ICI benefited from the market's overall firmer performance and closed ¼ higher at £15½. Wardle Storeys rose 30 to 780p in a limited market, while British Dredging gained 12 to 287p reflecting recovered executative huring

Hank is seeking to buy a lite com-pany. London and Manchester, a favourite bid speculation in recent weeks, with TSB said to be a likely bidder, added 7 at 312p. In composites Communercial Union shrugged off the recent selling pressure and moved up 3½ to 353p while Royals — where talk per-sisted that a recent buyer had acquired a near 5 per cent stake renewed speculative buying.
Stores staged a noteworthy rally
and finished around the session's and traished around the session's best levels. Gains extended into double-figures as the sector, inevitably unsettled recently by increased interest rate worries and fears that the Government

Leading Building issues attracted light support and, in the absence of selling, displayed several noteworthy gains. Tarmac freshold from the retail counters into better ground. The consideration of last friendly were in demand ahead of Thursday's half-timer and put on 3½ to 177p, while AMEC, due to report interim figures on the same day, edged up a penny to 360p. Blue Circle picked up 10 at 474p and RMC advanced 14 to 485p in a restricted market. Alfred McAlpine were ? day's bullish circular from Wood
Mackenzie, the securities house.
Similar gains were established by
9 at 140p. Publicity given to a
Burton, 294p, Woolwerth, 351p,
and Dixona, 337p. Sears were particularly lively and railied 8 to
167p as stakebuilding rumours resurfaced.. while Marks and
Spencer, in receipt of an active
traded option business, hardened
a few pence to 2251/sp. Secondary

10 at 752p, while Downibreze came
back to prominence with a gain of
9 at 140p. Publicity given to a
Greenwell Montagu circular left
TI Group 11 dearer at 387p.
Food Manufacturers adopted a
firm stance ahead of the forthcoming interim dividend season. A
squeeze on bear positions lifted
traded option business, hardened
a few pence to 2251/sp. Secondary

Newman Tonks added 41/2 to McCaw Corporation; American buying was gain widespread and Racal shares moved up strongly to close a net 4 higher at 316½p. Phicam were 7 higher at 34p ahead of Tuesday's interim

Hawker met with persistent US demand and closed 31 to the good at 599p in a volume of 1.2m shares; the advance was accompanied by revived talk of a possible bid from BTR. Among the other Engineer-ing issues, acquisition news left A. Lee 5 to the good at 111p, while

Brit. Airesy (*199)

Bess (*912)

Brit Aero (*474)

a few pence to 235½p. Secondary Stores highlighted fashion clothing group French Connection which responded to a favourable mention with an advance of 28 to 230p. Top Value rose 4 to 1199 for a similar reason. The general recovery in equities directed occasional "cheap " support to perennial asset value situations such as Amber Day, finally 6 up at 104p, Bentalls, 13 to the good at 189p, and 8. Casket, 11 better at 168p.

Racal continued to make strong progress in the wake of the highly successful US market debut of McCaw Corporation; American

up 12, while Dee Corporation rose 8 to 225p amid vague takeover rumours. Elsewhere, Albert Flaher rose 9 to 202p following US acquisition details.

LONDON TRADED OPTIONS

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60 <u>72</u>

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40 29 19

23 29 5 8 16 23 8 13 12 18 16 18 9 — 23 24

| 105 | 175 | 200 | 60 | 70 | 145 | 175 | 95 | 50 | 115 | 155 | 130 | 37 | 95 | 135 | 165 | 38 | 48 | 44 | 7 | 20 | 32 | 84

12 22 - 7 6 15 19 18 11₂ 7 11 34 27 43 53 15 14 29 39 30 8 18 27 53 **NEW HIGHS AND LOWS FOR 1987**

NEW HIGHS (59)

AMERICANS (3), CANABIANS (2),
BUILDINGS (1), STORES (2),
ELECTRICALS (6), ENGINEERING (1), WITHOUT (2), FOODS (2), HOTELS (1), PROPERTY (1), Land Securities 1
LEISURE (2), MOTORS (2), PAPERS (2), PROPERTY (1), TRUSTS (9), OILS (1) ELF UK 124pcln.

1150 120 180 — 1200 95 160 190 1250 83 140 165 1300 67 125 140 1350 55 110 —

120 130 140

460 — 475 18 500 10

The latest slide by crude oil

prices—Brent for October deliv-ery dropped from \$18.25 to \$17.40 amid fither rumours that Opec oil output in currently exceeding Oper's agreed output levels, hit oil and gas shares. British Gasdrifted 2 to 1899 while BP dipped 75 to 341p and Britell 8 to 308p.

Enterprise Oil lost 13 to 278p and LASMO 7 to 316p:
Elsewhere, Jackson Exploration spurted 6 to 35p on newspaper comment: highlighting the reduced loss, the expansion plans and the deal with Jackson. a volume of some 8.5m shares awaiting today's third quarter figures provided one of the few areas of activity. Other miscellaneous industrial leaders traded

quotations closing a few pence below the best. BOC, however, held most of an earlier gain at 528p, up 9.

The interim figures from Lew and Bener, up 16 at 304p, were in line with expectations, yesterday's advance in the share price being mainly attributed to bid hopes. Burns Andersen firmed 6 to 202p in response to the sale of Knibbs, its Manchester based motor dealers for 2325,000. Weekend Press comment stimulated interest in Hestair which put on 7 to 369p, while Unigate, still benefiting from a recent "buy" recommendation from Chase Manhattan Sagnifications as the underlying a share price dipped mirroring the fall in the crude oil price. Marks recorded 3,200 calls, the majority is contracted. on a quietly firm note with most quotations closing a few pence below the best. BOC, however,

recommendation from Chase Manhattan Securities, improved 9 more to 172p. British Airway's were fairly active (some 24m shares changed hands) and settled 8 dearer at 200p. Hawthorn Leslie hardened 1½ to 45½p following acquisition news.

Latest surveys highlighting the shortage of London office space and the consequent sharp rise in rents lent support to the Property sector currently recovering from the recent base rate hike. Land Securities picked up 13 at 523p and MEPC firmed 10 to 502p. Britisk Land, a recent takeover favourite, added 4 to 319p following newspaper suggestions of a possible bid from Rosehaugh, while Great Partland Estates, also the subject of weekend Press comment, gained 6 to 269p.

Shippings provided a couple of

Grand Metropolitan 12 higher at 534p and Ladbreke 8 reader at 450p; the latter's half-year figures

Hanson Trust, up 41/2 at 190p, in

Shippings provided a couple of firm features in P & O Deferred which improved 8½ to 657½p on support ahead of the forthcoming interim results which last y were announced on Septembe and Mersey Docks, finally dearer at 203p following Pr

omment. Courtaulds followed the of ASDA-MFI 4 up at 194p pending the outcome of the MFI auction. Argyll were a firm market at 425p, up 12, while Dee Corporation rose 8 to 225p amid vague takeover rumours. Elsewhere, Albert Flaher rose 9 to 202p following US acquisition details.

A brighter Hotel sector showed Courtailds followed the outcome of the MI calling issues higher, closing few peace below the best at 42 up 9 in a small volume of trace and 13 to 363p after reveal slightly disappointing first-highers—largely attributable to setback in unit trust trading p of which were struck in the October 240 series. Lively trading was also noted for British Gas and Rolls Rayce options, while Friday's favourite Hanson Trust attracted 2.141 calls, 1,109 in the September 180s, and 547 puts awaiting today's third-quarter figures. Business in the FT-SE 100 index, although reduced from recent active levels, still accounted for 2,711 calls and 1,935 puts.

Traditional Options

• First dealings Aug 17 First dealings Aug 28
 Last dealings Aug 28
 Last declaration Nov 19
 For Settlement Nov 39
 For rate indications see end of
 London Share Service

London State Service
Call options were taken out in
Bula Resources, S. Casket, Phicom,
Willis Faber, Queens Hoat House,
Norfelk Capital, Elswick, Property
Trust, Amstrad, Reward Holdings,
Northern Foods, Trimoco, Blacks
Leisure, St. Modwen, Dares
Estates, Walter Bunciman, ERA,
FKI, Tootal, Hartwells, Dalepak,
London Investment Trust, Ahaco,
Brown and Jackson, Storehouse,
Unigate, Bacal, Barker and
Dobson, Rothmans, Marks and
Spencer, Tuskar, Dee Corporation,
Equity and Law, Astra Holdings,
Five Oaks, Bandsworth and Martin
Ford, No put or double were

TRADING VOLUME IN MAJOR STOCKS

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FT-ACTUARIES INDICES

acquired a near 5 per cent stake— settled 5 up at 501p. Brokers Ste-wart Wrightson and Willis Faber

surged ahead, the latter reflecting its 20.8 per cent stake in Morgan

These Indices are the joint compilation of the Financial Times, the Institute of Actuaries and the Faculty of Actuaries

Monday August 24 1987

& SUB-SECTIONS								gust z	- 170	14	722	Aligns 20	19	(Tabbios)	
	igures in parenti stocks p	neses sho per sectio		s of	Index No.	Day's Change %	Est. Earning Yield% (Max.)		t (Net)	nd adj. 1987 to date	Index No.	Index No.	Index No.	Jadez No.	_
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32	Publishing & Pri				51.73	+14	4.75			59.63			4300.47		
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41 42	Agencies (16) Chemicals (22)			16	79.34	+0.4	4.16 6.89	1.44 3.19	17.74	31.40		2 1657.48 5 1399.24	1391.53	0.00 936.21	ı
43	Conglomerates (72)		124	5164	+1.6	7.36	319	15.54	20.26		1 1416.97		0.00	١
45	Shipping and Tra	ensport ()	2}	22	25.85	+1.3	7.23	3.58	18.42	39.02	2196.7	2174.84	2203.07	1477.74	
47	Telephone Netw	oris (2) .		10	6.35	+1.4	9.51	3.79	14.03	18.98		1043.26			Į
48	Miscellaneous C				17.90	+1.7	8.58	2.75	13.96			2 1575.32			- 1
49	INDUSTRIAL 6		43)		925	+1.4	6.89	2.85	18.38	16.81		1137.82		833.70,	- [
<u>51</u>	0/1 & Gas (17)				534	-26	7,74	4.42	15.97	56.53		2190.64		_	. 1
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63 62	FINANCIAL GR Banks (8)	BONITY	?}		2.73	+0.9	16,64	3.81 4.84	7.95	16.87 25.65	788.10 795.29		786.86 786.74	603.19 643.11	ı
65	Insurance (Life)	(9)			3.52	+8.1	~~	3.97				1064.38		875.67	ı
66	Insurance (Comp	osite) (7,)	57	9.93	+0.4		4.57	J	13.39	577.77			486.38)
67	Insurance (Broke	ers) (9)		120	5.09	+0.8	9.35	4.40	13.70			1242.86		1224.22	1
68	Merchant Banks	ഡ		<u>49</u>	822	+14	~~	2.72	(====	6.92		491.87		340.86	{
69 70	Merchant Banks Property (47) Other Financial C	28)		صر ا چوا	6.52 8.91	+1.8 +0.4	3.96 6.14	2.45 2.80	32.65 20.63	13.34 7.91	1185.31 546.92		1188.91 547.73	766.11 344.61	ł
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ai l	Missing Finance (5,81	+63	5.39	2.65	21.29	6.79	623.97		642.56	275.92	١
91	Overseas Traders				739	+0.5	7.86	4.06	15.11			1146.00		637.85,	.
99	ALL-SHARE IN	DEX(722	}	133	4.37	8.0+		3.15	L~	19.00	1125.31	11114.81	1120.81	798.38,	J
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WORLD STOCK MARKETS

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Prince: 12	RISES: Bl.Circle 474 +10 Mersey Dock Units 203 +25 Trs. 114pc 2063/07 C112% + % C. Schwps 266 + 6 Morg. Grenfell 573 +23 Argyll Gr. 425xd +12 French Connec 230 +28 NatWest Bnk 723 +11 Bp 341xd - 7½ BAT Inds 639 +14 Glyn. Inti 519 +13 Next 84 + 7 Britoil 308 - 8 Barclays 560 +11 H. Sideley 599 +31 Phicom 84 + 7 Enterpr. Oil 278 -13 Brham Mint 253 +17 Hill Sam 691 +17 Rowntree 575 +18 Magnet & Southns 272 - 56
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FINANCIAL TIMES

WORLD STOCK MARKETS



Dow trimmed by worries over dollar stability

WALL STREET

FURTHER DECLINES in the dollar caused a small erosion of Wall Street stock and bond markets yesterday in light trading, writes Rod-erick Oram in New York.

Intervention by the Bank of Janan stabilised the dollar and allowed stock and bond prices to recover initially from their weak opening. They drifted lower, how-ever, during the afternoon.

The Dow Jones industrial average closed down 12.44 points at 2,697.07. At its worst it was off more

Broader market indices per formed less well with the Standard & Poor's 500 index off 2,37 points at 333.53 and the New York Street Exchange composite index down 1.24

NYSE volume was light by recent standards with 150.3m shares changing hands. The number of issues declining outpaced those advancing by a ratio of almost two-toone. Profit-taking and futures related selling were factors in the decline but institutions were not big

players yesterday.

Among the Dow Industrials, American Express was off \$\% to \$38\%, Coca-Cola added \$\% to \$51, AT&T slipped \$% to \$34%, Eastman Kodak rose \$% to \$103%, IBM edged down \$1 to \$174% and McDonald's fell \$1% to \$58%.

Although stock prices backed away from their record highs, the predominant feeling on Wall Street is that further advances are possi-ble once the dollar finds a more permanent stability rather than one based mostly on central bank inter-

Among yesterday's strongly rising stocks, Boeing gained \$1% to \$53%. It will save on expenditures craft because of a lack of orders.

Tobacco stocks made further progress. They had risen strongly lost CSM to CS23% and Texaco Canaon Friday following another court da shed CS% to CS37%. setback for a suit claiming that Banks were narrowly mixed after suit, fell \$% to \$54%.

Loan jumped \$13% to \$37%. It C\$32%. agreed to a \$41 a share takeover ofment group including Mr William bid for Dome Petroleum.

Simon, a former US Treasury Secretary, which is building a Pacific A further sharp fall in oil prices left oil stocks weaker. Exxon gave up \$1% to \$97%, Chevron lost \$1% to \$58%, Amoco eased down \$% to \$81% and Mobil fell \$1 to \$50. However, Ashland rose \$1% to \$70% following favourable comments from

Goldman Sachs' analyst. SmithKline Beckmann, off \$% to \$65%, offered \$10.35 a share for International Hydron which slipped \$% to \$% on the American Stock Exchange where 10 per cent of its shares are listed. The remainder are held by National Patent Develnent which was unchanged at

soared \$4% to \$79%. It began rising sharply last week on rumours that it was a takeover candidate.

Duro-Test gained \$1% to \$16%. An investment group offered \$16 a share for the major manufacturer of light bulbs.

Credit markets opened weaker because of the dollar's fall overnight abroad but moderate inter-vention by the Bank of Japan stabilised the currency which in turn initially allowed bonds to recover in

New York. The price of the benchmark 8.875 per cent Treasury long bond fell about % of a point at the Wall Street opening but by late afternoon it was down % of a point at 98% yielding 8.98 per cent. Other prices were

little changed.
The performance of the credit markets is likely to remain tightly linked to the dollar, which in turn is holding steady only because of in-

CANADA

following its decision to postpone A WAVE of selling in energy stocks development of its 757 prop-fan air- sent prices in Toronto lower in midsession trading Shell Canada declined C\$1% to C\$45%, Gulf Canada

health warnings on cigarette pack-posting declines late last week. Ca-ets were inadequate. Philip Morris nadian Imperial Bank of Comadded \$1% to \$113% and RJR Nabis-merce, which last week announced co gained \$1% to \$65% although a C\$302m issue of new common American Brands, the object of the shares, lost C\$\% to C\$22\%. Royal Bank advanced CS% to CS34% and Western Federal Savings and Bank of Montreal was off C5% at

Placer Dome gained C\$1 to C\$28 fer from D.P. Holdings, an invest- after agreeing to support Amoco's

SOUTH AFRICA

A VERY QUIET session in Johannesburg saw share prices generally unchanged to lower as the steady bullion price offered little impetus and foreign investors stayed side-

Industrials were mixed, with Bar-low Rand adding 25 cents to R27.25 and Sasol down 50 cents at R14.25.

STOCK MARKET INDICES

Among golds, Vaal Reefs lost R10 to R458, Randfontein fell R3 to R441 and Kloof shed R1 to R51. Freegold moved against the trend with a 35 cent gain to R56.60.

De Beers was steady at R52.75 and Impala Platinum unchanged at R54.50, while mining financials saw Anglo American lose 25 cents to Clive Wolman on the first day of a new era

Nomura makes debut in UK shares

UK equities in what is expected to be the start of a growing Japanese involvement in the domestic securities market.

The entry of the Japanese is regarded with apprehension by many of the existing securities firms who regard the London market, with 34 market-makers in equities and 26 in gilt-edged stocks, as overcrowded

and excessively competitive. Nomura, whose market-making team is headed by Mr Tony White, an experienced jobber, says that it expects at least 50 per cent of its business to come not from existing investors but from its 4m Japanese investment clients, in particular the larger institutional and corporate

Prouvost's

clothed in

confusion

By George Graham In Paris

SHARES IN Progress, the

French wool dealer and textiles

group, rose strongly in vigorous trading on the Paris bourse yes-

terday amid considerable confu-

sion about the company's future.

More than 72,000 shares

changed hands and the price climbed FFr23 to FFr469, while

DMC, another textile concern,

also gained ground, partly in

Dealers remained uncertain

about the next move by Char-geurs, the transport to television group which last week declared a

stake of nearly 25 per cent in

Mr Jerome Seydoux, president of Chargeurs, has been invited to state his intentions by the Com-mission des Opérations de la

Bourse (COB), the French stock

exchange regulatory authority. There might then follow a full

bid for Prouvost or a procedure

for guaranteeing its share price

The COB has come in for con-

siderable criticism in recent days for failing to show its teeth, eith-

of Sir James Goldsmith's con-

trolling stake in Générale Occid-

entale to the recently privatised Compagnie Générale d'Electri-

With the new national obs

sion for protecting small share-

holders – who now number 5m

after the success of the privatisa-

tion programme - both these op-erations have been viewed by the

Regulators have replied, how-ever, that French legislation neithe compels a company to de-clare its intentions once it has

acquired a 5 per cent stake, as in the US, nor forces it to make a

US DOLLAR

for 15 trading days.

advance

rities firm, yesterday began making been willing to invest any of their men and eight settlements staff, markets in London in 10 leading money outside Japan except in US nearly all of whom have been fixed interest stocks.

Yesterday, however, most of rectly with the market-makers, and servicing UK investors in Japanese from other UK stockbrokers acting stocks. on behalf of clients. Nomura quoted fairly aggressive

prices in five of its stocks, Glaxo, ICI, Reuter, Jaguar and Allied Lyons. The other five stocks in which it makes markets are Beecham, British Gas, British Telecom, Cable and Wireless and Fisons. All these are relatively well known to Japa-

NOMURA, the world's largest secu- investors. Until recently, few have ers, about eight institutional salesrecruited locally rather than from Japan. Nomura's total London staff Nomura's business came from UK numbers about 500, most of whom institutional investors, dealing di- work in the Euromarkets and in

> The firm plans to increase its team of equity researchers to about 15 over the next year and to add steadily to the number of stocks in which it makes markets. Its London office will also start making markets in other European equities, particularly in industrial sectors in which UK companies are not well

Nomura may also apply to be-



trictions are lifted. The compan became the first and only Japanese The five strong market-making come one of the new gilt-edged mar-team is backed up by six research- ket-makers in October when res- ly as an agency broker.

EUROPE

Milan slides to new low as Stockholm hits high

THE ITALIAN and Swedish mar kets provided the only trough and peak in an otherwise flat European landscape yesterday. Dollar-watching prompted caution on major bourses, thinning already quiet

Milan dived to a new 1987 low as concerns over the Italian economy resurfaced to depress prices after a respite of two upward sessions last

The MIB index, base January 2 1987 equals 1,000, lost 20 to 830 in moderate trading and all the gains posted on Thursday and Friday were erased in widespread selling. The previous year's low of 839 was posted on August 19.

The announcement of a L553bn deficit in the balance of payments for July and continuing fears of a rise in interest rates discouraged Major industrial holding com

nies were hardest hit, notably IFI which lost L1,140 to L21,240. Fiat declined L380 to L10,270 behours trading.

lost L69 to L2,140 and computer was off DM1.50 at DM300.50.

consecutive record in heavy trading 70 pfg to DM402.70.
encouraged by lower interest rates. Bonds closed narrowly mixed af-The J&P index moved up 35.6 to ter a quiet session. The Bundes-3,057.8 in heavy volume worth bank sold DM44.1m of paper after SKr441m.

led most sectors upwards but for dollar and closed lower after early estry concerns posted slight de- advances in export-oriented stocks.

of higher earnings and closed up reflect the late sell-off and profit-SKr7 at SKr385. Among other blue taking. chips, Ericsson, which announced a Royal Dutch led the decline, stip-drop in first-half profits, declined ping Pl 5.30 to Fl 273.20. Other inter-SKr7 to SKr 261. Electrolux was up national blue chips showed losses SKr7 at SKr330 and Saab-Scania with Akzo down 80 cents at Fl gained SKr2 to SKr258.

as a still shaky dollar provoked Banks were in demand. ABN adsome light profit-taking. The Commerzbank index lost 5.1 to 2,025.5.

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LONDON

THE UK securities markets continued to recover from last week's shake-up but caution prevailed. Equities opened the extended three-week trading account firmly, posting a 30-point rise at midsession.

A slow start on Wall Street halved the early gains but the market steadled towards the close. The FT-SE 100 index rose 19.3 to 2,225.1 and the FT Ordinary index added 24.9 to 1,752.1. The bond market moved forward on short covering. Details, Page

The little activity focused on blue chips. In chemicals BASF fell DM440 to DM334.40 and Hoechst eased DM4.40 to DM327.80.

Siemens fell DM8.90 to DM668.10 on expectations of weaker earnings. Banks were easier, led lower fore sliding to L10,175 in after Dresdner which shed DM6.50 to DM358. Deutsche Bank lost DM3.70 Chemical concern Montedison to DM697.80 and Commerzbank

Cars ended mixed. BMW was un-Stockholm climbed to its fifth DM5.50 to DM1,148.50 and VW rose

buying DM32.4m on Friday. Amsterdam reacted to the easier

The ANP-CBS index inched up 0.1 Volvo continued to rise on hopes to 325.5 at midsession and did not

175.00, KLM off 20 cents at F1 55.80 Frankfurt saw an extremely quiet and Unilever F1 2.00 lower at F1

Trading in Major Markets Index US options started on Amsterdam's

European Options Exchange with a volume of 559 contracts. Zurich succumbed to light profittaking after last week's advances and share prices were also weakened by the lower dollar which kept investors sidelined.
The Crédit Suisse index slipped

1.4 to 593.0 in light activity. Towards the close buying picked up to lift blue chips off their earlier lows. Major banks traded slightly lower although Bank Baer added SFr150 to SFr24,900 and Vontobel

was SFr50 higher at SFr16,350. nicals were weaker but off the day's lows. Ciba Geigy ended SFr90 down at SFr3,900 and Sandoz were unchanged at

Foods were lower with Jacobs Suchard off SFY75 at SFY9,775 and Nestle down SFr100 at SFr10,600.

Paris firmed in moderate volume on largely technical factors as the

FFr44 to FFr1.2 Brussels closed mixed with the

index inching up 0.84 to 5,381.01 in moderate trading as investors re-turned from their holidays. Petrofina continued its recent

buoyancy on news of oil and gas finds in the North Sea and added BFr50 to a record BFr14,175.

Oslo moved lower as the price for its North Sea oil slipped below \$18 a barrel. The all-share index dropped 2.28 to 395.64 on turnover of

Saga Petroleum led oil issues lower with a decline of NKr3 to NKr120.50.

NKr4 to NKr239.50 and Norsk Data A shares fell NKr3 to NKr275.50. Madrid moved higher led by strong advances in steel and construction issues. Prices were firmer

Investors pause for breath after sharp recovery

TOKYO

INVESTORS in Tokyo retreated to the sidelines yesterday as caution set in following the sharp rises of late last week and prices slipped in very thin trading, writes Shigeo Nishtwaki of Jiji Press.

The Nikkei stock average of 225 elect issues dipped 10.66 to 25,754.33. Turnover nose dived from 1,431,58m shares in Friday's full session to 824.83m. Advances out-numbered declines by 454 to 423,

with 155 issues unchanged. The average, which tumbled a steep 3,227 from the high of 25,929 lat June 27 to a low of 22,702 on July 23, recouped 94 per cent of the loss by last Saturday, causing investors to become more cautious of high

price levels. The yen's sharp advance against the U.S. dollar has contributed covery. The yen shot up to 141.12 to but turnover remained moderate. the dollar in the morning yesterday. But market intervention by the

Bank of Japan, which pushed the

currency back to the 142 range, prompted stock investors to shy away from the market. Large-capitalisation steels and figures. shipbuildings declined on a broad Blue

Kawasaki Steel, the most heavily traded issue in four of the six trad ing sessions last week with daily turnover averaging slightly less .

than 110m shares, continued to top STRONG GAINS by industrial

Nippon Steel, which was second trading.

The state of the work of the was second trading.

While the industrials index climb-sagged Y6 to Y348. Mitsubishi ed 9.5 to a fresh record of 3.048.1

to Y1.050. High technology stocks firmed on out this week. uncertain outlook on the foreign ex-change market. Mitsubishi Electric down 25 cents at AS9.30. gained Y21 to Y639 on an active volume of 14.68m shares after announcing the development of a supercon-

ducting ceramic material with the highest density. Other leading electricals and precision instruments gained ground gether with bearish technical signs on small-lot buying. Ricoh rose Y60 pushed Hong Kong share prices into Y1,250, Matsushita Electric Into a steep fall as institutions sold dustrial was up Y30 to Y2,410 and actively Sony added Y20 to Y4,980, while Fui Photo Film finished Y70 up at

74,550.

Hong Kong index ended 36.45 lower at 2,222.33. Turnover amounted to HKS1.3bn. and Yamanouchi Pharmacentical rose Y40 to Y4,830.

The bond market was also strong- 20 cents to HKS13.60,

ly affected by moves on the foreign exchange market. Reflecting last week's firm tone, the yield on the benchmark 5.1 per cent government bond due in June 1996 opened at 4.205 per cent, sharply down from 4.310 per cent on Saturday.

But Central Bank intervention and the steep 0.84 percentage point yield drop in the past four sessions triggered selling in the afternoon, and the yield turned up sharply, closing at 4.400 per cent in block trading on the Tokyo stock exchange and at 4.480 per cent in inter-dealer trading.

SINGAPORE

vestors and cautious buying from verseas helped Singapore share prices to leap back from last week's correction. The Straits Times indusmuch to the stock market's fast re- trial index shot up 35.69 to 1,471.73

Record export figures for July gave the market a boost, and there was also some spillover of demand from last Friday, when a power fai-lure halved trading time. Yesterday another failure held up the closing

front. These issues topped the most with Cold Storage rising 60 cents to active list for last week amid SS5.85, a year's high, and 30-cent stepped-up purchasing of issues advances taking Fraser and Neave which were set to benefit from mea-sures to expand domestic demand. Singapore Airlines to SS14.80.

AUSTRALIA

the active list. But volume shrank stocks balanced falls in the mining steeply to 22.94m shares and the sector to leave Sydney share prices price fell Y5 to Y305. little changed overall in moderate little changed overall in moderate

Heavy Industries went down Y12 to and the gold index fell 46.1 to Y622 and Ishikawajima-Harima 3,753.9, the All Ordinaries edged

new accounting month began. The CAC index gained 4.1: to 415.5.

Blue chips were in good demand in light foreign buying interest. Peugeot advanced FFr29 to FFr1.588 and Thomson-CSF rose

The sum issusawajima harman down just 2.4 to 2.085.2.

Heavy Industries lost Y13 to Y862.

Utilities and contractors were down just 2.4 to 2.085.2.

Media stocks led the industrial dull, with Tokyo Electric Power losing Y50 to Y8,770, Tokyo Gas off Y40 at AS5.24 following the increased stake taken by Mr Robert Holmes a lower at Y1,790. Ohbayashi lost Y20

AS21.90 in advance of earnings due to Y1.050. A\$21.90 in advance of earnings due

the later dip in the yen, though buy-ing was not active because of the lion included Kidston, off 20 cents

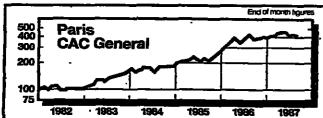
HONG KONG

RENEWED rumours about a rights issue by the Cheung Kong group to-

The Hang Seng index lost 55.33 to 3,391.26 after a strong start and the

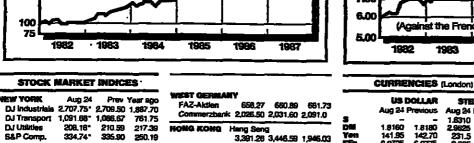
Cheung Kong fell 30 cents to HK\$12.70 and Hutchison Whampos

full bid once it has passed a high-er threshold, as in Canada or the UK. KEY MARKET MONITORS



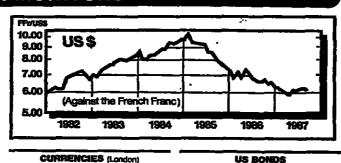
LONDON FT	
Ord	1,752.1 1,727.2 1,271.2
SE 100	2,225.1 2,205.8 1,616.2
A All-share	1,134.37 1,125.31 798.3
A 500	1,251.29 1,240.92 677.0
Gold mines	
A Long gift	9.34 10.0 9.4
World Act. Inc	d 138.93 137.50 100.4
(August 21)	
TOKYO	
Nikkei	25,754.33 25,559.16 18,441.3
Tokyo SE	2,161,24 2,129,31 1,544,1
AUSTRALIA	
All Ord.	2085.6 2087.6 1.183.
	1,327.5 1,342.6 548.
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	5,361.00 6,360.1 3,865.0
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HIGAPORE,	Struts Time	13	
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OUTH APRICA	JSE		
Golds	-	2314.0	1,649.0
industrials	-	2,218.0	1,297.0
SPAN Madrid	SE		
	269.09	288.34	183.92
SWEDEN JE	P		
	3.057.80	1,030.20	2,549.78
WITZERLAND			2,549.78

	August 24	Pre
Silver (spot fixing)	467.60p	469.75
Copper (cash)	£1,018.50	£1,057,50
Coftee (November)	£1,281.00	
Oil (Brent Blend)	\$17,475	\$18.25
	D (\$/oz) August 24	Prev
	August 24	Prev
London	\$459.75	\$456.00
Zünch	\$480.75	\$454.85
Paris (fixing)	\$454.71	\$453.23
Luxembourg	\$455.95	\$454.40
New York (Dec)	\$469.50	\$465.70



STEPLING

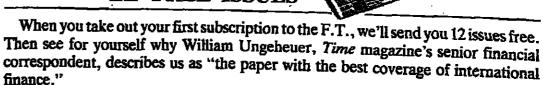
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